#### PLANNING DEPARTMENT

GOVERNMENTAL CENTER



# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ 1348

701 OCEAN STREET FAX (408) 454-2131

SANTA CRUZ. CALIFORNIA 95060 (408) 454-2580

#### **NEGATIVE DECLARATION AND NOTICE OF DETERMINATION**

#### 98-0257 COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

Proposal to annex a 37 parcel residential subdivision to the Salsipuedes Sanitation District, to create a 20 foot wide sewer easement on the County Fairgrounds and 10 adjoining residential parcels traversing 2,850 lineal feet, to provide a sewer connection for the subdivision, to construct a sewer line within these easements, and to establish a community assessment district to fund the necessary sewer improvements. Requires Environmental Review and approval from LAFCO and a General Plan Amendment to add specific policy language to allow sanitary sewer connections for parcels not meeting the criteria of General Plan Policy 7.21.6.

APN(s): 051-051-01, et al.

Glenda Hill, planner

Zone District(s): R-1-20.

#### Findinas:

This project, if conditioned to comply with required mitigation measures or conditions shown below will not have significant effect on the environment. The expected environmental impacts this nta

of the project are documented in the Initial Study on this project attached to the original of notice on file with the Planning Department, County of Santa Cruz, 701 Ocean Street, Sa Cruz. California.
Required Mitiaation Measures or Conditions:
<u>No</u> ne
X Are Attached
Review Period Ends August 24. 1998  Date Approved By Environmental Coordinator August 25.1998 .  KEN HART
Environmental Coordinator (408) 454-3127
If this project is approved, complete and file this notice with the Clerk of the Board:
NOTICE OF DETERMINATION
The Final Approval of This Project was Granted by
on No EIR was prepared under CEQA.
THE PROJECT WAS DETERMINED TO NOT HAVE SIGNIFICANT EFFECT ON THE ENVIRONMENT.

Date completed notice filed with Clerk of the Board:

County of Santa Cruz Public Works Department

Applic. No.: 98-0257 A.P.N.: 51-051-01, et al

#### **NEGATIVE DECLARATION MITIGATIONS**

- 1. To minimize erosion and dust impacts to insignificant levels, the County Public Works Department shall require the contractor employed to install sewer improvements to implement the following measures during and directly after construction:
  - a. Conduct all sewer line construction during April 15 to October 15 to avoid the rainy season;
  - b. Water all mounds of exposed soil each day that the mounds are dry and subject to wind induced erosion and dust;
  - c. Seed and mulch all exposed earthen surfaces outside rights-of-way immediately after backfilling a section of trench; and
  - d. Repave (permanent or temporary surfacing) all exposed backfilled surfaces within rights-of-way within one week of completing backfilling within that right-of-way.

These requirements shall be specified in the construction contract and shall be monitored by Public Works staff on-site during construction activities to ensure compliance.

- 2. To minimize construction related noise impacts to surrounding properties, the County Public Works Department shall require the contractor employed to install the sewer improvements to limit all construction activities to 7:30 a.m to 5:00 p.m weekdays. This requirement shall be specified in the construction contract and shall be monitored by Public Works staff on-site during construction activities to ensure compliance.
- 3. To avoid the loss of any archaeological resources that could be encountered during trenching activities, the County Public Works Department shall inform the contractor employed to install sewer improvements of the contractor's responsibilities as specified by County Code Section 16.40.040 (Procedures for conserving archaeological resources discovered during construction). The requirements of Section 16.40.040 shall be specified in the construction contract.

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County of Santa Cruz Public Works Department

Applic. No.: 98-0257 A.P.N.: 51-051-01, et al

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- 4. To avoid impacts to the budget of the Public Works Department, a community assessment district shall be formed by the County prior to annexing the St. Francis subdivision into the Salsipuedes Sanitary District. The assessment district shall include the 37 parcels within the subdivision and shall be established to collect the revenue necessary to fund the construction costs related to providing new sewer service to the subdivision. The County Auditor shall establish a special fund for this purpose.
- 5. To avoid excessive growth inducement to the surrounding area, the assessment district engineer shall take the following actions:
  - a. Prior to or concurrent with annexation to the Sanitary District, a one-foot non-access strip should be placed on the eastern edge of the sewer line easement on East Lake Avenue to prevent any connections from occurring on the opposite side of East Lake Avenue in the future. A similar non-access strip shall be placed on any sewer easement extending on Casserly Road properties. The objective of avoiding future growth beyond the subdivision shall be included in the legal document establishing the non-access strips. The non-access strips shall be granted to the County and shall only be removed in the future by the approval of the County. This document shall also specify that the non-access strip pertains to restricting sewer connections and will not affect vehicular ingress and egress or other utility connections (e.g. electricity or natural gas service).
  - b. The sewer main not to exceed 8 inches in diameter shall be installed within the sewer easement by the County or by the community assessment district established to provide sewer service to the subdivision.

Date: July 13, 1998

Staff Planner: Kim Tschantz

Glenda Hill (035)

### ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW INITIAL STUDY

APPLICANT: County of Santa Cruz Public Works APN: 51-051-01,

OWNER: Various (See Attachment 2) et al. Application No: 98-0257 Supervisorial District: 4

Site Address:

Location: A 37 parcel subdivision located on northeast side of East Lake Avenue (Hecker Pass Road/Rte. 152 from the County Fairgrounds north to Casserly Road in the Pajaro Valley. Addresses: 2709-2907 E. Lake Avenue, all addresses on Delaney and Massei Avenues and 6 and 9 Casserly Road, Watsonville

#### **EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS**

Parcel Size: Various, ranging from 7,448 sq. Ft. to 2.067 acres

Existing Land Use: Single-family residential, 3 vacant parcels, 1 commercial parcel

Vegetation: Residential lawns and ornamental landscaping

Slope: 0-15% <u>A11</u>, 16-30% \_\_\_,31-50% \_\_\_, 51% \_\_\_

Nearby Watercourse: Seasonal tributary to College Lake

Distance To: Adjoins northwest edge of northwestern parcels

Rock/Soil Type: Watsonville loam on slopes of 2- 15%

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS**

Groundwater Supply: Good quality & quantity
Water Supply Watershed: No
Groundwater Recharge: No

Groundwater Recharge: No

Liquefaction: Low
Fault Zone: No
Floodplain: No

Timber and Mineral: No Riparian Corridor: Yes, at NW edge

**Biotic Resources:** Yes, at NW edge Solar Access: Adequate Fire Hazard: No Solar Orientation: N/A Archaeology: Yes Scenic Corridor: Yes N/A Noise Constraint: Yes Electric Power Lines: Erosion: No Agricultural Resource: Adjacent

Landslide: No

#### **SERVICES**

Fire Protection: Pajaro Valley Fire Drainage District: None

School District: Pajaro Valley Unified Project Access: Public R/Ws

Water Supply: St. Francis Community Water system

Sewage Disposal: Septic tank systems

#### PLANNING POLICIES

Zone District: "R-1-20" Within USL: No "Suburban Residential" Special Designation: No

Coastal Zone: No

#### PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Proposal to annex a 37 parcel residential subdivision to the Salsipuedes Sanitation District, to create a 20 foot wide sewer easement on the County Fairgrounds and 10 adjoining residential parcels traversing 2,850 lineal feet, to provide a sewer connection for the subdivision, to construct a sewer line within these easements, and to establish a community assessment district to fund the necessary sewer improvements.. Requires Environmental Review and approval from LAFCO and a General Plan Amendment to add specific policy language to allow sanitary sewer connections for parcels not meeting the criteria of General Plan Policy 7.21.6.

### ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW BACKGROUND INFORMATION # \* (0.352

#### **PROJECT SETTING:**

The 37 parcel subdivision is located 2.27 miles north of the City of Watsonville in a predominately agricultural area of the County. (See Attachment 1). The **subdivision** consists of 32 single-family dwellings, 1 small commercial business and 4 vacant lots. (See Attachment 2). Most parcels are accessed by two local streets, Delaney Avenue, a dead-end street **which** connects to East Lake Avenue (Hecker Pass Road) and **Massei** Avenue, another dead-end street which connects to Delaney Avenue. Four parcels are accessed by another dead-end street, named Foothill Avenue. Three parcels are on Casserly Road. Six of the parcels, with **frontage** on East Lake Avenue have direct driveway access to that arterial roadway. Since Delaney Avenue is the main street in the subdivision, the neighborhood is many times referred to as the Delaney subdivision; however its original name was the St. Francis subdivision.

The subdivision is bordered to the south by the County Fairgrounds. otherwise it is surrounded by agricultural properties. As such, it is a residential enclave within a rural agricultural area. The size of the parcels range **from** 7,448 square feet to 2.06 **acres. Most** parcels, however are within the range of 12,000--22,000 square feet, which **is** typical of urban and suburban densities. The County General Plan designates the subdivision as "Suburban Residential" which has a density range of 1-5 acres/dwelling unit; however, existing development in the subdivision occurred before adoption of the 1994 General Plan and the land use designation of the neighborhood. For this reason, the site areas of most properties are not consistent with the General Plan designation.

The parcel on the comer of Hecker Pass Road is zoned "C-l", seven of the larger parcels are zoned "RA", and the rest of the smaller parcels in the subdivision are zoned "R-1-20", which is a single-family residential zoning that requires all new parcels to be at least 20,000 square feet in size. This zoning is not consistent with the General Plan because it would allow a density greater than allowed by "Suburban Residential". However, on June 3, 1997, the Board of Supervisors adopted Ordinance 4460 which recognizes sub one acre properties zoned "R-l" as consistent with several General Plan designation&the "R-l" parcels are developed as single-family residential uses on existing parcels of record.

The subdivision is not served by urban services, except for domestic water service which is provided by a community water system. Domestic sewage treatment and disposal is provided by each parcel individually by an individual on-site septic tank and leach line system which receives and disposes of household wastewater. These systems are not designed for high or medium residential densities. As a result, several systems within this subdivision have had sewage system problems during recent years.

In 1987 the County's Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO) approved a Sphere of Influence for the Salsipuedes Sanitary District. (See Attachment 3). The Sphere of Influence includes the St. Francis subdivision. The District provides sanitation services for residential properties in the Interlaken area south of the subject subdivision and the County Fairgrounds which border the southern edge of the subdivision. The District maintains a sewer system to collect wastewater and transports the wastewater to the City of Watsonville wastewater treatment plant for treatment and disposal. An EIR was prepared on the Sphere of Influence Study in 1987 by Denise Duffy and Associates for LAFCO. This EIR is incorporated by reference into this Initial Study. Copies of the EIR are on reserve for public review in County Planning and the LAFCO office.

The purpose of this project is to allow the subdivision to be served by the Salsipuedes Sanitary District. The County Board of Supervisors would need to approve the establishment of a community assessment district to fund the necessary sewer improvements and any associated

technical studies. Service by the District requires that the subdivision be annexed by the District. The annexation will be decided by LAFCO. Prior to annexation, the County&t&d: have to install a sewer main to the subdivision and connecting sewer laterals to serve each property in the subdivision. This work would be funded by the property owners within the assessment district. This work would be funded by property owners within the assessment district. This will require the extension of the District's existing main, parallel to East Lake Avenue northward to the intersection of East Lake Avenue and Casserly Road. The extension would have to traverse County Fairgrounds property before reaching the subdivision. Upon reaching the subdivision, the sewer main would continue across the front yards of the 10 parcels that adjoin East Lake Avenue. A 20 foot wide sewer easement across the fairgrounds and the 10 residential parcels for sewer installation and maintenance is also proposed as part of this project. Once annexed, the management of the community assessment district would be assumed by the District. Once the properties become served by sewer, the existing septic systems would be abandoned.

The subdivision is outside of areas in the County encompassed by the Urban Services Line **(USL)** and Rural Services Line **(RSL)**. General Plan policy 7.21.6 (Attachment 6) allows sewer systems outside of the USL and RSL in very limited circumstances so as to not generate growth inducement in rural areas. Sewers are only permitted outside of the USL and RSL to serve:

1. existing public facilities or institutional uses such as schools (e.g. Aptos High School);

2. existing development which conforms to the General Plan land use designation and which have a failing septic systems unable to be repaired; or

3. one existing single family dwelling/existing parcel of record which has a failing septic system unable to be repaired.

Under this policy <u>no</u> vacant parcel can be served by sewer. In addition, a nonconforming use cannot be served by sewer. APN 51-551-02 is the single nonconforming commercial parcel in the subdivision. According to Environmental Health, the parcel has experienced sewage system problems, and the adjoining 10,000 square foot parcel has sewage surfacing in rainy months.

Existing dwellings can be served by sewer if they have failing systems. In this case, the provision of sewer is limited to one dwelling/existing parcel. While only two failures have been documented, the serious problems with systems on at least 14 other parcels indicate that most of the subdivision will experience sewage system failures in the near future. The documented system problems have occurred throughout the subdivision as shown on the map in Attachment 4. Therefore, there is not a certain geographical section of the subdivision that has or will experience serious sewage system problems but, rather, Environmental Health anticipates continued malfunctions throughout the entire subdivision. Compliance with the policy can be achieved by limiting sewer connection to those parcels with existing single-family dwellings used as residential homes. This would disallow sewer service to the commercial parcel APN 51-55 1-02 and the 4 vacant parcels APN 5 1-55 1-01, -04, -05 and 5 1-052-16. Disallowing sewer service on 5 parcels scattered within the subdivision is not feasible or practical. Therefore, staff is proposing a new General Plan policy to -allow all of the parcels in the St. Francis subdivision to be served by sewer (Attachment 7).

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### **ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW CHECKLIST**

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Α.	GEOLOGIC FACTORS				
		Significant: No or Unknown <u>Mitigation</u>	Potentially Significant Unless <u>Mitigated</u>	Less Than Significant Impact	No <u>Impact</u>
Coul	ld the project, or its related activi	ties affect, or be	affected by, th	e following:	
1.	Geologic Hazards: earth- quakes (particularly surface ground rupture, liquefaction,- seismic shaking), landslides, mud slides or other slope instability, or similar hazards?	_			X
The	project area is not within a fault	zone or any othe	er type of geol	ogic hazard are	a.
2.	Soil Hazards: soil creep, shrink swell (expansiveness), high erosion potential?		<b></b>	<u>X</u>	-
char any insta	sonville loam on 2-15% slopes is caterized by high shrink/swell pobuilding that could be impacted by llation of sewer lines is not signiparticles.	otential. The pro by this soil chara	ject will not i cteristic.   Th	nclude the const e trenching for	truction of and
3.	Change in topography or groun surface relief features?	d 			X
	excavation of trenches for sewer ches will not change the topogra		and the subse	quent <b>backfillin</b>	<b>g</b> of the
4.	The destruction, covering or modification of any unique geologic or physical feature?	Marine			X
5.	Steep slopes (over 30%)?				<u>X</u> _
6.	Coastal cliff erosion?	_			<u>X</u>
7.	Beach sand distribution?				<u> X</u>
8.	Any increase in wind or water erosion of soils, either on or off site?	_	<u>X</u>		

The project includes the extension of a sewer main from its present terminus at the County Fairgrounds entrance northward 2,850 lineal feet. The proposed extension would be an 8 inch diameter line. The first 1,340 linealfeet would be across the fairground property. The remaining 1,510 linealfeet would traverse the front yards of 10 parcels within the St.

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Potentially

Significant: No or Unknown Mitigation Significant
Unless
Mitigated

Less Than
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No Impact

Francis subdivision. The complete 2,850 linealfoot extension would be within the easement which is proposed as part of this project. The easement (and therefore the sewer main) wouldparallel East Lake Avenue. Six inch branch sewer mains would branch off this 8 inch line and be installed within the right-of-ways of Delaney, Massei and Foothill Avenues and 367 feet of Casserly Road. Sewer laterals will branch off these branch mains to connect with each property. (Six parcels on East Lake Avenue will be connected directly to the sewer main that traverses their front yards). The trenchingfor the branch mains would total 2,357 linealfeet. If a trench 3 feet wide is dug, the disturbed surface area to install only the primary sewer main and the branch mains would be 15,621 square feet (0.36 acre). In addition to open trenches, the trenching for sewer lines will generate temporary **mounds** of removed earthen material at the surface. After sewer installation and backfilling is completed an exposed earthen surface will remain along the trenching route. All exposed earthen surfaces are subject to accelerated erosion during times of high wind and precipitation. Once installation is completed the sewers must be tested, cleaned and videotaped. This is done prior to re-establishing the surface of the ground and roadways to their pre-project conditions.

POTENTIAL IMPACT: Installation of the new sewer lines will generate at least 15,621 square feet of exposed earthen surfaces by trenching and subsequent backfilling. This area is subject to accelerated erosion if left exposed during the rainy season or during times of high wind velocity.

MITIGATION: To minimize erosion to insignificant levels, the County Public Works Department should require the sewer line contractor to implement the following measures during and directly after construction:

- a) Conduct all sewer line construction during April 15 to October 15 to avoid the rainy season;
- b) Water all mounds of exposed soil each day that the mounds are dry and subject to generated wind induced erosion and dust;
- c) Seed and mulch all exposed earthen surfaces outside of rights-of-way immediately after backfilling a section trench; and
- d) Repave (permanent or temporary surfacing) all exposed backfilled surfaces within road rights-of-way within I week of completing backfilling within rights-of-way.

#### B. HYDROLOGIC FACTORS

Could the project affect, or be affected by, the following:

1.	Water related hazards such as flooding or tidal waves?	 		X
2.	Private or public water supply?	 -	d	X

The domestic water needs for septic tank and leach line systems which now occur within the subdivision will be the same for the use of a sewer system.

3. Septic system functioning (inadequate percolation, high watertable, proximity to water

Page 6

Significant: No or Unknown Mitigation Potentially
Significant
Unless
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Less Than Significant Impact

No Impact

courses)?

This project will allow for the existing septic tank/leach line systems to be abandoned, including the several systems which have failed or are in danger of failing. County Environmental Health Service records show that two properties have failed sewage disposal systems which cannot be repaired An additional 21 parcels have serious sewage systems problems as evidenced by:

1. Sewage leachate surfacing above ground in rainy months;

2. High levels of **sewage effluent** retained in septic tanks or flowing back into septic tanks when the tank is pumped;

3. Illegally installed **grey** water by-pass systems that have been installed to reduce the effluent loading on the sewage system (Attachment 4).

These **malfunctioning** systems can generate human health problems and contamination of the groundwater (which is also a potential human health impact). **This problem** can be avoided by the installation of a sewer system to replace the existing septic tank/leach field systems. This is a **beneficial** impact of the project.

4.	Increased siltation rates?				<u>X</u>
5.	Surface or ground water quality (contaminants including silt-urban runoff, nutrient enrichment, pesticides, etc.)?				<u>X</u>
6.	Quantity of ground water supply, or alteration in the direction or rate of flow of ground waters?				X
7.	Groundwater recharge?				<u>X</u>
8.	Watercourse configuration, capacity, or hydraulics?	-	*******	Market Control of the	X
9.	Changes in drainage patterns or the rate and amount of runoff?			-	X
10.	Cumulative saltwater intrusion?				X
11.	Inefficient or unnecessary water consumption?		<del></del>		X
12.	Change in the amount of surface water in any water body?				X

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Potentially Significant Significant: Less Than No or Unknown Unless Significant No Mitigation **Mitigated** Impact Impact C. BIOTIC FACTORS Could the project affect, or be affected by, the following: Known habitat of any unique, rare or endangered plants or animals (designate species if known)? . Unique or fragile biotic community (riparian corridor, wetland, coastal grasslands. special forests, intertidal zone, etc)? An intermittent drainage course is located at the northwestern edge of the St. Francis subdivision. The ground disturbance generated by the project will occur farther than 100 feet from this drainage. A grass covered slope with about a 15% gradient occurs between the subdivision and the drainage course. However, most of the subdivision slopes in an opposite direction. These natural characteristics protect the drainage from encroachment and any impacts of erosion or sedimentation from construction. 3. Fire hazard **from** flammable brush, grass, or trees? Change in the diversity of species, or number of species of plants or animals? D. NOISE Will the project:

**The** installation of the sewer lines willgenerate short-term construction related noises. This noise is unavoidable but it can be restricted to certain hours which **least** affect the majority of subdivision residents. Once construction is completed, all noise impacts will cease.

Increase the ambient noise level for adjoining areas?

IMPACT: The installation of the sewer lines will generate construction related noise during the time trenching, line installation, **backfilling** and erosion control occur. This noise will create decibel levels significantly greater than now occur in the subdivision.

MITIGATION: To minimize construction related noise impacts to surrounding properties, the Public Works Department should require the contractor to limit all construction activities to 7:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. weekdays.

		Significant: No or Unknown Mitigation	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant <u>Impact</u>	No Impact
2.	Violate Title 25 noise insulation standards, or General Plan noise standards, as applicable?		_		X
3.	Be substantially affected by existing noise levels?	annico del St.			X
	Lake <b>Avenue/Hecker</b> Pass Road ever, the <b>traffic</b> noise on East Lak				eral Plan:
Е.	AIR				
Will	the project:				
1.	Violate any ambient air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?				<u>X</u>
2.	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?	_	X	_	_
squa remo cons The of <b>th</b>	iscussed in item B.8 above, the incre feet of exposed surfaces as we oved from the sewer trenches. The truction activities can generate supotential to generate dust is exactly subdivision which are all plants.	ll as <b>mounds</b> of his amount of ex ignificant amoun erbated by vehic nedfor sewer ins	exposed earth value of the earth value of dust to seles traveling trailation.	nen material tem vithin an area of surrounding pro on the three loc	pporarily factive perties. al streets
feet o can vehi	ENTIAL IMPACT: Installation of exposed earthen surfaces by tragenerate significant amounts of a cles and residential vehicles which construction period.	enching and sub- lust from wind a	sequent backj nd contact wi	filling. This exp th tires of consti	posed soil ruction
Dependuri a) gene b) R	IGATION: To minimize dust impartment should require the sewering and directly after construction Water all mounds of exposed soil erated wind induced erosion and lepave (permanent or temporary within I week of completes.	line contractor 1: each <b>day</b> that th dust; and <b>surfacing)</b> all ex	to implement e mounds are posed <b>backfil</b>	the following m e dry and subject <b>led</b> surfaces with	easures t to
3.	Release bioengineered organism or chemicals to the air outside of project buildings?	ns			<u>X</u> _

30%

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		Significant: No or Unknown <u>Mitigation</u>	Potentially Significant Unless <u>Mitigated</u>	Less Than Significant <u>Impact</u>	No <u>Impact</u>
4.	Create objectionable odors?	_			<u>X</u>
5.	Alter wind, moisture or temperature (including sun shading effects) so as to substantially affect areas, or change the climate either in the community in the community or region?	Deleveribra			<u>X</u>
F.	ENERGY AND NATURAL I	RESOURCES			
Will	the project:				
1.	<b>Affect</b> or be affected by timber resources?		<del></del>	_	X
2.	Affect or be affected by lands currently utilized for agriculture or designated for agricultural use?				<u>X</u>
3.	Encourage activities which result in the use of large amounts of fuel, water, or energy, or use of these in a wasteful manner?				<u>_X</u> _
4.	Have a substantial effect on the potential use, extraction, or depletion of a natural resource (i.e., minerals or energy resources)?				<u>X</u>
G.	CULTURAL/AESTHETIC H	FACTORS			
Will	the project result in:				
1.	Alteration or destruction of of historical buildings or unique cultural features?	-			<u>X</u>
2.	Disturbance of archaeological or paleontological resources?	-	<u>X</u>	·	***************************************

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Potentially

Significant: No or Unknown Mitigation Significant Unless Mitigated

Less Than Significant Impact

No Impact

The County General Plan Resource and Constraints maps show the fairgrounds and the subdivision as being within an archaeological resource area where the potential for buried artifacts of prehistory or other cultural resources of prehistory may exist. The installation of sewer lines involves excavation where such resources could be encountered. However, the likelihoodfor archaeological resources to be encountered is extremely low. The excavation will be limited to trenching within paved roadbeds and landscaped front yards. The area now encompassed by the subdivision and the fairgrounds was previously cultivated for several year in apple orchard and row crops prior to the establishment of the existing uses in 1950. The area was disced seasonally from at least 1900 to 1950. While the potential to encounter resources is low, provisions should be implemented in the rare case that prehistoric or historic artifacts are found

County Code Chapter 16.40 provides regulations for the protection of archaeological and historical resources. Section 1640.040 provides a procedure for conserving any resources that are discovered during construction. If resources are encountered, the following steps are required:

a) All construction is to cease within 200 feet of the discovery and the area of the discovery staked

b) The County Sheriff-Coroner is to be notified if human remains are found: otherwise the County Planning Department is to be notified.

c) The County shall arrange for an inspection of the discovery within 72 hours of being contacted.

*The County shall contact a representative* **of** *native American group about the inspection so the representative can be present during the inspection to help determine* **if** *the discovery is* **of** *cultural significance.* 

e) If the discovery is not culturally significant, construction may proceed;

f) If it is determined that the discovery has cultural significance, an archaeological report shall be prepared by a qualified archaeologist that addresses how to best conserve the resource.

**g)** Construction shall resume once the County approved recommendations **of** the archaeologist are implemented as determined by the County Planing **staff** 

POTENTIAL IMPACT: While highly unlikely, the excavation of trenches to install the sewer lines has the potential to disrupt cultural resources of prehistory which may be buried along the route of the sewer lines.

MITIGATION: Ifiny archaeological resources are encountered during excavation for the sewer lines, to avoid their loss the County Public Works Department should require the contractor to halt construction within a 200 radius of the discovery and immediately contact the County Planning Department to initiate the requirements of County Code Section 16.40.040. The requirement should be included in the construction contract with the contractor.

3.	Obstruction or alteration
	of views <b>from</b> areas having
	important visual/scenic values?
	1

X

4. Being visible from any adopted scenic highway or scenic

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Significant: No or Unknown Mitigation

Potentially Significant Unless Mitigated

Less Than Significant **Impact** 

No <u>Impact</u>

corridor?

The County portion of State Route 152 (East Lake Avenue/Hecker Pass Road) is designated by the General Plan as a scenic highway where views are to be protected **The** installation of sewer lines will generate a change in view as seen from the road but this alteration will not be substantial and will be a temporary visual change limited to the construction period only. *Under these circumstances, the change in view from the highway would not be considered* **a** significant impact.

Interference with established recreational, educational, religious or scientific uses of the area?

#### H. SERVICES AND UTILITIES

Will the project or its rilated activities result in:

- A breach of national, state, or local standards relating to solid waste or litter management?
- Expansion of or creation of new utility facilities (e.g., sewage plants, water storage, mutual water systems, storm drainage, etc.) including expansion of service area boundaries?

The project includes the expansion of the service area of the Salsipuedes Sanitary District by an additional 3.7 parcels (36 residential parcels and I nonconforming commercial parcel) as shown on Attachments 2 and 3. The Salsipuedes Sanitary District has stated that downstream collection system has capacity to accommodate the increase in wastewater flows generated by the new service connections. (See Attachment 4). The City of Watsonville has verified that the increase in wastewater flows into the treatment plant will not significantly effect the treatment capacity of the facility (Attachment 5). The potential for growth generated by the expansion of service area is **significant** unless mitigated. This issue is discussed under item L.3 below.

- A need for expanded governmental services in any of the following areas:
  - a. Fire protection?
  - b. Police protection?

\* (F)

Environmental Review Initial Study

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	Significant: No or Unknown <u>Mitigation</u>	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact.	Pane 12  No Impact
c. Schools?			· <u> </u>	
d. Parks or other recreational facilities?				-
e. Maintenance of public facilities including roads?				
<b>f</b> . Other governmental services?		X		
This project will result in the Salsipue area not presently served by any public charges of the District adequately functive subdivision. The installation of nestudies), however, will be a new cost to the improvements prior to the District avoided by the establishment of a come. The assessment district would be established included in the proposed annexation to assessment district would be assessed the project area so this cost would not	ic sewer service. d normal sewer ew sewer improve the County, what annexing the numity assessment blished by the County Learn	It is assume service once service once we have including the juries of t	d that the mont the system is in ading associate isdiction that w This financial planned by the de those prope toroperty owner expand sewer s	thly service stalled in d technical will install impact is project. Tries to be swithin the ervice to unty.
IMPACT: <b>The</b> construction costs associately subdivision will be an expense not plan Department. This could result in <b>bud</b> y	ınned or provide	edfor by the C	County Public V	

MITIGATION: Prior to annexation into the Salsipuedes Sanitary District, a community assessment district shall be established by the County for the subdivision project area for the purpose of collecting the revenue needed to fund construction related costs for providing sewer facilities into the project area. The County Auditor shall establish a special fund for the collection of revenues from the community assessment district. This fund shall be used solely for the purpose of providing new sewer facilities to the project area. This mitigation has been incorporated into the project proposal.

4.	Inadequate water supply for fire protection?	 	 X
5.	Inadequate access for fire protection?	 	 X

#### I. TRAFFIC AND TRANSPORTATION

Will the project result in:

1. An increase in traffic which is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load

## Environmental Review Initial **Study** Page 13

**a**a60363

		Significant: No or Unknown <u>Mitigation</u>	Potentially Significant Unless <u>Mitigated</u>	Less Than Significant <u>Impact</u>	No Impact
	and capacity of the street system?				<u>X</u>
and area	County Public Works Road Plann its potential growth impacts (See i roadways can handle the increas out a <b>need for roadway</b> improvem	tems L. I and L. ed <b>traffic from</b> t	3 below). Sto the "worst cas	iff has conclude e " growth proj	ed that the
2.	Cause substantial increase in transit demand which cannot be accommodated by existing or proposed transit capacity?		_		<u>x</u>
٠	Cause a substantial increase in parking demand which cannot be accommodated by existing parking facilities?		_		<u>X</u>
4.	Alterations to present patterns of circulation or movement of people and/or goods?				<u>X</u>
5.	Increase in traffic hazards to movehicles, bicyclists, or pedestrian				X
6.	Cause preemption of public mass-transportation modes?			_	X
J.	LAND USE/HOUSING				
Will	the project result in:				
1.	Reduction of low/moderate income housing?	*******		itatorialista	X
	s project will result in the potentic lling units.	ıl for creating <b>1</b>	9 new low/mo	derate income s	recond
2.	Demand for additional housing?		-		X
3.	A substantial alteration of the present or planned land use of a	n <b>area</b> ?		<u>X</u>	
4.	Change in the character of the c in terms of terms of distribution or concentration of income, inco ethnic, housing, or age group?		-	_	<u>X</u>

3

#### Environmental Review Initial Study

Page 14

· 100364

Significant:
No or Unknown
Mitigation

Potentially Significant Unless <u>Mitigated</u>

Less Than Significant Impact

No <u>Impact</u>

5 Land use not in conformance with the character of the surrounding neighborhood?

The provision of sewer service to APN 5 I-551-02 may contribute to the continuation of a nonconforming commercial use within an area that consists of residential and agricultural uses. This parcel, located on Casserly Road is a television repair business. Except for the 3 parcels in the project area located on Casserly Road, the properties on Casserly Road are engaged in commercial agricultural production or are large residential properties, many engaged in hobby farming. County Environmental Health Service records do not show septic system problems have occurred on this parcel. While the connection of the parcel to sewer will continue the non-conforming use, it is not a use that has nor will in the future generate land use conflicts with the surrounding uses. The size of the parcel and the commercial building are not large enough to generate large scale commercial activities nor impacts of a scale that create conflicts with adjoining residential uses or nearby agricultural land uses. Due to the size and age of the building and the location of the parcel away from established commercial centers, it is expected that the non-conforming use will cease in the near future from normal attrition with or without sewer service.

#### K. HAZARDS

Will the project:

1.	Involve the use, production or disposal of materials which pose hazard to people, animal or plant populations in the area affected?	<b>Secretari</b>		 X
2.	Result in transportation of significant amounts of hazardous materials, other than motor fuel?		_	 X
3.	Involve release of any bioengineered organisms outside of controlled laboratories?			 X
4.	Involve the use of any pathogenic organisms on site?	Marian.	-	 X
5.	Require major expansion or special training of police, fire, hospital and/or ambulance services to deal with possible accidents?	-		 <u>X</u>
6.	Create a potential			X

Page 15 Page 15

Potentially Significant: Significant Less Than Unless No or Unknown Significant No Mitigation Mitiaated Impact Impact 7. Expose people to electromagnetic fields associated with electrical transmission lines? L. GENERAL PLANS AND PLANNING POLICY 1. Does the project conflict with any policies in the adopted General Plan or Local Coastal X Program?

The subdivision is outside of areas in the County encompassed by the Urban Services Line (USL) and Rural Services Line (RSL). General Plan policy 7.2 I. 6 (Attachment 6) allows sewer systems outside of the USL and RSL in very limited circumstances so as to not generate growth inducement in rural areas. Sewers are only permitted outside of the USL ands RSL to serve:

If so, how?

- *I.* Existing public facilities or institutional uses such as schools (e.g. Aptos High School)!;
- 2. Existing development which conforms to the General Plan land use designation and which has a failing septic systems unable to be repaired; or
- 3. One existing single family dwelling/existing parcel of record which has a failing septic system unable to be repaired

Under this policy <u>no</u> vacant <u>parcel</u> can be served by sewer. In addition, a nonconforming use cannot be served by sewer. APN 51-551-02 is the single nonconforming commercial parcel in the subdivision. According to Environmental Health, the parcel has experienced sewage system problems, and the adjoining IO, 000 square **foot** parcel has sewage surfacing in rainy months.

Existing dwellings can be served by sewer if they have failing systems, In this case, the provision of sewer is limited to one dwelling /existing parcel. While only two failures have been documented, the serious problems with systems on at least I4 other parcels indicate that most of the subdivision will experience sewage system failures in the near future. The documented system problems have occurred throughout the subdivision as shown on the map in Attachment 4. Therefore, there is not a certain geographical section of the subdivision that has or will experience serious sewage system problems but, rather, Environmental Health anticipates continued malfunctions throughout the entire subdivision. Compliance with the policy can be achieved by limiting sewer connection to those parcels with existing single-family dwellings used as residential homes. This would disallow sewer service to the commercial parcel APN 51-551-02 and the 4 vacant parcels APN 51-551-01, -04, -05 and 51-052-16. Disallowing sewer service on 5 parcels scattered within the subdivision may not be feasible or practical.

Staff is proposing a new General Plan policy - Policy 7.21.7 - (Attachment 7) that will allow the connection of the parcels within the St. Francis Subdivision to sanitary sewers. The addition of this policy will make the proposed project consistent with the General Plan. This new General Plan policy, if approved, would mitigate the policy conflict described above.

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**##**00366

	Significant: No or Unknown <u>Mitiaation</u>	Potentially Significant Unless <u>Mitigate</u> d	Less Than Significant <u>Impact</u>	No Impact
Does the project conflict with any local, state or federal ordinances?				X

Does the project have potentially growth inducing effect? X

The EIR prepared for the annexation of the fairground into the Sanitary District and the establishment of a Sphere of Influence identified growth inducement on surrounding agricultural land as a **significant** impact. To mitigate this impact, the EIR recommended limiting the size of the sewer main extension to IO inches in diameter to serve only the fairgrounds and that additional area within the Sphere of Influence (St. Francis subdivision). An additional mitigation of placing a one-foot non-access strip on the highway side of the new sewer line was also recommended to prevent future connections. A IO inch line has now been installed to serve the fairgrounds. To serve the St. Francis subdivision, this line would need to be extended across the fairgrounds and the subdivision properties bordering East Lake Avenue.

County Code allows second units to be built on residentially zonedparcels of 20,000 square feet or more that have adequate urban services. Such second dwellings are limited in size to 800 square feet and are subject to a discretionary permit. The provision of sewer service to existing developed parcels will allow 17 parcels to be eligible for second units; thereby potentially doubling the residential density on those 17 parcels. If sewer service is also provided to the 3 vacant parcels, each parcel could be developed with a single-family dwelling and two of the parcels would be eligible for second units. This would increase the residential density by an additional 5 dwellings. Under the existing General Plan designation a maximum density increase within the subdivision would be as follows:

New single-family dwellings	3
New second units	<i>19</i>
TOTAL	$\overline{22}$

ordinances? If so, how?

The provision of sewer service and the existing pattern of development could create pressure in the near future to change the General Plan designation for the neighborhood to one that allowedgreater density. If the "Suburban Residential" designation was changed to "Urban Very Low Density" (density range of 10,000 sq. ft. - I acre) or "Urban Low Density" (6,000-10,000 sq. ft.), 8 parcels could be potentially be approved for land divisions. Redesignating the neighborhood for one of these two urban land use designations would require the County to amend its Urban Service Line to include the project area. This type of proposal would be subject to Environmental Review. While no land division analysis has occurred for any **of** these 8 parcels, it is estimated that the following parcels could be subdivided in the following manner under a General **Plan** designation **of** "Urban Residential Very Low Density".

APN 51-051-01 (Maitoza)

2 parcels

#### **Environmental Review Initial Study**

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Potentially Significant: Significant

No or Unknown Unl Mitigation Mitigs

Significant Less Than
Unless Significant
Mitigated Impact

Significant No Impact Impact

 APN 51-051-02 (Agaccio)
 2 parcels

 APN 51-051-06 (Ash)
 2 parcels

 APN 5 I-55 I-04 (Campos; now vacant)
 3 parcels

 APN 51-551-05 (Oliver; now vacant)
 3 parcels

 APN 51-551-06 (Rocha)
 3 parcels

 APN 51-551-07 (Avis)
 3 parcels

 APN 51-551-07 (Yednak)
 4 parcels

 TOTAL
 22 PARCELS - 8 EXISTING PARCELS = 14 NEW PARCELS \*

The listing above assumes all newly created parcels would contain a net developable area of less than 20.000 square feet which would not make any new parcel eligible for a second unit. Under a new General Plan designation of "Urban Residential Very Low Density" a maximum of 14 new parcels may be possible, each with a single-family dwelling. This density increase would be in addition to that discussed in the preceding paragraph under the existing General Plan designation. Therefore, a possible total density increase may be as high as 18 single-family dwellings and 19 second units.

In addition, to growth pressures inside the project area, the extension of sewer service northward could also create development pressures on agriculture land. Currently, the Salesian Society is considering converting the St, Francis Youth Center and an adjoining agricultural parcel into a private Catholic High School. The proposed high school site is located on the opposite side of the East Lake Avenue from the project area. For additional information on pressure to convert agricultural land to non-agricultural uses, refer to pages E-31 through E-34 of the Draft EIR on the fairgrounds annexation.

IMPACT #I: The provision of sewer service will allow 4 vacant parcels to be developed and 17 parcels with existing single-family dwellings to be eligible for second units. Two of the vacant parcels would also be eligible for second units. Therefore, a total of 4 new single-family dwellings and I9 new second units (maximum 800 sq. ft. floor area) could be constructed within the subdivision. This development is not of a significant magnitude and would be contained within an existing residential neighborhood where most the parcels are developed. This impact would not be considered significant.

#### MITIGA TION: None required

IMPACT #2: The provision of sewer service may generate growth pressures both within and outside the project area neighborhood to result in changing the General Plan designation to allow higher density development on 8 parcels within the subdivision and some of the surrounding agricultural parcels. While it is impossible to predict future development pressures with certainty, it may be possible to create I4 new parcels inside the subdivision under a General Plan designation of "Urban Residential Very Low Density". This new designation would require expanding the Urban Services Line. This could create pressure to expand the USL in other areas between Casserly Road and the city limits of Watsonville; thereby potentially converting agricultural land to urban uses. This is a potentially significant impact.

<sup>\*</sup> This estimate is provided to identify the impact level for growth inducement and should not be interpreted as being a complete land division analysis.

### ATTACHMENT 3

Environmental Review Initial Study

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##C0368

Potentially

Significant: No or Unknown Mitigation Significant Unless Mitigated

Less Than
Significant
Impact

No <u>Impact</u>

MITIGATION: a) Prior to or concurrent with annexation to the District, the County should place restriction on the sewer easement that limits the diameter of the sewer main to IO inches and which prevents any connections to occur beyond the limits of the St. Francis subdivision. This restriction should be included in the legal language granting the sewer easement. The language should also include an explanation that the restriction has been placed to avoid future growth inducement which would be inconsistent with the County's General Plan to alert future residents of the Objective of these restrictions.

- b) Prior to or concurrent with annexation to the District, a one-foot non-access strip should be placed on the eastern edge of the sewer line easement on East Luke Avenue by the County to prevent any connections from occurring on the opposite side of East Lake Avenue in the future. A similar non-access strip should be placed on any sewer line extending up Casserly Road to serve the 3 Casserly Roadparcels within the subdivision. The objective of avoiding future growth inducement should be included in the language of the legal document establishing the non-access strips. The non-access strip would be granted to the County and should only be able to be removed in the future with the approval of the County and the Sanitary District. This document should also make it clear that the non-access strip is limited to restricting sewer connections and should not affect vehicular ingress and egress or other utility connections (e.g. electricity of gas service).
- c) A sewer main not to exceed IO inches in diameter shall be installed within the sewer easement by the County (or the community assessment district).
- 4. Does the project require approval of regional, state, or federal agencies? Which agencies?

No

# ATTACHMENT 3

Environmental Review Initial Study
Page 19
Page 19

MA	ANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE	3	ÆS	NO
1.	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal, or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or pre-history?	_		_X_
2.	Does the project have the potential to achieve short term, to the disadvantage of long term environmental goals? (A short term impact on the environment is one which occurs in a relatively brief, definitive period of time while long term impacts will endure well into the <b>future</b> .)	<i>)</i> -		X
3.	Does the project have impacts which are individually limited but cumulatively considerable? (A project may impact on two or more separate resources where the Impact on each resource is relatively small, but where the effect of the total of those impacts on the environment is significant. Analyze in the light of past projects, other current projects, and probable future projects.)	; -		<u>_X</u>
4.	Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?	-		X

Environmental Review Initial Study Page 20

TECHNICAL REVIEW CHECKLIST			
	REOUIRED	<u>COMPLETED*</u>	N/G
APAC REVIEW			
ARCHAEOLOGIC REVIEW			
BIOTIC ASSESSMENT			
GEOLOGIC HAZARD ASSESSMENT			
GEOLOGIC REPORT .			
RIPARIAN PRE-SITE			
SEPTIC LOT CHECK			
SOILS REPORT			
OTHER:			
			-

<sup>\*</sup>Attach summary and recommendation from completed reviews

List any other technical reports or information sources used in preparation of this initial study:

EIR for the establishment of a Sphere of Influence for the Saisipuedes Sanitary District and annexation of the County Fairgrounds into the District, prepared by Denise **Duffy** and Associates 1987.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW ACTION

On the basis of this initial evaluation:

I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant **effect** on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.

I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because the mitigation measures described below have been added to the project. A NEGATIVE **DECLARATION** will be prepared.

I find the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.

Ken Hart

**Environmental Coordinator** 

#### Attachments:

Location Map

2.

Site Map of Project Area Sphere of Influence and District Boundary of the Salsipuedes Sanitary District 3.

Memo from County Environmental Health on Sewage Systems Problems, dated 5/26/98

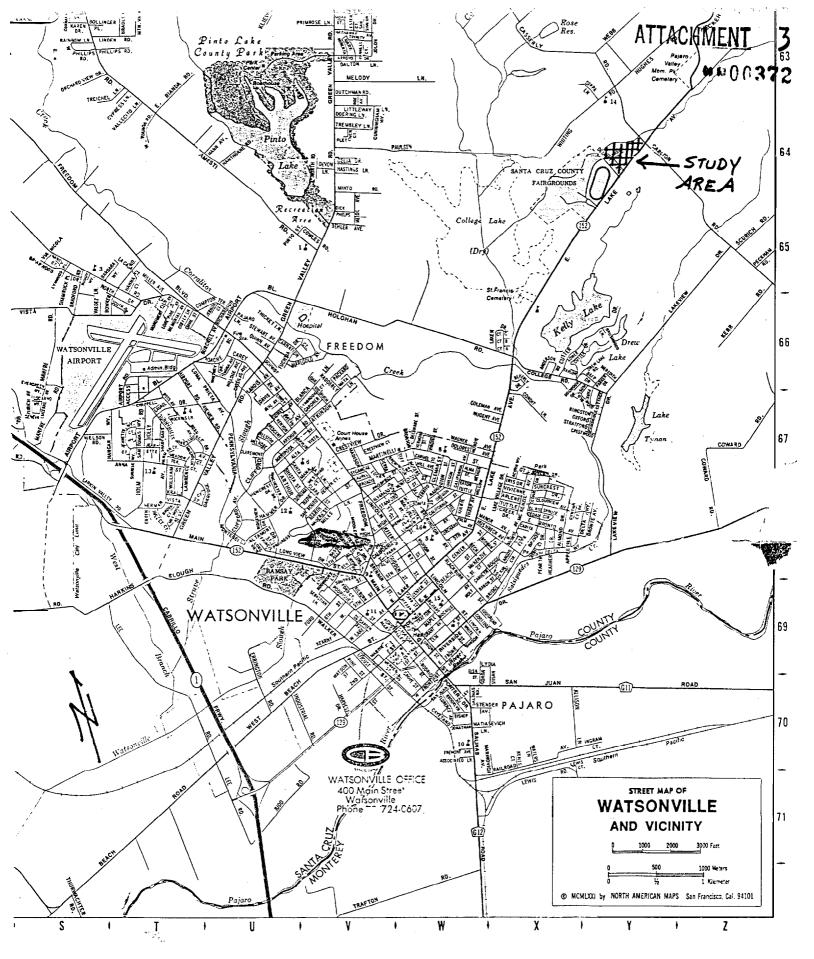
5. Review Comments from the City of Watsonville, dated May 5, 1998

County General Plan Policy 7.2 1.6

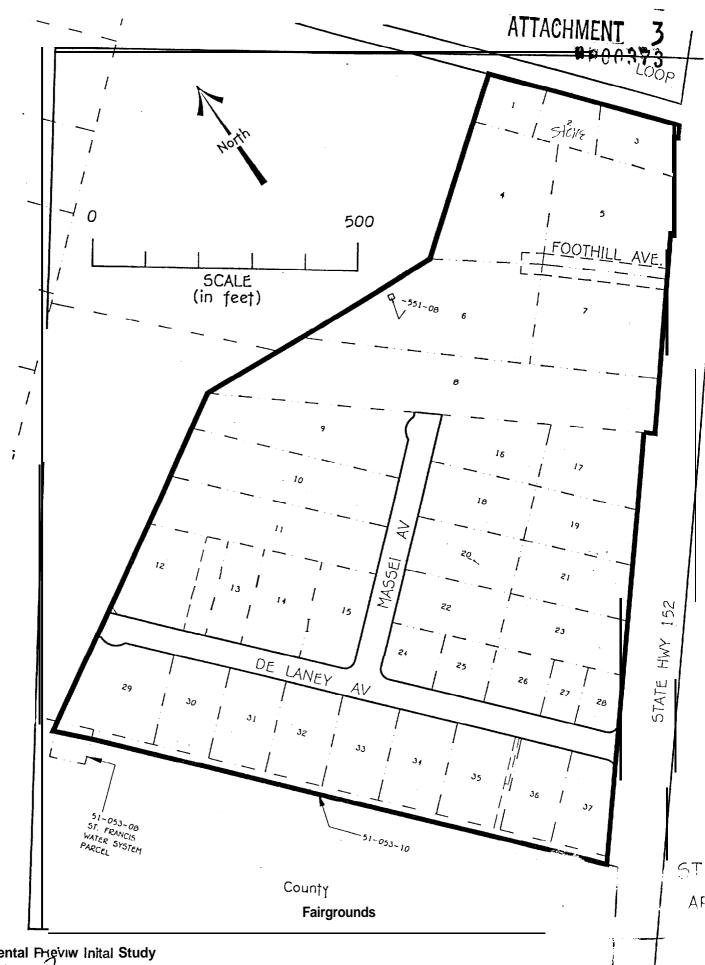
Proposed General Plan Policy 7.2 1.7

This Initial Study has been prepared by:

Kim Tschantz, CEP Deputy Environmental Coordinator with assistance from Glenda Hill, Senior Planner County Planning Department 701 Ocean Street Santa Cruz, CA 95060 (408) 454-3 170



ATTACHMENT APPLICATION 98-025



Environmental Previw Inital Study
TTACHMENT
PPLICATION 98-0257

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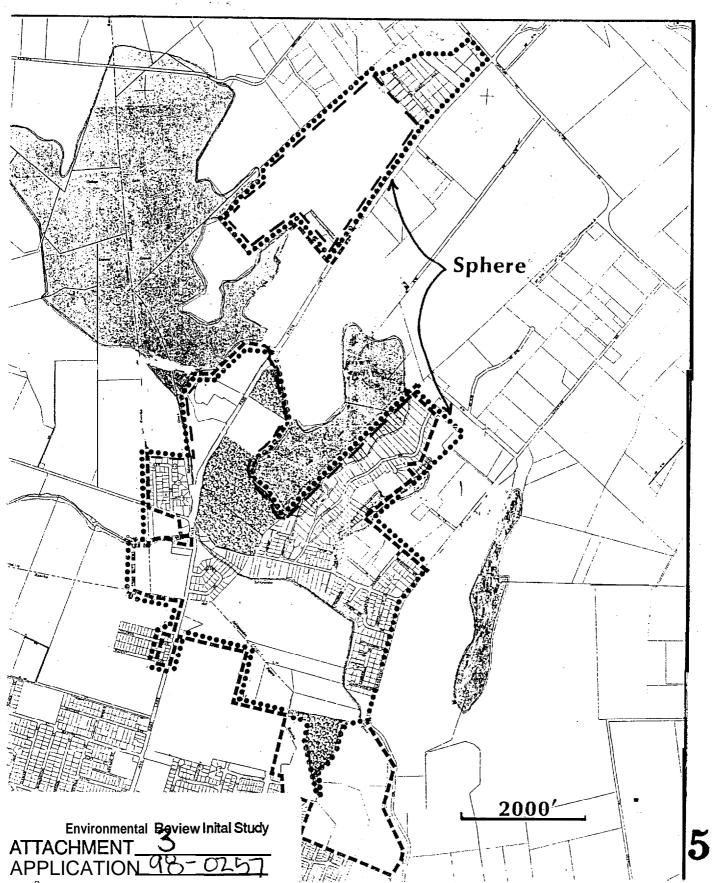
	<b>A.P.N.</b> 1-551-03	USE Residence	OWNER Perez	===			
	1 - 551 - W	Single store	Kasovac				
	1-551-01	Vacant	Schiavon				
	1-551-04	Vacan†	Campos/Crawford				
	1-551-05	Vacan†	Oliver/Crawford/Campos	s/Choate			
	1-551-07	Residence	Avis		A.P.N.	USE	OWNE
	1-551-06	Residence	Rocha	16	. 51-052-10	Residence	Cooley
	-551-09	Residence	Yednak	17	. 51-052-01	Residence	Maitoza
	·			18	. 51-052-09	Residence	Jaquez
). 51	-051-06	Residence	Ash	19	. 51-052-02	Residence	Byrom
0. 51	-051-01	Residence	Maiţoza	20	. 51-052-08	Residence	Valdez
11. 51	-051-02	Residence	Agaccio	21	. 51-052-03	Residence	Dickens
2. 51	-051-08	Residence	5anders	22	. 51-052-07	Residence	Eaton
3. 51	-051-07	Residence	Marquez	23.	51-052-04	Residence	Campos
4. 51	-051-04	Residence	Wright	24.	51-052-15	Residence	Schedle
5. 51	-051-03	Residence	Hayashi	25.	51-052-16	Vacan†	Schedler
				26.	51-052-11	Residence	Schedler
				27.	51-052-13	Residence	Dillard
				28.	51-052-14	Residence	Gong
				29.	51-053-17	Residence	Layton
				30.	51-053-16	Residence	Campos
				31.	51-053-02	Residence	Peterser
				32.	51-053-03	Residence	Harris
				33.	51-053-04	Residence	5harpe
				34.	51-053-05	Residence	Cunha
= CV	NCT -	(DELANEY	) SUBDIVISION	35.	51-053-14	Residence	Hadlock
-1CA	HON	<sup>98-</sup> 0257	MAY, 1996	36.	51-053-15	Residence	Sabala
		0_01	, 1000	37.	51-053-08	Residence	Frensley

## SANTA CRUZ LAFCO RESOLUTION NO. 709

Salsipuedes Sanitary District Sphere of Influence

EXISTING S.S.D. Boundary

Sphere of Influence



#### MEMORANDUM

##00376

DATE:

May 26, 1998

TO:

Kim Tschantz, SC County Planning Dept.

From:

Jim Safranek, R.E.H.S., SC County Environmental Health Service

Subject:

ST. FRANCIS SUBDMSION

SUMMARY OF SEPTIC SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

The St. Francis Subdivision is located north of East Lake Avenue in Watsonville near the County Fairgrounds. The subdivision is served entirely by septic systems, but EHS has documented evidence of a seasonal high groundwater table that is less than 3 feet from the surface (APN 051-052-08). Poorly drained clay soils of the Watsonville soil series (Soil 177 in the County Soil Survey) are predominant. Residents are pursuing the construction of a sewer system with connection to the Salsipuedes Sanitation District's main trunk line.

Of the thirty-nine parcels in the subdivision, Santa Cruz County Environmental Health Service (SCCEHS) has 22 files with septic system information. Thirteen of the 22 permit files have leach field information. Records show the following:

Eight parcels had greywater by-passes in 1996 which were corrected. Homeowners typically install illegal by-passes from their washing machines and showers because the septic system can't handle the wastewater discharge and will fail. Surface discharges of greywater are considered violations of the County septic code.

One major failing septic system was evident on APN 05 1-052-08 in 1995; APN 05 1-053-02 is currently having a failure as of 4-98 and the owner is in the process of repairing the sewage disposal system under EHS permit.

Seven of the parcels have pre-existing seepage pits (deep'disposal) which

Environmental Review Inital Study
ATTACHMENT

APPLICATION 98-0257

**##00377** 

would probably not be permitted now by SCCEHS due to ordinance changes requiring stricter separation standards from groundwater.

The following APN files had pumper reports showing high effluent levels in septic tanks and/or liquid effluent **flowback** from the leach field during pumping. This usually indicates that the system's disposal. devices are not able to process sewage effluent adequately and a major leach field upgrade is on the horizon:

$\mathbf{APN}^{'}$	High	Level	Liquid	Flowback	Surfacing	Sewage/	GW*	Date
51-051-06							X	5-96
51-051-07		X		X			X	7-97
51-052-01		X						1-97
51-052-02		X		X				4-90
5 1-052	-07	X						6-97
5 1-052-08						Failure		2-95
51-052-1 1							X	5-96
51-052-13							X	5-96
51-052-14							X	5-96
51-053-02						Failure	X	4-9s
5 1-053-04		X		X				1-9s
5 1-053-05							X	5-96
51-053-08		X						12-97
51-053-15		X						12-95
51-053-16						X	X	5-96
51-551-03		X		X		X		11-96
51-551-09		X		X		X		9-91

<sup>\*</sup>GW= greywater by-pass

Residents have also reported poor system performance during the winter. Although only two complaints regarding system failure have been received by SCCEHS in recent years, there are reportedly other instances of surfacing sewage from failing systems.

The future for on-site disposal upgrades and repairs in St. Francis is not promising. Upgrades on septic systems for purposes of remodeling and repairs will

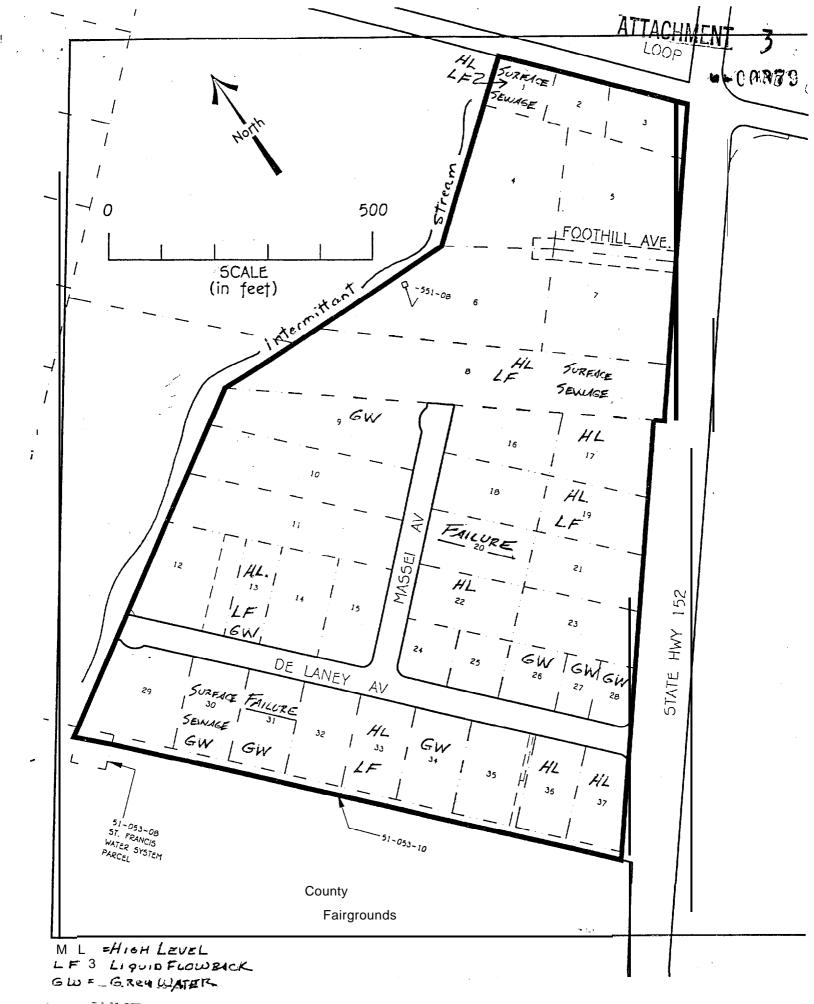
##00378

be difficult and expensive due to high groundwater and poor soils. Enhanced treatment systems and alternative on-site disposal systems may be feasible on some of the larger APNs with lower groundwater levels, but at great cost (\$20,000) to the homeowner.

Based on the above analysis, SCCEHS supports the community in the St. Francis Subdivision in their attempt to connect to the Salsipuedes Sanitation District's sewer line on East Lake Avenue. In matters pertaining to public and environmental health protection, SCCEHS believes sewering this subdivision is warranted.

stfranci.sum 5/98 JS

7.57



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454-2089

P.03

ATTACHMENT

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

SANTA CRUIT

COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ

**##**00380

CONCERNMENTAL CENTER

701 OCEAN STREET BANYA UTUZ CALIFORNIA MAKIO [408] 464-2580 FAX (408) 454-3131 TDD (408) 454-2123

#### PROJECT COMMENT SHEET

TROJECT COMMENT SHEET	
DATE:	τα
TO BE MAILED: IN BUILDING:  I CITY OF Watson: I'e Supervisor  CAL TRANS  DEPT OF FISH & GAME  PG&E  PACIFIC BELL  SCHOOL DIST.  TRANSIT DISTRICT  WATER DIST.  OTHER  OTHER	1
FROM: DEVELOPMENT REVIEW DIVISION	FI
PROJECT PLANNER:  SUBJECT: APN:  No_Apa So.  APPLICATION NO:  PROJECT DESCRIPTION:  SEE ATTACHED  THE ATTACHED APPLICATION FOR A DEVELOPMENT PERMIT, LAND DIVISION PERMIT, GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT HAS BEEN RECEIVED BY THE PLANNING	AJ PE Ti
DEPARTMENT.	
If you have any comments, please contact the planner or submit written comments below:  The city of Watsonville Las no problem  with this project. Approval in	- H
granted from the	6
Reviewer's name (nor initials): <u>LARRY Bushl</u> (Source Control Mgs)  Return to Project Planner by this dare: <u>5-26-98</u>	R R
Return to Project Planner by this dare:	ĸ
discrouting2.npd	di

### Objective 7.21 Sanitation Facilities in Rural Areas

**##**00381

(LCP) To ensure adequate maintenance and operation of rural sanitation facilities based on individual sewage disposal systems to prevent environmental degradation from development not served by public sewage disposal systems.

#### **Policies**

#### 7.21.1 Rural Development on Individual Sewage Disposal Systems

Plan for intensities of use and density of development to be limited to those levels supportable by individual sewage disposal systems where public sanitary sewer systems are not available.

#### 721.2 Minimum Parcel Sizes and Maximum Densities With Individual Sewage Disposal Systems

(LCP) Where individual sewage disposal systems are used, require a minimum parcel size to be based on, ii Rural Density Matrix for the land use designation, but in no case smaller than one net acre for parcels created from newlanddivisions. Allow a maximum density based on the Rural Density Matrix and not to exceed one dwelling unit per net acre for such parcels.

#### 721.3 Maximum Slopes for Individual Sewage Disposal Systems

Prohibittheplacementofindividual sewagedisposalsystemsonsites with slopes greater than 30 percent (except system repairs on slopes up to 50%) to prevent downhill surfacing of effluent from sewage disposal drainage fields.

#### 7.21.4 Alternative Sewage Disposal Systems

(LCP) Allow alternative individual sewage disposal systems, which provide an environmentally acceptable level of treatment, as an alternative to conventional individual sewage disposal systems in rural areas. Such alternative systems must be approved by the Regional Water Quality Con&l Board and the County Environmental Health Services.

#### 7.21.5 Community Sewage Disposal Systems Outside the Urban Service Line and Rural Services Line

- (LCP) Prohibit the use of community sewage disposal systems (including package sewer plants) outside the Urban Services Line and Rural Services Line except as follows:
  - (a) Allow the continued operation of existing systems; and
  - (b) Allow new systems in developed areas to correct existing disposal problems where individual sewage disposal systems are not suitable; and
  - (c) Allow new systems to serve 100% affordable housing projects and public facility/institutional uses such as schools.

Allow systems under conditions (a), (b) and (c) only where approved by the Regional Water Quality Control Board, LAFCO, Public Works, Environmental Health Services; and where operated by a public agency or private contractor to a public agency.

#### 7.21.6 Sanitary Service Connections Outside Urban Services Line and Rural Services Line

- (LCP) Allow sewer service connections from community sewage disposal systems to areas outside the Urban Services Line or Rural Services Line and size line extensions only to serve the following:
  - (a) existing public facilities/institutional uses such as schools, or
  - (b) existing development which conforms to the General Plan land use designation, and which have failing septic systems not able to be repaired, or
  - (c) one existing dwelling unit per existing parcel of **record** which has a failing septic system not able to be repaired.

In no case shall such connections allow for additional density.

Environmental Review Inital Study ATTACHMENT 49-0251

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### Proposed General Plan Policy 721.7

7.21.7 Sanitary Sewer Connections - St. Francis Subdivision Area

Allow sanitary sewer service to those parcels located within the existing Sphere of Influence of the Salsipuedes Sanitary Sewer District in the area of the St. Francis Subdivision (the area extending along the west side of Highway 152 between the County Fairgrounds and Casserly Road).