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GOVERNMENT TORT CLAIM

RECOMMENDED ACTION

	RECC	MIMENDED ACI	ION	
			Agenda_	September 18, 2001
'Го: Е	Board of Supervisors			
Re: C	Claim of Simba Kenyatta, No. 1	02-021		
Origin	nal document and associated materials	are on file at the C	Clerk to the Bo	ard of Supervisors.
In reg	gard to the above-referenced claim, this	is to recommend t	that the Board	take the following action:
X	Counsel	Kenyatta, No.	102-021	and refer to County
	_2. Deny the application to file	a late claim on b	ehalf of	
	and refer to County Counsel.			
	and refer to County Counsel.		enan oi	
				in the amount of
	and reject th	ne balance, if any,	and refer to Co	in the amount of ounty Counsel.
	_5. Reject the claim of			as insufficiently filed
	and refer to County Counsel	•		
cc:	Rama Khalsa, Administator Health Services Agency	RISK MANAG		
	Mark Tracy, Sheriff-Coroner	ByJanet Mc	Kinley, A R M ,	Risk Manager
		SAMUEL TOR	RES, JR., CO	OUNTY COUNSEL
			Ca '	u Backett

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Attorney for Claimant SIMBA KENYATTA



Claim of SIMBA KENYATTA

SIMBA KENYATTA

v.

COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ

CLAIM FOR PERSONAL INJURIES, DEPRIVATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS, FALSE ARREST/IMPRISONMENT, NEGLIGENCE, FAILURE TO PROVIDE MEDICAL CARE FOR PRISONER IN CUSTODY DESPITE KNOWLEDGE OF THE NEED FOR MEDICAL CARE (GOVT. CODE § 845.6), AND NEGLIGENT AND INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

To the Board **of** Supervisors of the County **d** Santa Cruz:

You are hereby notified that SIMBA KENYATTA, whose address is 825 N. Branciforte, Santa Cruz, CA 95060 claims damages from the County of Santa Cruz ("the County"), and the individual agents and/or employees of the County causing his injuries. All notices or other communications with regard to this claim should be sent to Claimant's attorney, Douglas C. Kane, at the following address: Douglas C. Kane, Law Offices of Douglas Kane, 121 Jewell Street, Santa Cruz, CA 95060.

This claim is based upon personal injuries, deprivation of civil rights, false arrest/imprisonment, negligence, failure to provide a detained individual medical care despite knowledge of the need for medical care (Govt. Code § 845.6) and negligent and intentional infliction of emotional distress sustained by Claimant on or about February 21-23, 2001, in the Santa Cruz County Jail, under the following circumstances:

Claimant is a 48-year-old African-American male with dreadlocks. He is well known in the Santa Cruz community as a political activist, and he once ran for the seat on the

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In the afternoon of February 21, 2001, Claimant was walking on Pacific Avenue in downtown Santa. As is usual at that time of day, there were many pedestrians on Pacific Avenue, some of whom were crossing from one side of the block to the other outside of the marked crosswalks. Claimant was the only African-Americans in the vicinity. When Claimant crossed Pacific Avenue he was singled out and stopped for jaywalking by Officer Bill Azua of the Santa Cruz City Police Department. Officer Azua immediately demanded that Claimant produce his identification.

After checking Claimant's identification over the radio, Officer Azua informed Claimant that there was a warrant for his arrest. Apparently the County had issued this warrant for failure to appear at a hearing on a charge of driving on a suspended license and had failed to rescind the warrant even though the underlying charge had already been resolved. Officer Azuathen proceeded to handcuff Claimant and placed him under arrest. He brought Claimant to his patrol car and delivered him to the Santa Cruz County Jail. At no time did Officer Azua inform Claimant of why he was being arrested, other than saying that there was a warrant for Claimant's arrest.

After arriving at the Santa Cruz County Jail, Claimant informed jail personnel that lhe suffers from Bi-Polar Disorder, Obsessive Compulsive Disorder, Post Traumatic Stress Syndrome and Chronic and Clinical Depression, and that he took a medication called Neurontin to control these conditions. However, jail personal failed to provide him with this medication, and in fact refused to give him any medication at all until the second day of his incarceration, when he was finally given a sedative (which quieted Claimant down but did little to relieve his symptoms). This denial of his medication, combined with the extraordinary stress of being incarcerated for no good reason, infinitely exacerbated Claimant's condition, leaving him in a state of extreme terror, stress, and disorientation.

Claimant was incarcerated until February 23, 2001, at which time he was released by Commissioner Stephen S. Siegel, who commented that he did not understand why Claimant had been incarcerated.

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 Since his incarceration, Claimant has suffered from panic attacks, nightmares, sudden uncontrollable weeping and related symptoms.

The incarceration of Claimant violated Claimant's rights under both the California and United States constitutions not to be deprived of liberty without due process and not to be denied equal protection under the law. This conduct also give rise to common law claims for false arrest/imprisonment, negligence, and intentional and/or negligent infliction of emotional distress. His unlawful detention caused him significant embarrassment, mental anguish, and emotional distress.

The failure to provide Claimant with medical assistance despite the knowledge that such assistance was necessary violated Claimant's rights protected by the California and United States constitutions, including the right not to be deprived of his liberty without due process, the right to be free from cruel and unusual punishment, and the right to equal protection under the law. It also violated the provisions of California Government Code section 845.6, the California Unruh Civil Rights Act, and the federal Americans With Disabilities Act, as well as giving rise to common law claims for negligence and intentional and/or negligent infliction of emotional distress. This failure to provide Claimant with necessary medical assistance or to accommodate his disability caused Claimant significant additional mental anguish and emotional distress.

The names of the publicemployees causing Claimant's injuries under the described circumstances are unknown at this time. They include the individual or individuals responsible for issuing the warrant for Claimant's arrest and/or failing to rescind the warrant when the underlying charges were resolved. They also include the unidentified individual or individuals at the Santa Cruz County jail who refused to give Claimant the medical assistance he required, as well as Sheriff Mark Tracy and other unidentified individuals who negligently failed to properly train the individual or individuals at the Santa Cruz County Jail who refused to give Claimant medical assistance regarding providing necessary medical attention to prisoners and detainees and negligently failed to train the individual or individuals responsible for issuing the warrant for Claimant's arrest and/or

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failing to cancel the warrant when the underlying charges were resolved. These individuals were all acting within the course and scope of their employment at all times and were acting in concert, each the agent of the other and the County of Santa Cruz. They acted together under color of state law to deprive Claimant of his civil rights and to discriminate against Claimant on the basis of his race and his disability, which they failed to reasonably accommodate.

The injuries sustained by Claimant, as far as known, as of the date of presentation of this claim, consist of emotional distress, pain and suffering, medical expenses and other general and special damages all flowing from the wrongful conduct of the County and its agents and employees under the circumstances described. Claimant also claims entitlement to punitive damages. In addition, he seeks injunctive relief requiring the County and its law enforcement personnel to reasonably accommodate disabled individuals, and declarative relief clarifying the extent of the duty of the County and its law enforcement personnel to reasonably accommodate disabled individuals.

The amount claimed, as of the date of presentation of this claim, is an amount within the jurisdiction of the Superior Court. This matter poes not constitute a limited civil case.

Dated: August 20, 2001

DOUGLAS C. KANE Attorney for Claimant