

COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

701 OCEAN STREET, 4TH FLOOR, SANTA CRUZ, CA 95060 (831) 454-2580 FAX: (831) 454-2131 TDD: (831) 454-2123 TOM BURNS, PLANNING DIRECTOR

NOTICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW PERIOD

SANTA CRUZ COUNTY

APPLICANT: Doron & Melanie Fishbin, Trustees

APPLICATION NO.: 07-0002

APN: 042-022-12

The Environmental Coordinator has reviewed the Initial Study for your application and made the following preliminary determination:

XX	Negative Declaration (Your project will not have a significant impact on the environment.)
	Mitigations will be attached to the Negative Declaration.
	No mitigations will be attached.
	Environmental Impact Report (Your project may have a significant effect on the environment. An EIR must be prepared to address the potential impacts.)

As part of the environmental review process required by the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), this is your opportunity to respond to the preliminary determination before it is finalized. Please contact Matt Johnston, Environmental Coordinator at (831) 454-3201, if you wish to comment on the preliminary determination. Written comments will be received until 5:00 p.m. on the last day of the review period.

Review Period Ends: August 4, 2008

Randall Adams

Staff Planner

Phone: <u>454-3218</u>

Date: July 9, 2008

NAME:

Doron Fishbin

APPLICATION:

07-0002

A.P.N:

042-022-12

NEGATIVE DECLARATION MITIGATIONS

- A. In order to prevent erosion, off site sedimentation, and pollution of creeks, prior to start of site work the applicant shall submit a detailed erosion control plan for review and approval by Environmental Planning staff. The plan shall include a clearing and grading schedule, clearly marked disturbance envelope, revegetation specifications, temporary road surfacing and construction entry stabilization and details of temporary drainage control.
- B. To prevent drainage discharges from carrying silt, grease, and other contaminants from paved surfaces into nearby waterways, the applicant/owner shall maintain the silt and grease traps in the storm drain system according to the following monitoring and maintenance procedures:
 - a. The traps shall be inspected to determine if they need cleaning or repair prior to October 15 each year at a minimum;
 - b. A brief annual report shall be prepared by the trap inspector at the conclusion of each October inspection and submitted to the drainage section of the Department of Public Works within 5 days of inspection. This monitoring report shall specify any repairs that have been done or that are needed to allow the trap to function adequately.



Environmental Review Initial Study

Application Number: 07-0002

Date: May 19, 2008 (Revised July 8, 2008)

Staff Planner: Randall Adams

I. OVERVIEW AND ENVIRONMENTAL DETERMINATION

APPLICANT: Doron Fishbin APN: 042-022-12

OWNER: Doron & Melanie Fishbin, trustees SUPERVISORAL DISTRICT: 2

LOCATION: Property located at the northeast corner of North Ave. and Broadway in Seacliff.

(270 North Ave.) (Attachment 1)

SUMMARY PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Proposal to construct a 3 story, 12 room hotel, restaurant, and gymnasium/spa, to grade approximately 321 cubic yards (cut) and 177 cubic yards (fill) of earth, and to construct associated improvements.

Requires a General Plan Amendment (to amend the Seacliff Village Plan), Commercial Development Permit, Coastal Development Permit, Roadway/Roadside Exception, Design Review Exception to reduce the required 5 feet wide landscape strip on the north and east sides of the parking area, Soils Report Review, and Preliminary Grading Review.

ALL OF THE FOLLOWING POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS ARE EVALUATED IN THIS INITIAL STUDY. CATEGORIES THAT ARE MARKED HAVE BEEN ANALYZED IN GREATER DETAIL BASED ON PROJECT SPECIFIC INFORMATION.

X	Geology/Soils	X	Noise
	Hydrology/Water Supply/Water Quality		Air Quality
	Biological Resources		Public Services & Utilities
	Energy & Natural Resources		Land Use, Population & Housing
	Visual Resources & Aesthetics		Cumulative Impacts
	Cultural Resources		Growth Inducement
	Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Mandatory Findings of Significance
_X	Transportation/Traffic		

DISCRETIONARY APPROVAL(S) BEING CONSIDERED

X General Plan Amendment	X Grading Permit
Land Division	Riparian Exception
Rezoning	Other:
X Development Permit	·
X Coastal Development Permit	
NON-LOCAL APPROVALS Other agencies that must issue permits or	authorizations:
ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW ACTION On the basis of this Initial Study and support	orting documents:
I find that the proposed project COUL environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARA	D NOT have a significant effect on the ATION will be prepared.
✓ I find that although the proposed projection environment, there will not be a significant mitigation measures have been added to the DECLARATION will be prepared.	effect in this case because the attached
I find that the proposed project MAY hand an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPO	have a significant effect on the environment DRT is required.
Matt Johnston	7/9/08 Date

For: Claudia Slater

Environmental Coordinator

II. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS

Parcel Size: 14,000 square feet

Existing Land Use: Vacant

Vegetation: Grasses and shrubs

Slope in area affected by project: __X__0 - 30% ____ 31 - 100%

Nearby Watercourse: Aptos Creek

Distance To: 1,700 feet

ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES AND CONSTRAINTS

Groundwater Supply: N/A
Water Supply Watershed: Not mapped
Groundwater Recharge: Not mapped
Timber or Mineral: Not mapped
Agricultural Resource: Not mapped
Biologically Sensitive Habitat:
Fire Hazard: Not mapped
Floodplain: Not mapped
Erosion: Not mapped
Landslide: Not mapped

Liquefaction: Low potential Fault Zone: Not mapped Scenic Corridor: Not mapped

Historic: Not mapped Archaeology: Not mapped Noise Constraint: Not mapped Electric Power Lines: N/A

Solar Access: Yes Solar Orientation: Level Hazardous Materials: N/A

SERVICES

Fire Protection: Aptos/La Selva FPD School District: Pajaro Valley USD

Drainage District: Zone 6 **Project Access**: North Avenue

(off Broadway)

Sewage Disposal: Santa Cruz County

Sanitation District

Water Supply: Soquel Creek Water

District

PLANNING POLICIES

Zone District: VA (Visitor Accommodations)
General Plan: C-V (Visitor Accommodations)

Special Designation: Site 4-b

Seacliff Village Plan

Urban Services Line: Coastal Zone:

X Inside

___ Outside Outside

PROJECT SETTING AND BACKGROUND:

The subject property is located on the north side of North Avenue in the Seacliff Village and is currently vacant. Single family residential development is located to the east and the railroad right of way is located to the north. Mobile home parks are located to the west and south, with multi-family residential development located to the south east. The roadways leading to the property (Broadway and North Avenue) are not currently maintained. The eastern side of Broadway serves as an informal parking area for the surrounding parcels.

The proposal is located within the Seacliff Village Plan (SVP) area and is designated as Site 4-b in the SVP (Exhibit E). The site is designated for Type A (hotel/bed and breakfast) visitor accommodations uses, consistent with the Visitor Accommodations (VA) zone district and (C-V) General Plan land use designation. (Attachment 1)

DETAILED PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

This application is a proposal to construct a 3 story, 12 room hotel, restaurant, and gymnasium/spa on a parcel approximately 14,000 square feet in area. (Attachment 2) The hotel rooms will be located on the second floor, with a small lobby and office on the first floor. Four of the twelve hotel rooms are proposed with kitchens and eight of the hotel rooms are proposed without kitchens. The restaurant will be located on the third floor and will be approximately 1,650 square feet in area, including an approximately 1,100 square feet dining area with seating proposed for up to 45 people. An uncovered deck will surround the dining area on the south, east, and west sides. The gymnasium/spa area will occupy the majority of the ground floor, with approximately 525 square feet for the exercise room and an additional 2,000 square feet for bathroom facilities and a full size indoor pool.

The access to the project will be from Broadway to the south of the subject property. The 80 feet wide Broadway right of way will be improved to allow angled parking on both sides of Broadway. The 40 feet wide North Avenue right of way will be improved with sidewalk and parking on one side where it fronts the subject property. Although the Broadway right of way will be fully improved, an exception to the County Design Criteria will be required due to the width of the right of way and angled parking layout. The angled parking layout will provide additional on street parking and adequate right of way width exists for the proposed street design. The parking area will be accessed from Broadway via a proposed private driveway to the west of the subject property. 26 parking spaces are proposed, including 2 accessible parking spaces. An exception to the Design Review ordinance will be required due to reduced width (under 5 feet) of landscape strips on the north and east sides of the parking area.

Grading will be required to prepare the site for development and to ensure that the site is properly drained. Grading volumes for the proposed building and parking area will be approximately 321 cubic yards (cut) and 177 cubic yards (fill), with 144 cubic yards to be exported off site. Utilities trenching and minor additional grading will be required to install road improvements within the Broadway right of way.

The project will require an amendment to the Seacliff Village Plan to modify the development requirements for the subject property, indicated as Site 4-b in the plan. (Attachment 1). The modifications will include allowing a structure that is three stories in height, allowing the proposed mix of uses (hotel, restaurant, and gymnasium), and modifying the language regarding residential design. The modifications will allow the proposed development to be consistent with the requirements for Site 4-b in the Seacliff Village Plan.

Environmental	Review	Initial	Study
Page 5			_

Significant Or Potentially Significant Impact Less than
Significant
with
Mitigation
Incorporation

Less than Significant Or No Impact

Not Applicable

III. ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW CHECKLIST

A.	1	Geo	loa	v	and	Soils
		~~	ıvы	y	uliu	COIIC

Does the project have the potential to:

- Expose people or structures to potential adverse effects, including the risk of material loss, injury, or death involving:
 - A. Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or as identified by other substantial evidence?

____ X

B. Seismic ground shaking?

X

C. Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?

X

D. Landslides?

Χ

All of Santa Cruz County is subject to some hazard from earthquakes. However, the project site is not located within or adjacent to a county or State mapped fault zone. A geotechnical investigation for the proposed project was performed by Haro, Kasunich & Associates, dated 1/06 (Attachment 3). The report concluded that seismic shaking can be managed through proper structure and foundation design. The report has been reviewed and accepted by Environmental Planning staff (Attachment 4). The site is mapped as having a low potential for liquefaction.

 Subject people or improvements to damage from soil instability as a result of on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, to subsidence, liquefaction, or structural collapse?

X

The geotechnical report cited above did not identify a significant potential for damage caused by any of these hazards.

Enviror Page 6	nmental Review Initial Study	Significant Or Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Or No Impact	Not Applicable
3.	Develop land with a slope exceeding 30%?				X
All slo	pes on the subject property are less than	30%.			
4.	Result in soil erosion or the substantial loss of topsoil?		X	<u>.</u>	
howev condit must l	potential for erosion exists during the conver, this potential is minimal because stanction of the project. Prior to approval of a gray have an approved Erosion Control Plan, when the control measures.	dard erosi rading or	on controls building pe	are a req rmit, the p	roject
5.	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in section 1802.3.2 of the California Building Code(2007), creating substantial risks to property?			X	
_	eotechnical report for the project did not idesive soils.	entify any	elevated r	isk associ	ated with
6.	Place sewage disposal systems in areas dependent upon soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks, leach fields, or alternative waste water disposal systems?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		X	
Sanita and se	ptic systems are proposed. The project wation District, and the applicant will be requervice fees that fund sanitation improvemental for the project.	ired to pa	y standard	sewer co	nnection
7.	Result in coastal cliff erosion?				X
	rdrology, Water Supply and Water Qual the project have the potential to:	<u>ity</u>			
1.	Place development within a 100-year flood hazard area?			X	

According to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) National Flood Insurance Rate Map, dated March 2, 2006, no portion of the project site lies within a 100-year flood hazard area.

Enviro Page 7	onmental Review Initial Study	Significant Or Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Or No Impact	Not Applicable
2.	Place development within the floodway resulting in impedance or redirection of flood flows?			X	
Insur	rding to the Federal Emergency Managemo ance Rate Map, dated March 2, 2006, no p rear flood hazard area.	_			
3.	Be inundated by a seiche or tsunami?				<u>X</u>
4.	Deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit, or a significant contribution to an existing net deficit in available supply, or a significant lowering of the local groundwater table?			X	
privat Soqu serve	project will obtain water from Soquel Creek te well water. Although the project will incre el Creek Water District has indicated that a the project as the project is required to pa chment 5). The project is not located in a r	ementally adequate rticipate i	increase w supplies a n the Distric	vater dema re available ct's offset	and, e to program
5.	Degrade a public or private water supply? (Including the contribution of urban contaminants, nutrient enrichments, or other agricultural chemicals or seawater intrusion).		X		
amou assor enviro and p	ommercial or industrial activities are proposint of contaminants to a public or private wastated with the project will incrementally comment; however, the contribution will be marking area. Potential siltation from the progh implementation of erosion control meas	ater suppl ntribute u ninimal gi oposed p	ly. The par rban polluta ven the size	king and on the end of the end of the dr	driveway iveway
	and grease trap, and a plan for maintenan ct to a less than significant level.	ce, will be	e required to	o reduce t	his
6.	Degrade septic system functioning?				X

Environ Page 8	mental Review Initial Study	Significant Or Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Or No Impact	Not Applicable		
7.	Alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which could result in flooding, erosion, or siltation on or off-site?			X			
The proposed project is not located near any watercourses, and will not alter the existing overall drainage pattern of the site. Department of Public Works Drainage Section staff has reviewed and approved the proposed drainage plan.							
8.	Create or contribute runoff which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems, or create additional source(s) of polluted runoff?			X			
been r Public increa consid by a d pervio storm the pre	Drainage Calculations prepared by RI Engineering, dated 3/21/07 (Attachment 6), have been reviewed for potential drainage impacts and accepted by the Department of Public Works (DPW) Drainage Section staff. The calculations show that the net increase in runoff will be 0.71 cubic feet per second for a 25 year storm event before considering the detention systems. The runoff rate from the property will be controlled by a detention system in the northern portion of the parking lot and retention through pervious paving in the parking area. DPW staff have determined that existing off-site storm water facilities are adequate to handle the increase in drainage associated with the project (Attachment 7). Refer to response B-5 for discussion of urban contaminants and/or other polluting runoff.						
9.	Contribute to flood levels or erosion in natural water courses by discharges of newly collected runoff?			X			
See re	esponse B-8 above.						
10.	Otherwise substantially degrade water supply or quality?		X				

A silt and grease trap, and a plan for maintenance, will be required to minimize the effects of urban pollutants.

Enviro Page	onmental Review Initial Study 9	Significant Or Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Or No Impact	No Applie
	siological Resources sthe project have the potential to:				
1.	Have an adverse effect on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or				
	special status species, in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish				
	and Game, or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?			X	
Califo anim	ording to the California Natural Diversity Date ornia Department of Fish and Game, there all species in the site vicinity, and there well oroject area.	are no kn	own specia	al status p	lant o
2.	Have an adverse effect on a sensitive biotic community (riparian corridor), wetland, native grassland, special				
	forests, intertidal zone, etc.)? e are no mapped or designated sensitive bect site.	iotic comr	munities on	or adjace	ent to
3.	Interfere with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species, or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native or migratory wildlife nursery sites?			X	
	proposed project does not involve any activements or migrations of fish or wildlife, or in				
4.	Produce nighttime lighting that will illuminate animal habitats?			X	
deve	subject property is located in an urbanized alopment that currently generates nighttime tats within or adjacent to the project site.				
5.	Make a significant contribution to the reduction of the number of species of plants or animals?				

Enviror Page 10	nmental Review Initial Study	Significant Or Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Or No Impact	Not Applicable
6.	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources (such as the Significant Tree Protection Ordinance, Sensitive Habitat Ordinance, provisions of the Design Review ordinance protecting trees with trunk sizes of 6 inch diameters or greater)?			X	
•	roject will not conflict with any local policies ical ordinances.	s or ordin	ances relat	ed to prot	ection of
7.	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Biotic Conservation Easement, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				X
	nergy and Natural Resources the project have the potential to:				
1.	Affect or be affected by land designated as "Timber Resources" by the General Plan?				X
2.	Affect or be affected by lands currently utilized for agriculture, or designated in the General Plan for agricultural use?			-	X
	roject site is not currently being used for a sed for the site or surrounding vicinity.	griculture	and no ag	ricultural u	ises are
3.	Encourage activities that result in the use of large amounts of fuel, water, or energy, or use of these in a wasteful manner?				X

Environ Page 11	nmental Review Initial Study	Significant Or Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Or No Impact	Not Applicable
4.	Have a substantial effect on the potential use, extraction, or depletion of a natural resource (i.e., minerals or energy resources)?				_ X
	the project have the potential to:		·		
1.	Have an adverse effect on a scenic resource, including visual obstruction of that resource?			X	100
•	roject will not directly impact any public sce y's General Plan (1994), or obstruct any p			_	
2.	Substantially damage scenic resources, within a designated scenic corridor or public view shed area including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings?			X	
•	roject site is not located along a County de nated scenic resource area.	signated	scenic road	d or within	a
3.	Degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings, including substantial change in topography or ground surface relief features, and/or development on a ridge line?		<u>:</u>	X	
	xisting visual setting is a vacant parcel with sed project is designed and landscaped as		_		
4.	Create a new source of light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?	 .		X	

The project will create an incremental increase in night lighting. However, this increase will be small, and will be similar in character to the lighting associated with the surrounding existing uses.

Enviro Page 1	nmental Review Initial Study 2	Significant Or Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Or No Impact	Not Applicable				
5.	Destroy, cover, or modify any unique geologic or physical feature?			X					
	There are no unique geological or physical features on or adjacent to the site that would be destroyed, covered, or modified by the project.								
_	ultural Resources the project have the potential to:								
1.	Cause an adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in CEQA Guidelines 15064.5?			X					
There	are no designated historic resources on t	he subjec	t property.						
2.	Cause an adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to CEQA Guidelines 15064.5?			X					
No archeological resources have been identified in the project area. Pursuant to County Code Section 16.40.040, if at any time in the preparation for or process of excavating or otherwise disturbing the ground, any human remains of any age, or any artifact or other evidence of a Native American cultural site which reasonably appears to exceed 100 years of age are discovered, the responsible persons shall immediately cease and desist from all further site excavation and comply with the notification procedures given in County Code Chapter 16.40.040.									
3.	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?			X					
Pursuant to Section 16.40.040 of the Santa Cruz County Code, if at any time during site preparation, excavation, or other ground disturbance associated with this project, human remains are discovered, the responsible persons shall immediately cease and desist from all further site excavation and notify the sheriff-coroner and the Planning Director. If the coroner determines that the remains are not of recent origin, a full archeological report shall be prepared and representatives of the local Native California Indian group shall be contacted. Disturbance shall not resume until the significance of the archeological resource is determined and appropriate mitigations to preserve the resource on the site are established.									
4.	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site?				X				

Enviror Page 13	nmental Review Initial Study 3	Significant Or Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Or No Impact	Not Applicable
	azards and Hazardous Materials the project have the potential to:				
1.	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment as a result of the routine transport, storage, use, or disposal of hazardous materials, not including gasoline or other motor fuels?			X	
	ommercial visitor accommodations use wil ng of hazardous materials.	I not be e	engaged in t	the produc	ction or
2.	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?			X	
-	roject site is not included on the 4/2/08 list y compiled pursuant to the specified code		dous sites i	n Santa C	ruz
3.	Create a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area as a result of dangers from aircraft using a public or private airport located within two miles of the project site?				X
4.	Expose people to electro-magnetic fields associated with electrical transmission lines?				X
5.	Create a potential fire hazard?			X	
	roject design incorporates all applicable fir e fire protection devices as required by the			ements ar	nd will
6.	Release bio-engineered organisms or chemicals into the air outside of project buildings?				X

Enviro Page	onmental Review Initial Study 14	Significant Or Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Or No Impact	Not Applicable
	ransportation/Traffic				
Does	the project have the potential to:				
1.	Cause an increase in traffic that is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system (i.e., substantial increase in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume to capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections)?			X	
	congestion at interessions.				
inters trips)	project will create a small incremental incresections. However, given the small number, this increase is less than significant. Furt I of Service at any nearby intersection to dr	r of new t her, the ir	rips created ocrease will	by the pr	oject (98
2.	Cause an increase in parking demand				
	which cannot be accommodated by existing parking facilities?			X	·
parki not c	project provides 26 on-site parking spacesing spaces off-site within the rights of way currently exist. Based on the Parking Utilization ciates, dated 3/11/08 (Attachment 8) the 26	of Broadw ation Asse	ay and Nortessment pre	th Avenue pared by	that do

The project provides 26 on-site parking spaces and will develop an additional 14 parking spaces off-site within the rights of way of Broadway and North Avenue that do not currently exist. Based on the Parking Utilization Assessment prepared by Higgins Associates, dated 3/11/08 (Attachment 8) the 26 on-site parking spaces will accommodate the combined parking demand from the hotel, restaurant, and gymnasium at all times except between the hours from 6 to 9 PM on weekdays and 6 to 7 PM on weekends. At those times, peak parking demand will exceed on-site parking by 2 spaces. The parking shortfall during these times of peak parking demand will be accommodated by new spaces created within the rights of way of Broadway and North Avenue. As a result, the proposed parking facilities will accommodate the parking demand generated by the project.

3.	Increase hazards to motorists,			
	bicyclists, or pedestrians?	·	 X	

The proposed project will comply with current road requirements to prevent potential hazards to motorists, bicyclists, and/or pedestrians. The design of Broadway will vary from County Design Criteria in that it exceeds the width of a typical local street. The street design will safely accommodate angled parking while providing safe travel for motorists, bicyclists, and pedestrians.

Environmental Review Initial Study Page 15	Significant Or Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Or No Impact	Not Applicable
4. Exceed, either individually (the project alone) or cumulatively (the project combined with other development), a level of service standard established by the county congestion management agency for designated intersections, roads or highways?			X	
According to the traffic study performed by Hige (Attachment 9), the proposed project is anticipal and will not reduce operations at these intersections	ated to add	l 98 trips to	area inter	
I. Noise Does the project have the potential to:	-			
 Generate a permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project? 			X	
The project will create an incremental increase However, this increase will be small, and will be by the surrounding existing uses.		-		
2. Expose people to noise levels in excess of standards established in the General Plan, or applicable standards of other agencies?			X	
Per County policy, average hourly noise levels threshold of 50 Leq during the day and 45 Leq d levels shall not exceed 65 db during the day or adjacent to the railroad right of way which is int noise levels could exceed the established thresholse study was prepared by Edward L. Pack A (Attachment 10). The noise study concluded the bein compliance with established thresholds for	luring the r 60 db at n frequently sholds duri Associates nat exterior	nighttime. I night. The pused. In ord ng railroad , Inc., dated r and interio	mpulsive oroject is led der to dete operation d 6/26/08 or noise le	noise ocated ermine if s, a
3. Generate a temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?			X	

Noise generated during construction will increase the ambient noise levels for adjoining

Enviro Page 1	nmental Review Initial Study 6	Significant Or Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Or No Impact	Not Applicable
	 Construction will be temporary, however at it is considered to be less than significan 		n the limited	d duration	of this
Does (Whe estab	r Quality the project have the potential to: re available, the significance criteria lished by the MBUAPCD may be relied to make the following determinations).				
1.	Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?			X	
The North Central Coast Air Basin does not meet State standards for ozone and particulate matter (PM10). Therefore, the regional pollutants of concern that would be emitted by the project are ozone precursors (Volatile Organic Compounds [VOCs] and nitrogen oxides [NOx]), and dust. Given the modest amount of new traffic that will be generated by the project there is no indication that new emissions of VOCs or NOx will exceed Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District (MBUAPCD) thresholds for these pollutants and therefore there will not be a significant contribution to an existing air quality violation. Construction projects using typical construction equipment such as dump trucks, scrappers, bulldozers, compactors and front-end loaders which temporarily emit precursors of ozone [i.e.,volatile organic compounds (VOC) or oxides of nitrogen (NOx)], are accommodated in the emission inventories of State- and federally-required air plans and would not have a significant impact on the attainment and maintenance of ozone standards. Project construction may result in a short-term, localized decrease in air quality due to generation of small amounts of dust. Standard dust control BMPs (e.g., periodic watering) are incorporated into the project, so air quality impacts associated with construction will be at a less than significant level.					
2.	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of an adopted air quality plan?			X	
•	project will not conflict with or obstruct imple See J-1 above.	ementatior	n of the reg	ional air q	uality
3.	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?				X

Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?

4.

Environmental Review Initial Study Page 17			Significant Or Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Or No Impact	Not Applicable
		Services and Utilities project have the potential to:				
1.	phy con sign ord ration	sult in the need for new or visically altered public facilities, the estruction of which could cause nificant environmental impacts, in er to maintain acceptable service os, response times, or other formance objectives for any of the olic services:				
	a.	Fire protection?			X	
	b.	Police protection?			X	
	C.	Schools?	<u> </u>		X	
	d.	Parks or other recreational activities?			X	
	e.	Other public facilities; including the maintenance of roads?			X	
increa requir	se vere eme	project represents an incremental con vill be minimal. Moreover, the project nts identified by the local fire agency a e applicant will be used to offset the in lities.	meets all and capita	of the stan	dards and nent fees to	o be
2.	nev exp cor	sult in the need for construction of w storm water drainage facilities or pansion of existing facilities, the estruction of which could cause mificant environmental effects?			×	

See response B-8, above.

Enviror Page 18	nmental Review Initial Study	Significant Or Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Or No Impact	Not Applicable
3.	Result in the need for construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?			X	
private Soque serve	roject will obtain water from Soquel Creek well water. Although the project will increed Creek Water District has indicated that a the project as the project is required to pail himent 5).	ementally dequate :	increase w supplies are	ater dema e available	and, e to
	rry sewer service is available to serve the place he Santa Cruz County Sanitation District (A	•		n the com	ments
4.	Cause a violation of wastewater treatment standards of the Regional Water Quality Control Board?			X	
The p	roject's wastewater flows will not violate ar	ny wastev	vater treatm	ent stand	ards.
5.	Create a situation in which water supplies are inadequate to serve the project or provide fire protection?			X	
suppre plans,	ater mains serving the project site provide ession. Additionally, the local fire agency hassuring conformity with fire protection statements for water supply for fire protection.	nas reviev andards t	wed and ap	proved th	
6.	Result in inadequate access for fire protection?			X	
confor	roject's road access has been approved by mity with fire protection standards that including vehicle access.	•	-	-	-
7.	Make a significant contribution to a cumulative reduction of landfill capacity or ability to properly dispose of refuse?			X	

The project will make an incremental contribution to the reduced capacity of regional landfills. However, this contribution will be relatively small and will be of similar

Enviror Page 19	nmental Review Initial Study	Significant Or Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Or No Impact	Not Applicable
magni	tude to that created by existing land uses	around th	e project.		
8.	Result in a breach of federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste management?			X	
	and Use, Population, and Housing the project have the potential to:				
1.	Conflict with any policy of the County adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?			X	· · ·
	roposed project does not conflict with any page or mitigating an environmental effect.	policies a	dopted for t	he purpos	se of
2.	Conflict with any County Code regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?			X	
-	roposed project does not conflict with any and or mitigating an environmental effect.	regulation	s adopted	for the pur	rpose of
3.	Physically divide an established community?		·	X	
The project will not include any element that will physically divide an established community.					
4.	Have a potentially significant growth inducing effect, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?			X	

A General Plan Amendment (to amend the Seacliff Village Plan) is included with this application to amend the height, uses, and structure design allowed at the project site. The proposed project is designed at the density and intensity of development allowed by the resulting General Plan, Seacliff Village Plan, and zoning designations for the parcel. This project is an urban infill project and does not involve extensions of utilities (e.g., water, sewer, or new road systems) into areas previously not served. Consequently, it is not expected to have a significant growth-inducing effect.

Enviro Page 2	onmental Review Initial Study	Or Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Or No Impact	Not Applicable
5.	Displace substantial numbers of people, or amount of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?			<u>X</u>	

The proposed project will not affect any existing housing units.

M. Non-Local Approvals

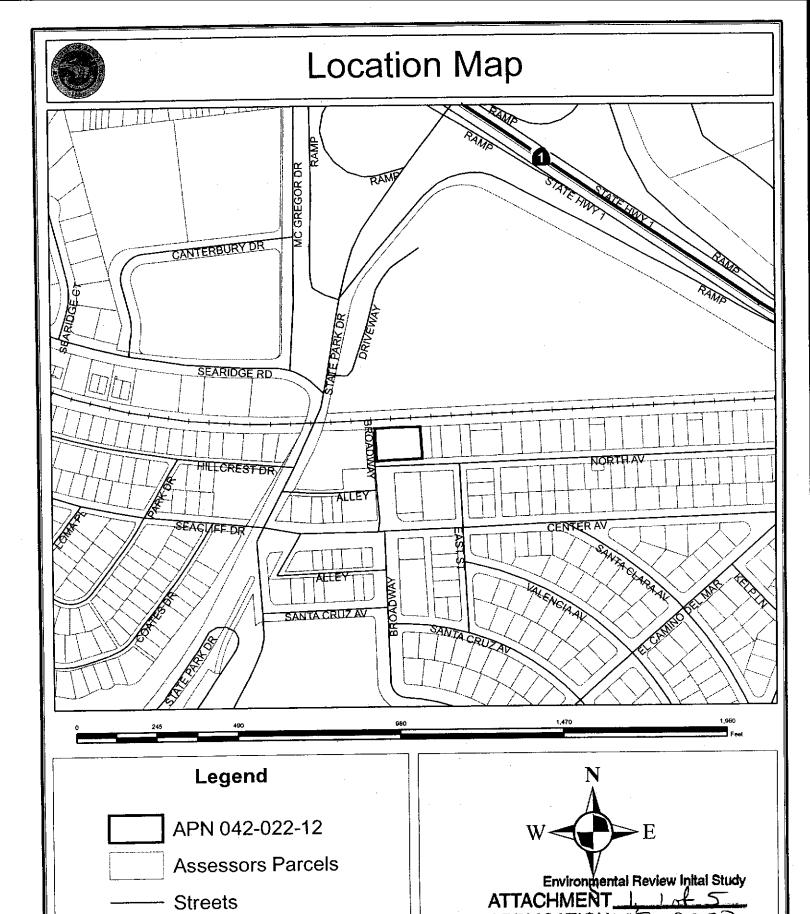
or regional agencies?	Yes	No X
N. Mandatory Findings of Significance		
1. Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant, animal, or natural community, or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?	Yes	No X
 Does the project have the potential to achieve short term, to the disadvantage of long term environmental goals? (A short term impact on the environment is one which occurs in a relatively brief, definitive period of time while long term impacts endure well into the future) 	Yes	No X
3. Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, and the effects of reasonably foreseeable future projects which have entered the Environmental Review stage)?	Yes	No X
4. Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?	Yes	No X
mun cony :	103	. 140

TECHNICAL REVIEW CHECKLIST

	REQUIRED	COMPLETED*	<u>N/A</u>
Agricultural Policy Advisory Commission (APAC) Review			X
Archaeological Review	A		X
Biotic Report/Assessment		4	X
Geologic Hazards Assessment (GHA)			X
Geologic Report	41***		X
Geotechnical (Soils) Report		X	
Riparian Pre-Site	···		X
Septic Lot Check			X
Other:			

Attachments:

- Vicinity Map, Map of Zoning Districts, Map of General Plan Designations, Map of Seacliff Village Plan Land Use Designations, Assessors Parcel Map
- 2. Architectural & Landscape Plans prepared by JJ Design & Michael Holden Architect, revised 1/08; Preliminary Improvement Plans prepared by Richard Irish Engineering, dated 4/21/08.
- 3. Geotechnical Investigation (Conclusions and Recommendations) prepared by Haro, Kasunich & Assoc., dated 7/06.
- 4. Geotechnical Review Letter prepared by Kent Edler Civil Engineer, dated 1/29/07.
- 5. Letter from Soquel Creek Water District, dated 11/22/06.
- 6. Drainage calculations (Summary) prepared by Richard Irish Engineering, dated 3/21/07.
- 7. Discretionary Application Comments, dated 4/29/08.
- 8. Parking Utilization Assessment prepared by Higgins Associates, dated 3/11/08.
- 9. Traffic Study prepared by Higgins Associates, dated 2/26/07.
- 10. Noise Study prepared by Edward L. Pack Associates, Inc., dated 6/26/08.



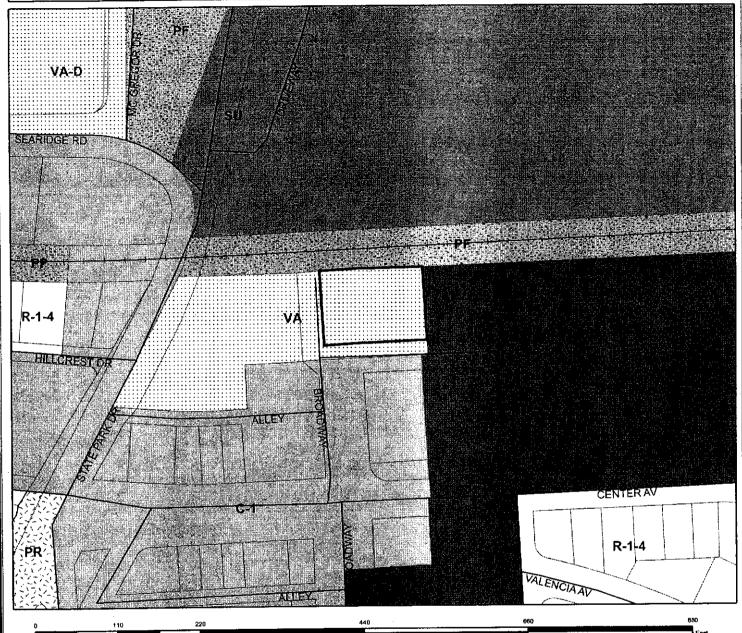
State Highways

Railroads

Map Created by
County of Santa Cruz
Planning Department
January 2007



Zoning Map



Legend

APN 042-022-12
Assessors Parcels
Streets
Railroads
COMMERCIAL-VISITOR ACCOM. (VA)
COMMERCIAL-NEIGHBORHOOD (C-1)
SPECIAL USE (SU)
RESIDENTIAL-MULTI FAMILY (RM)
RESIDENTIAL-SINGLE FAMILY (R-1)
PARK (PR)

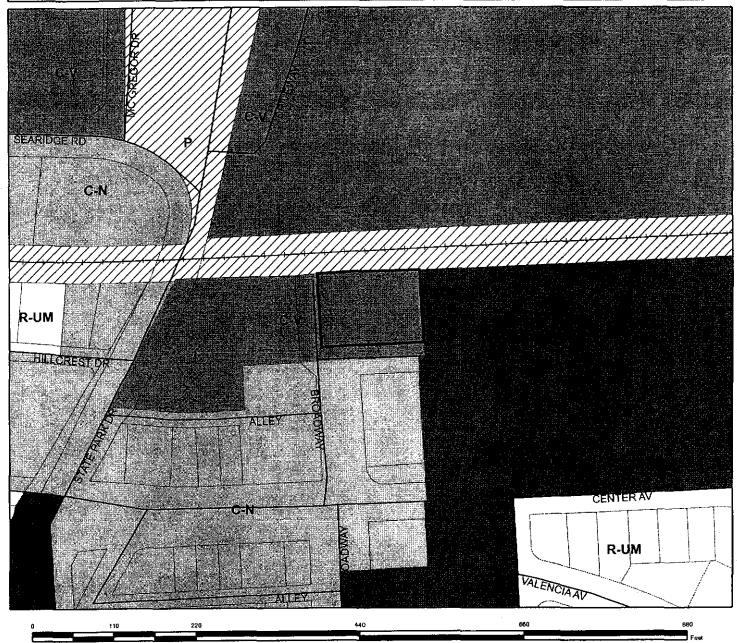
PUBLIC FACILITY (PF)



Map Created by County of Santa Cruz Planning Department January 2007



General Plan Designation Map



Legend



Assessors Parcels

- Streets

—— Railroads

Commercial-Visitor Accom. (C-V)

Commercial-Neighborhood (C-N)

Residential - Urban High Density (R-UH)

Parks and Recreation (O-R)

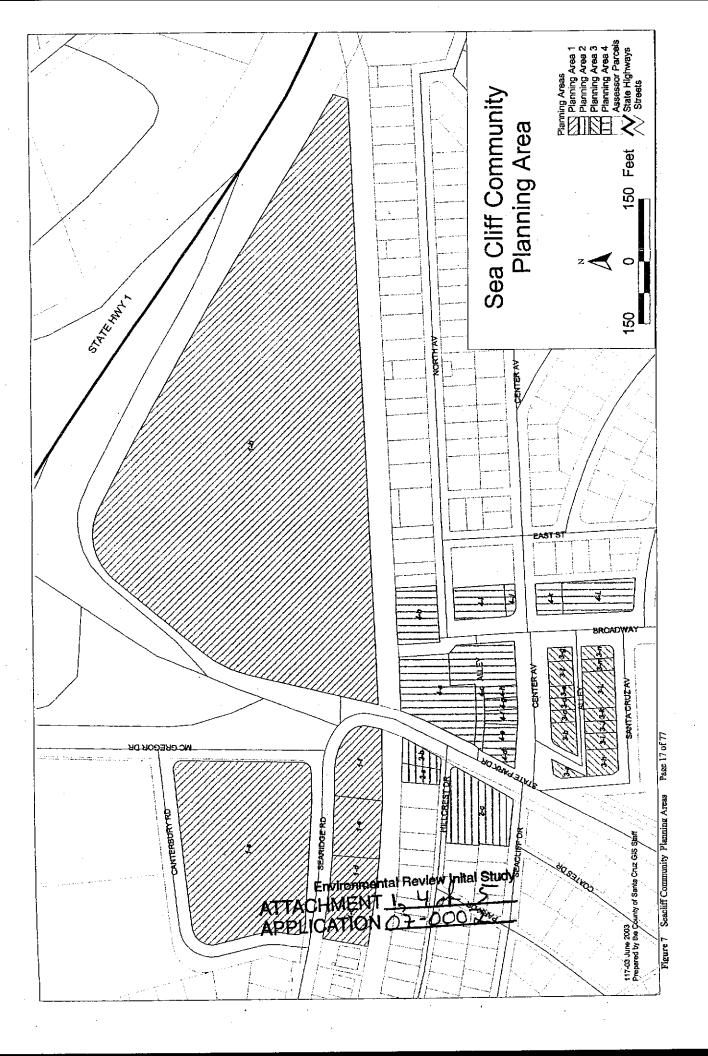
Public Facilites (P)

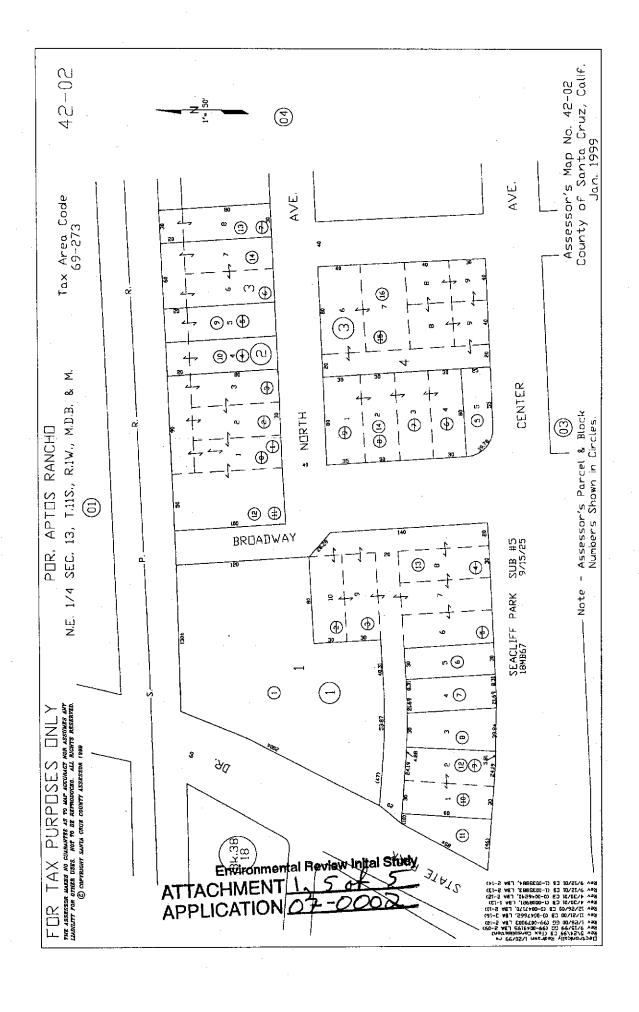
Residential - Urban Medium Density (R-UM)



ATTACHMENT 1, 3 4 5
APPLICATION 07-000 2

Map Created by County of Santa Cruz Planning Department January 2007





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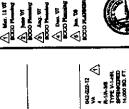














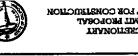


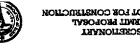
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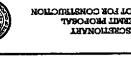




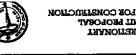




















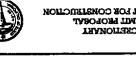


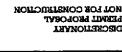


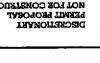




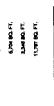










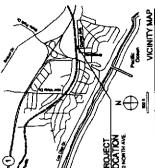


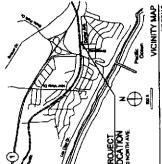




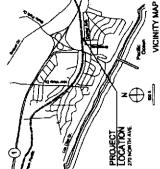


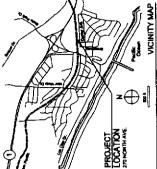


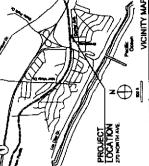


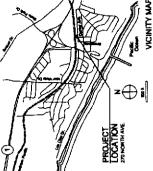


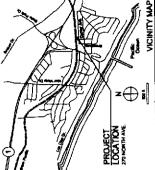


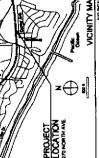


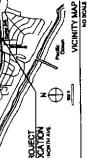


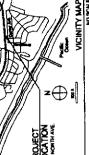


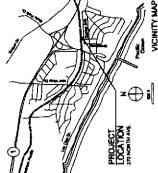


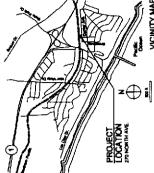


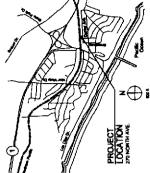


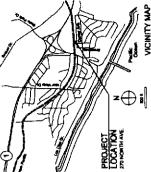




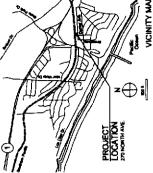


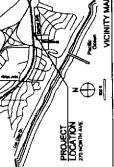












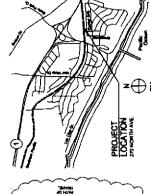
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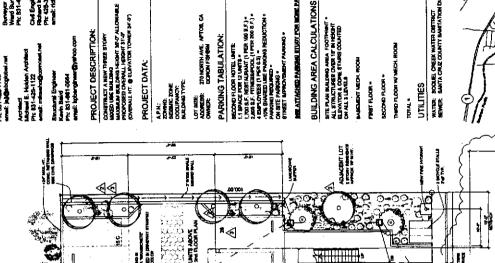
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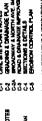


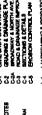


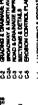


PROJECT TEAM















































































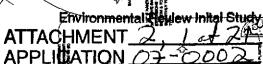












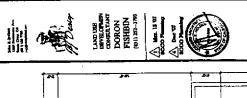


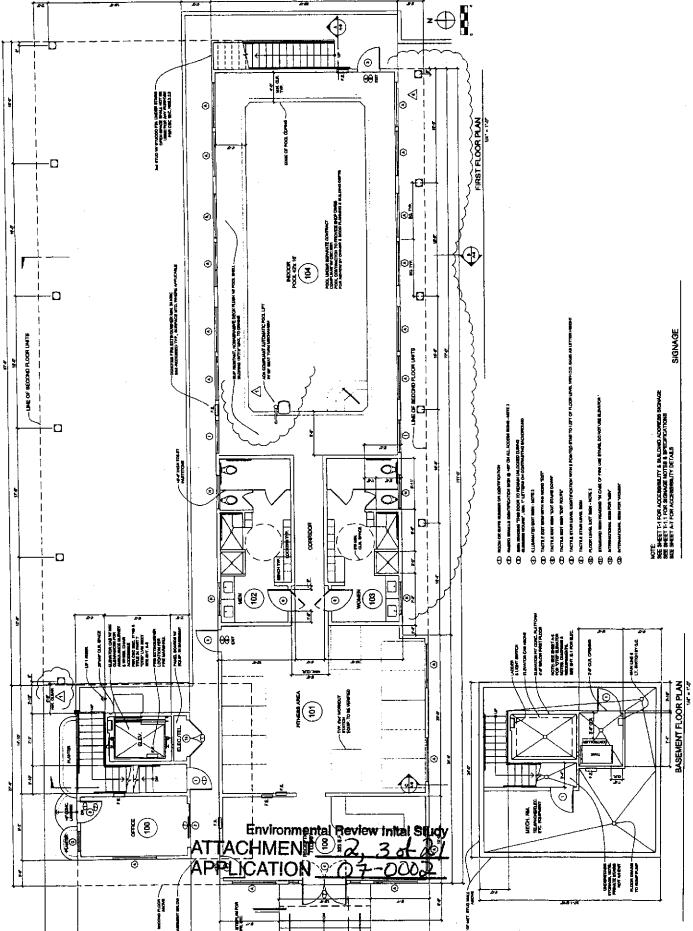
EXISTING DRIVEWAY

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

DECRETIONARY PERMIT PROPOSAL

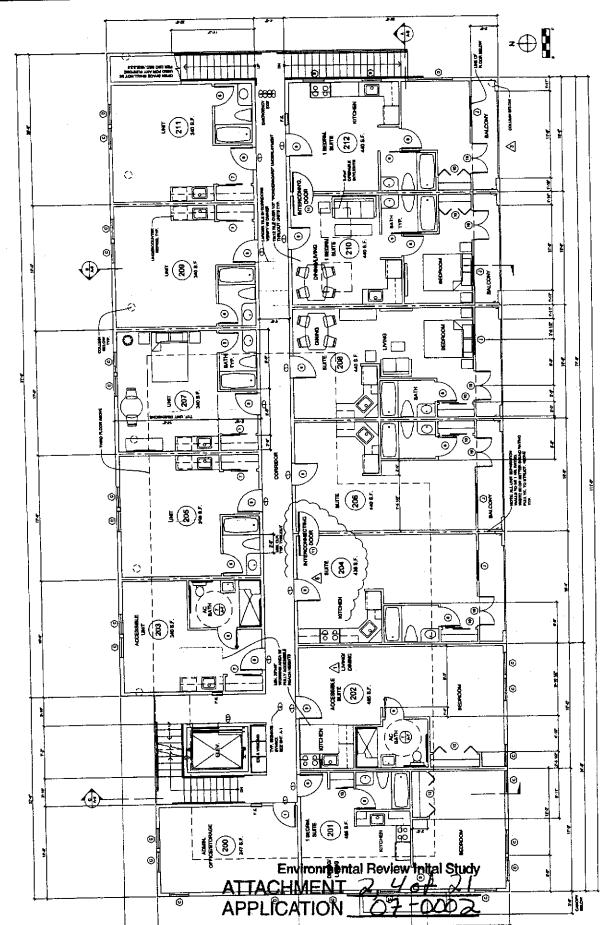
A-1





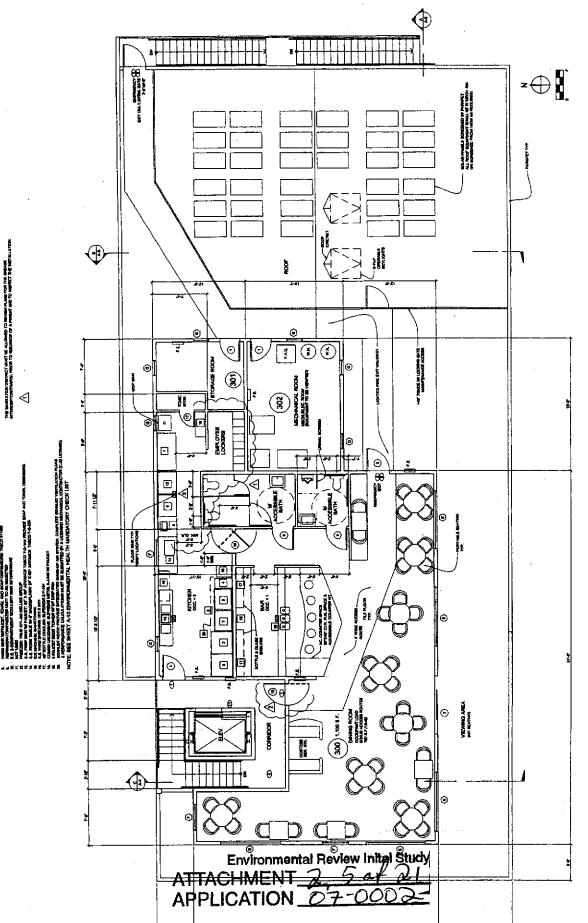
SECOND FLOOR PLAN

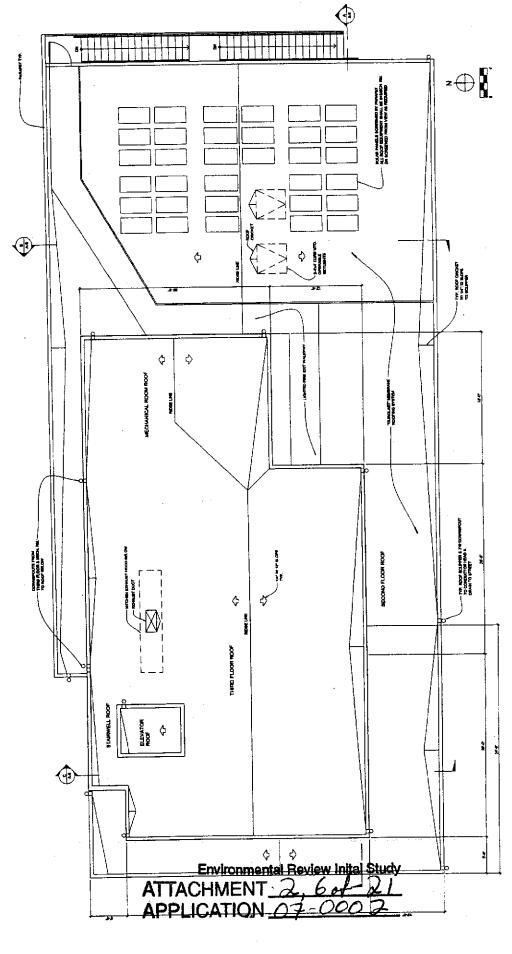




THIRD FLOOR PLAN

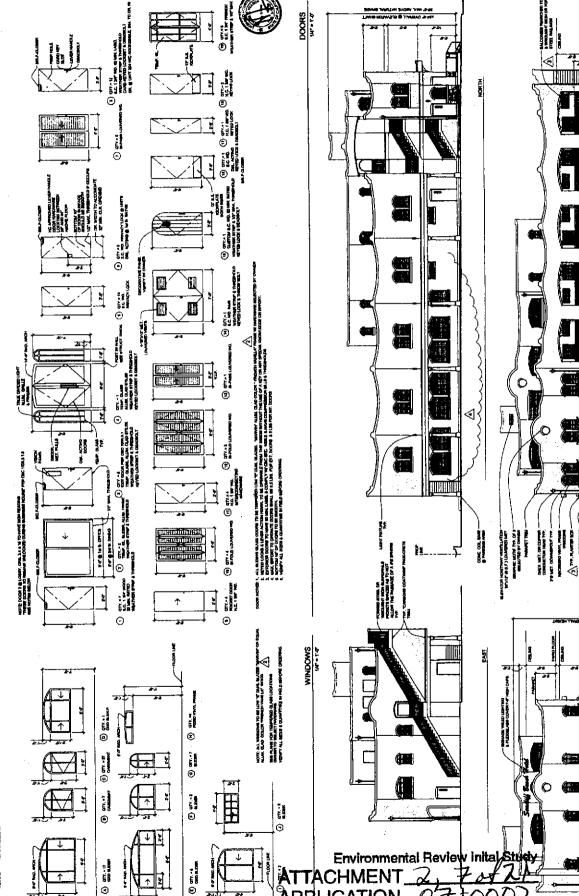
EQUIPMENT SCHEDULE



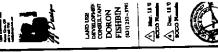


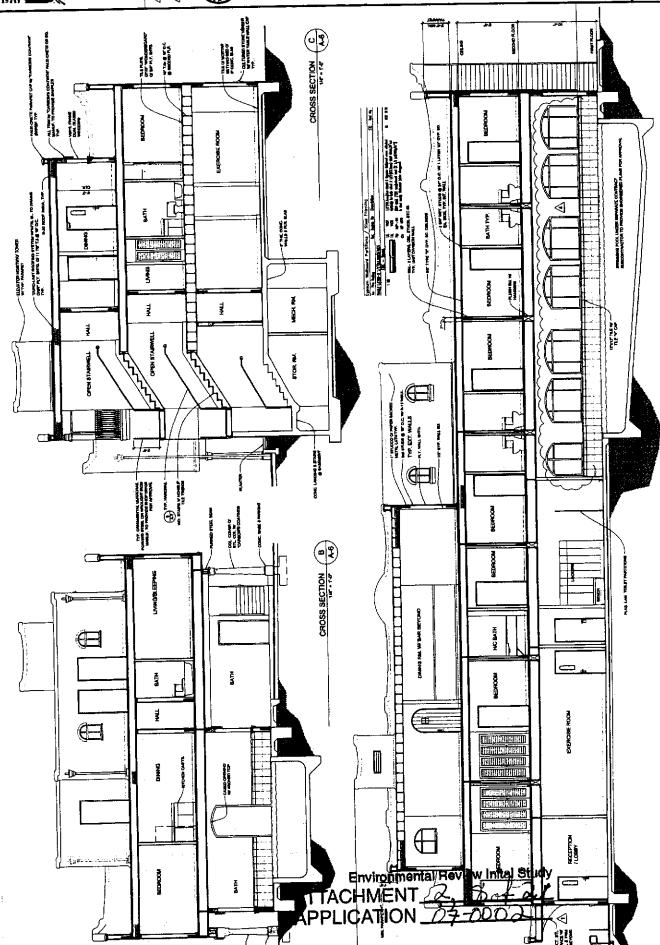
EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS

& VACATION RENTALS
SEACLIFF BEACH HOTEL

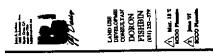


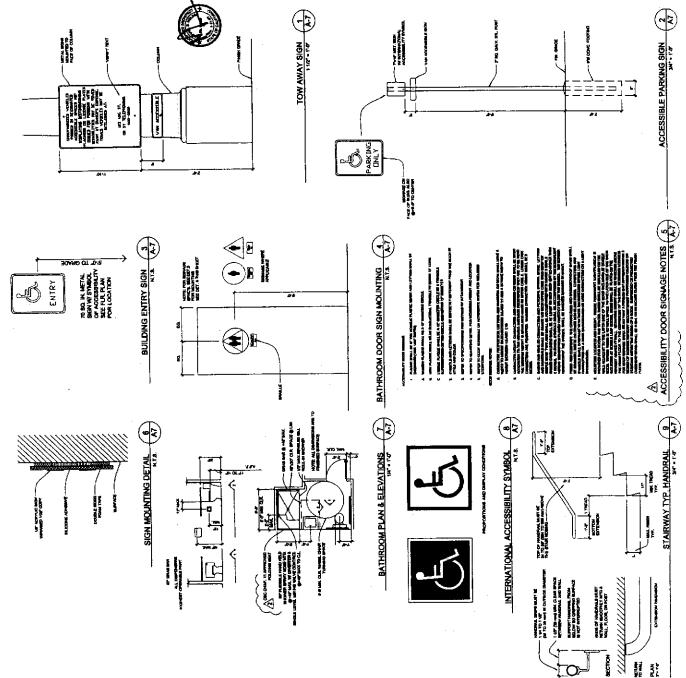
LONGITUDINAL SECTION (A.8)





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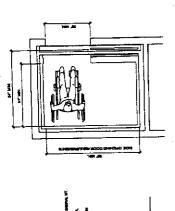


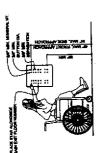


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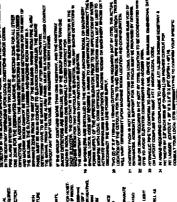






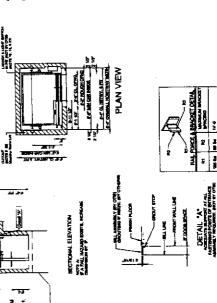


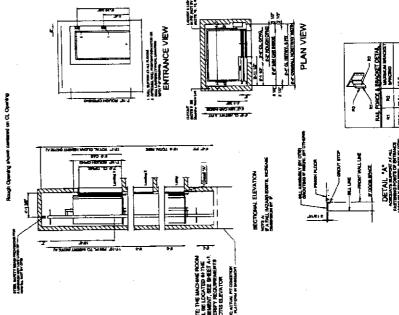












Environmental Review Inital Study ATTACHMENT_ APPLICATION_

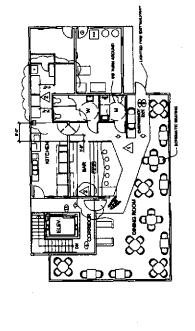


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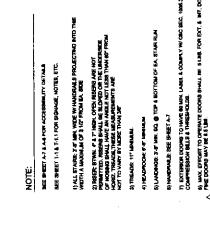
THIRD FLOOR PLAN

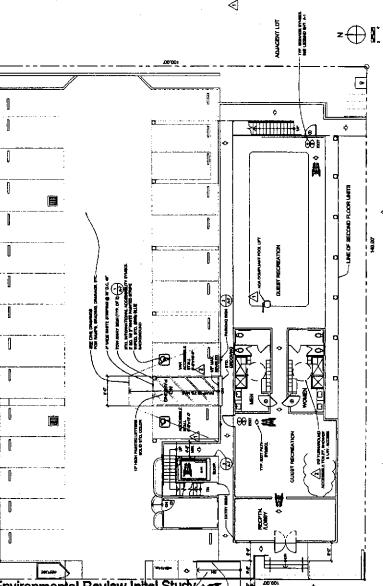
SECOND FLOOR PLAN

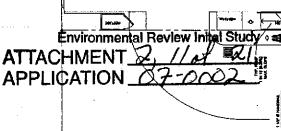












PROPOSED DRIVEWAY

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STTE/FIRST FLOOR PLAN W/ ACCESSIBLE ROUTES

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(C) Makingty result of step (B) by:

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(P) To get the required west house POWER RATING, multiply the (B) Add the results of step (C) and (D), giving RECOVERY RATE

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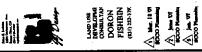
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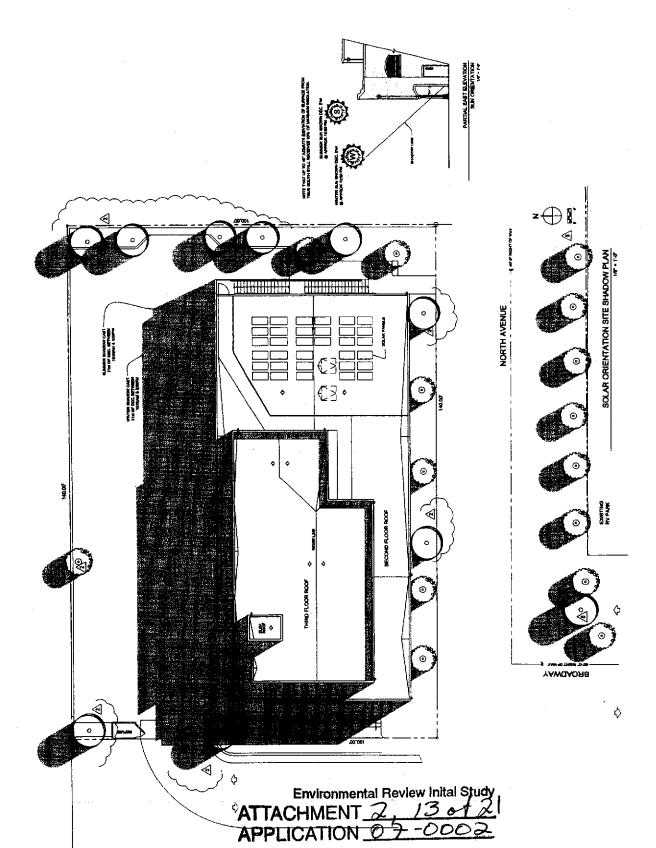
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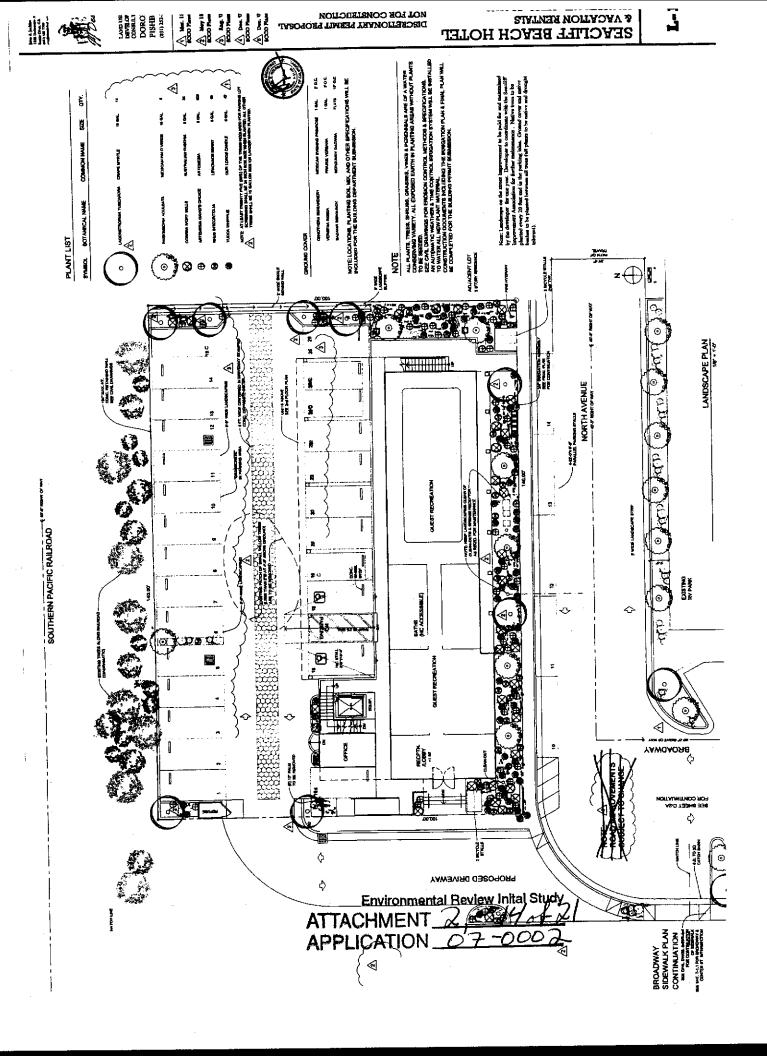
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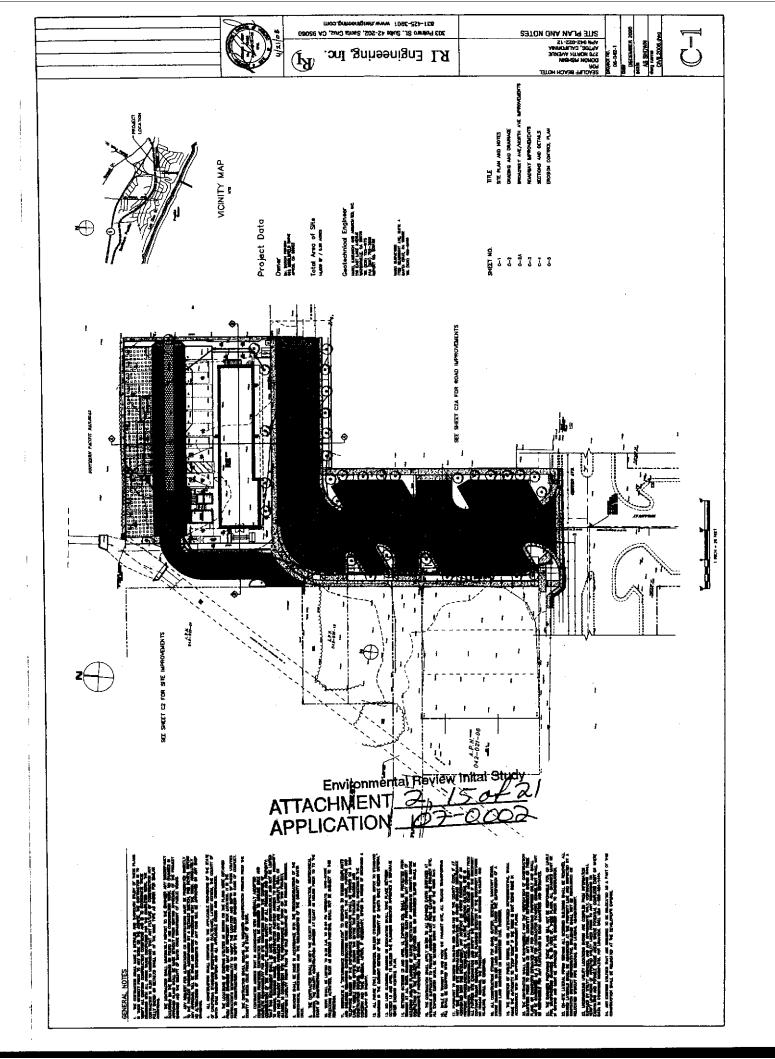
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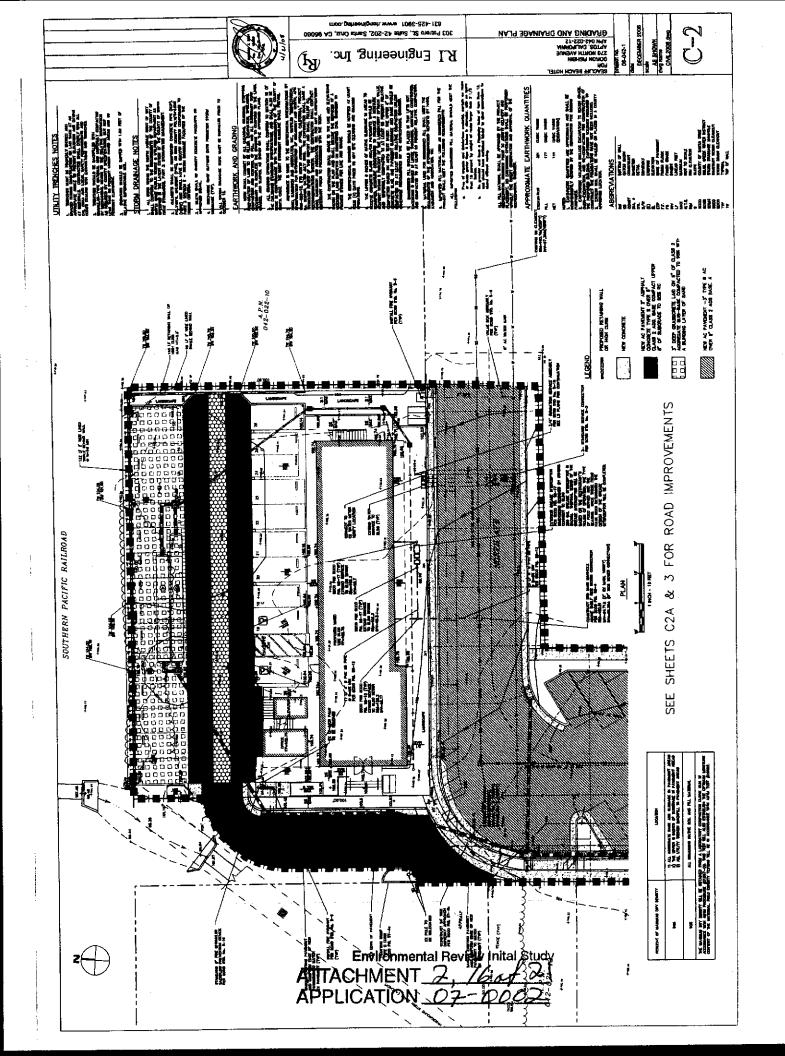


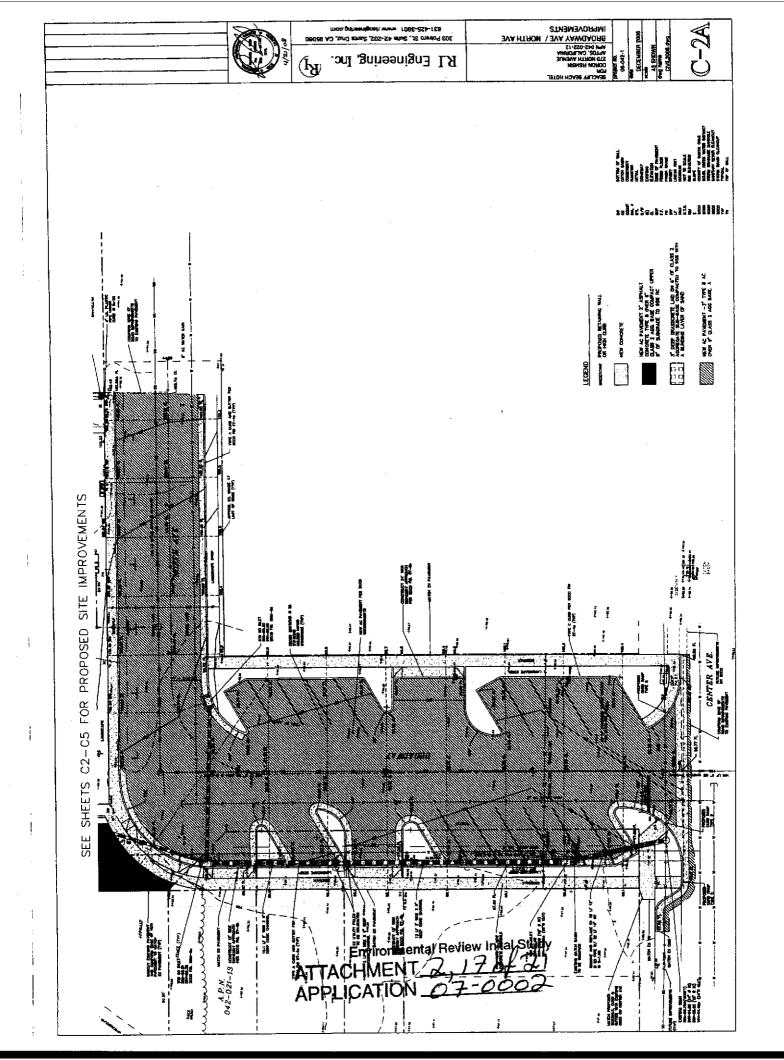


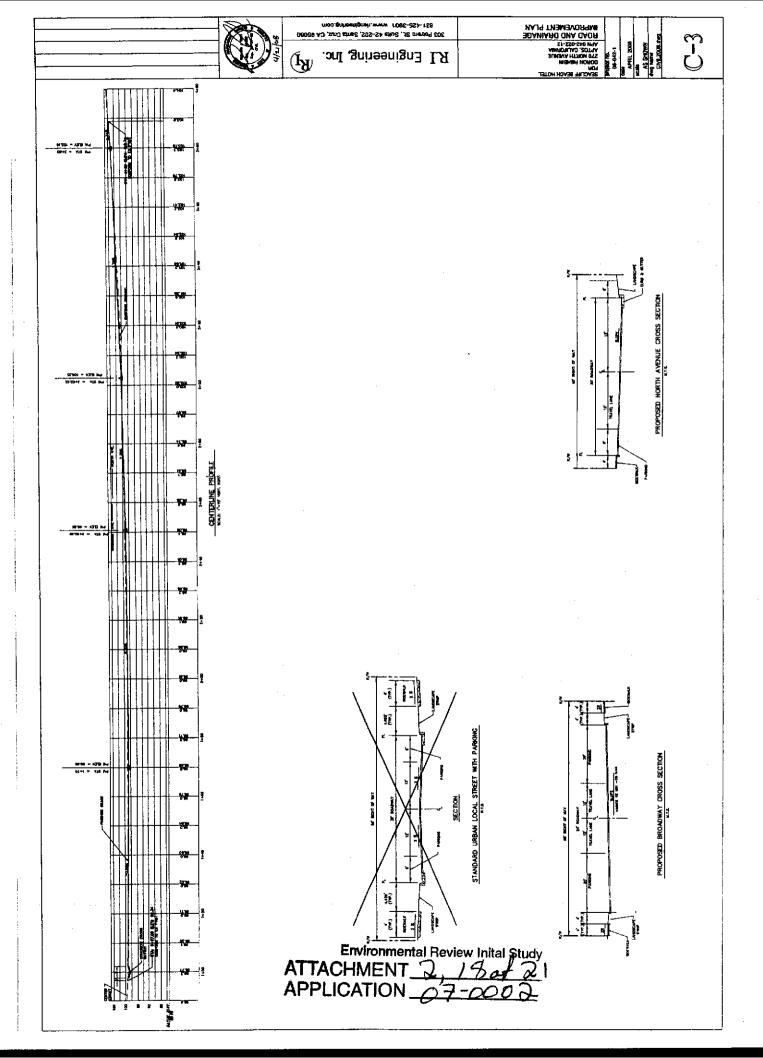


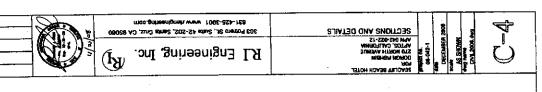


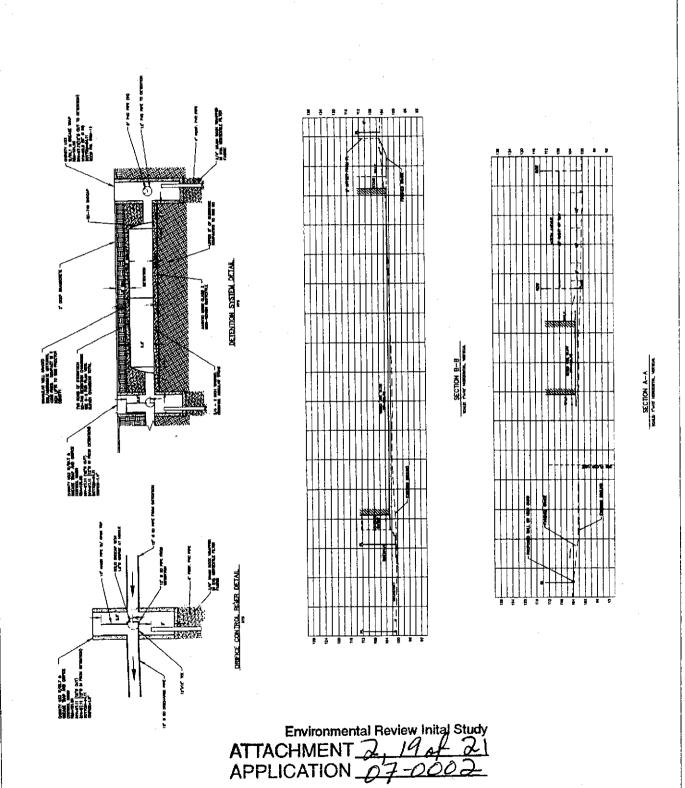


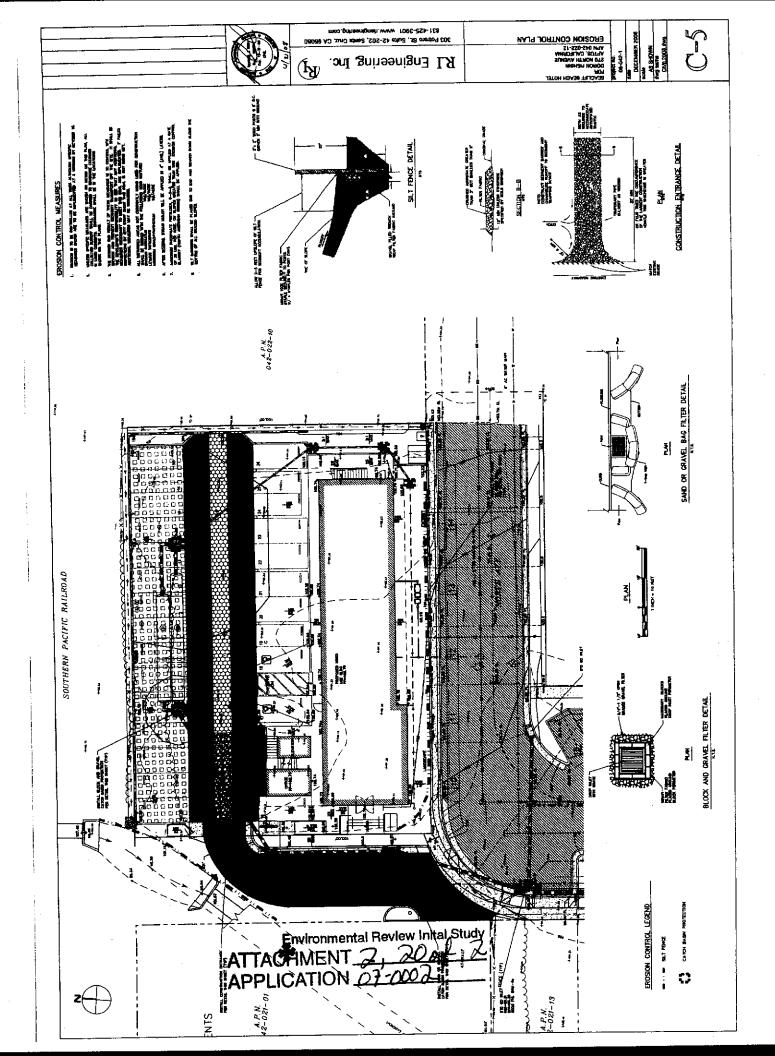


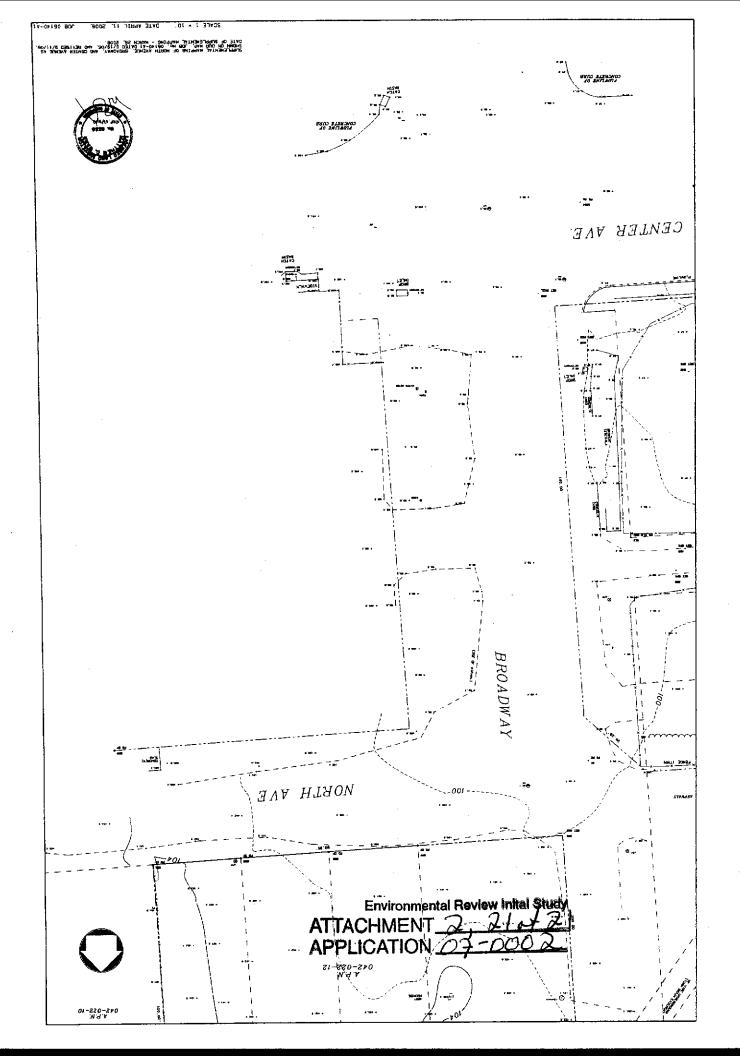












MR. DORON FISHBIN 515 Middlefield Drive Aptos, California 95003

Subject:

Geotechnical Investigation - Design Phase

Reference: Mix Use; Residential and Commercial Buildings

Intersection of Broadway and North

✓ APN 042-022-12 Aptos, California

Dear Mr. Fishbin:

In accordance with your authorization, we have performed a Geotechnical Investigation for the referenced project in Aptos, California.

Primary geotechnical concerns at the site include strong seismic shaking, adequate foundation support and appropriate control of surface runoff for the new buildings.

The accompanying report presents our conclusions and recommendations, as well as the results of the geotechnical investigation on which they are based.

If you have any questions concerning the data or conclusions presented in this report, please call our office.

Very truly yours,

Reviewed By:

HARO, KASUNICH & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Johrh El Kasunich

William E. St. Clair Staff Engineer

WSC/sq

Copies:

3 to Addressee

Environmental Review Inital Study ATTACHMENT 3

APPLICATION 07-00

DISCUSSIONS, CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the results of our investigation, the proposed development appears compatible

with site conditions, from a geotechnical standpoint, provided our recommendations are

closely followed during the design and construction phases of the project.

Primary geotechnical concerns at the site include strong seismic shaking, appropriate

foundation support and adequate control of surface runoff around the property.

Based on our subsurface information the top 5 feet of soil was found to be loose and

moderately compressible. We therefore recommend deriving structural support using cast

in place concrete piers penetrating the top 5 feet and embedded a minimum of 3 feet into

medium dense to firm native soil; or redensifing at least 3.5 feet of the native soil to

establish an engineered fill pad and deriving structural support using conventional spread

footings bearing upon 3½ feet of compacted fill; or (depending on the final pad elevation)

deriving structural support using conventional spread footings bearing on medium dense to

firm native soil below 5 feet. The redensification zone should extend horizontally from the

building edge a minimum of 4 feet.

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Project No. SC9189

14 July 2006

A combination of piers and spread footings are <u>not</u> recommended for a single structure.

Foundation elements (piers or footings) should be continuous and structurally tied together

at the top where supporting structural loads (i.e. roof loads, bearing walls or columns etc).

Floor loads may be supported by isolated footings or piers bearing on engineered fill or firm

native soil. Concrete slabs should either design to span across foundation elements or

founded on redensified engineered fill. Surface drainage should be strictly controlled

around the property. Under no circumstances should surface runoff be allowed to pond or

flow next or adjacent to structural foundations.

The following recommendations should be used as guidelines for preparing project plans

and specifications, and assume that Haro, Kasunich & Associates will be commissioned

to review project grading and foundation plans before construction and to observe, test and

advise during earthwork and foundation construction. This additional opportunity to

examine the site will allow us to compare subsurface conditions exposed during

construction with those inferred from this investigation. Unusual or unforeseen soil

conditions may require supplemental evaluation by the geotechnical engineer.

General Site Grading

1. As discussed previously, since the type of building, exact location and final pad

elevations have are not known at this time some of our recommendations are general in

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nature. We should be provided an opportunity to review project plans during the design

process to ensure the intent of our geotechnical recommendations have been met.

2. The geotechnical engineer should be notified at least four (4) working days prior to

any grading or foundation excavating so the work in the field can be coordinated with the

grading contractor and arrangements for testing and observation can be made. The

recommendations of this report are based on the assumption that the geotechnical

engineer will perform the required testing and observation during grading and construction.

It is the owner's responsibility to make the necessary arrangements for these required

services.

3. Where referenced in this report, Percent Relative Compaction and Optimum

Moisture Content shall be based on ASTM Test Designation D1557.

4. Areas to be graded should be cleared of structures, obstructions and deleterious

material, including trees not designated to remain and other unsuitable material. Existing

depressions or voids created during site clearing should be backfilled with engineered fill.

5. Cleared areas should then be stripped of organic-laden topsoil. Stripping depth is

anticipated to be from 2 to 4 inches. Actual depth of stripping should be determined in the

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field by the geotechnical engineer. Strippings should be wasted off-site or stockpiled for

use in landscaped areas if desired.

6. Following clearing and stripping, exposed subgrades in areas to receive pavements

or concrete slabs should be scarified to a depth of 8 inches, moisture conditioned (or

allowed to dry as necessary) to produce a moisture content within 2 percent of the

laboratory optimum value, and uniformly compacted to at least 95 percent relative

compaction. Aggregate base below pavements or concrete slabs should likewise be

compacted to at least 95 percent relative compaction.

7. If grading is performed during or shortly after the rainy season, the grading contractor

may encounter compaction difficulty with the wet soil. If compaction cannot be achieved

after adjusting the soil moisture content, it may be necessary to use imported fill or gravel

and stabilize the bottom of the excavation with stabilization fabric. The need for ground

stabilization measures to complete grading effectively should be made in the field at the

time of grading, based on exposed soil conditions.

8. In general, the on-site soils appear suitable to use as engineered fill material.

Materials imported and used for engineered fill should be free of organic and deleterious

material, contain no rocks or clods over 4 inches in dimension, and should contain no more

than 15 percent by weight of rocks larger than 21/2 inches. Imported fill should also be

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granular, have a Plasticity Index of less than 15, and should have sufficient binder to allow

excavations to stand without caving. Prior to delivery to the site, a representative sample

of proposed import should be sent to our laboratory for evaluation.

Cut and Fill Slopes

9. Temporary excavations should be properly shored and braced during construction to

prevent sloughing and caving at sidewalls. The contractor should be aware of all CAL

OSHA and local safety requirements and codes dealing with excavations and trenches.

10. All cut slopes should be retained.

11. Engineered fill slopes are not recommended for this project without further review

and analysis by the geotechnical engineer.

12. Following grading, all slopes and/or exposed soil, including natural slopes that have

been exposed as a result of grading, should be planted as soon as possible with

erosion-resistant vegetation.

13. After the earthwork operations have been completed and the geotechnical engineer

has finished his observation of the work, no further earthwork operations shall be

performed without the approval and direct observation of the geotechnical engineer.

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Utility Trenches

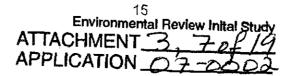
14. Trenches must be properly shored and braced during construction or laid back at an appropriate angle to prevent sloughing and caving at sidewalls. The project plans and specifications should direct the attention of the contractor to all CAL OSHA and local safety requirements and codes dealing with excavations and trenches.

15. Trenches should be backfilled with granular-type material and uniformly compacted by mechanical means to the relative compaction as required by county specifications, but not less than 95 percent under paved areas and 90 percent elsewhere. The relative compaction will be based on the maximum dry density obtained from a laboratory compaction curve run in accordance with ASTM Procedure #D1557-91.

- 16. We strongly recommend placing a three-foot (3') concrete plug in each trench where it passes under the exterior foundations. Care should be taken not to damage utility lines.
- 17. Trenches should be capped with 1.5± feet of relatively impermeable soil.

Building Foundations

18. As previously mentioned, we recommend deriving structural support using cast in place concrete piers penetrating the top 5 feet and embedded a minimum of 3 feet into medium dense to firm native soil; or redensifing the top 3.5 feet of near surface soil to



establish an engineered fill pad and deriving structural support using conventional spread

footings bearing upon 31/2 feet of engineered fill; or (depending on the final pad elevation)

deriving structural support using conventional spread footings bearing on medium dense to

firm native soil below 5 feet. Engineer fill should be processed in accordance with the

general site grading section mentioned above. Utilizing a combination of piers and footings

are not recommended for a single structure.

Conventional Spread Footings

19. Interior and exterior load-bearing walls and concentrated loads should be supported

on continuous, reinforced concrete foundations that are structurally tied together to create

a grid system. Spacing of interior continuous foundations for the grid pattern will depend

on the specific structure; however spacing of 30 feet could be used as an initial guideline.

20. A minimum embedment depth of 15 inches into engineered fill or undisturbed

medium dense to firm native soil is recommended, as measured from lowest adjacent

grade. The foundation trenches should be kept moist and be thoroughly cleaned of all

slough or loose materials prior to pouring concrete. In addition, all footings located

adjacent to other footings or utility trenches should have their bearing surfaces founded

below an imaginary 2:1 plane projected upward from the bottom edge of the adjacent

footings or utility trenches.

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21. Foundations designed in accordance with the above may be designed for an

allowable soil bearing pressure of 2,000 psf for dead plus live loads. This value may be

increased by one-third to include short-term seismic and wind loads.

22. Provided our recommendations are incorporated into the design and construction of

the project, post-construction total and differential settlement of foundations is expected to

be within tolerable limits.

23. Lateral load resistance for structures supported on spread footings may be

developed in friction between the foundation bottom and the supporting subgrade. A

friction coefficient of 0.35 is considered applicable for engineered fill or undisturbed native

soil.

24. All footings should be reinforced in accordance with applicable UBC and/or ACI

standards, however, we recommend the continuous footings contain a minimum steel

reinforcement of four (4) #4 bars; i.e., two near the top and two near the bottom of the

footing.

25. All footing excavations should be thoroughly cleaned and observed by the

geotechnical engineer prior to placing forms and steel. Observation of foundation

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excavations allows anticipated soil conditions to be correlated to those inferred from our investigation and to verify that the footings are in accordance with our recommendations.

Cast-In-Place Concrete Piers

- 26. Cast-in-place concrete piers may be used to support the structural building loads.

 The piers should extend a minimum depth of 8 feet below existing grade and be embedded a minimum of 3 feet into medium dense to firm native soil.
- 27. The concrete piers should be at least twelve inches (12") inches in diameter and vertically reinforced the full length. Actual reinforcement should be determined by the structural designer. The concrete piers should be structurally tied together.
- 28. Piers designed in accordance with the above may be designed for an allowable end bearing of 6,000 psf. This value may be increased by one-third to include short-term seismic and wind loads.

A passive resistance of 275 pcf (equivalent fluid pressure, may be assumed, acting over a plane 2 times the pier diameter. The top 3 feet of all piers should be neglected in design of passive resistance. The pier bottoms should be thoroughly cleaned of all loose soil prior to placing the reinforcing step I CATION

29. The concrete piers should be structurally tied together at the top using a reinforced

concrete grade beam or structural members beneath the finished floor. Grade beams

should be embedded a minimum of twelve inches (12") below lowest adjacent grade.

30. A representative from Haro, Kasunich & Associates should be present during pier

drilling to verify subsurface soil conditions are consistent with the anticipated soil conditions

and to ensure the intent of our geotechnical recommendations have been met. Prior to

placing steel and concrete, pier excavations should be thoroughly cleaned and approved

by the geotechnical engineer.

Retaining Wall Lateral Pressures

31. Retaining walls should be designed to resist both lateral earth pressures and any

additional surcharge loads. For design of retaining walls up to 8 feet high and fully drained,

the following design criteria may be used:

A. Active earth pressure for walls allowed to yield is that exerted by an

equivalent fluid weighing 40 pcf for a level backslope gradient; and 55 pcf for

a 2:1 (horizontal to vertical) backslope gradient. This assumes a fully

drained condition.

B. Where walls are restrained from moving at the top (as in the case of

basement walls), design for a uniform rectangular distribution equivalent to

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27H psf per foot for a level backslope, and 38H psf per foot for a 2:1

backslope, where H is the height of the wall.

C. In addition, the walls should be designed for any adjacent live or dead loads

which will exert a force on the wall (garage and/or auto traffic).

D. Retaining walls that act as interior house walls should be thoroughly

waterproofed. For moisture sensitive wall coverings, we recommend

retaining a water proofing agent for additional recommendations.

32. For seismic design of retaining walls a dynamic surcharge load of 10H psf, where

H is the height of the wall, should be added to the above active lateral earth pressures. If a

seismic surcharge load is incorporated into retaining wall design, the above active earth

pressures may be reduced by 12 percent.

33. The above lateral pressure values assume that the walls are fully drained to prevent

hydrostatic pressure behind the walls. Drainage materials behind the wall should consist of

either Class 1; Type A permeable material complying with Section 68 of Caltrans Standard

Specifications, latest edition.

34. The drainage material should be at least twelve inches (12") thick. The drains

should extend from the base of the walls to within twelve inches (12') of the top of the

backfill. A perforated pipe should be placed (holes down) about four inches (4") above the

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bottom of the wall and be tied to a suitable drain outlet. Wall backdrains should be capped

at the surface with clayey material to prevent infiltration of surface runoff into the

backdrains. A layer of filter fabric (Mirafi 140N or equivalent) should separate the subdrain

material from the overlying soil cap.

Concrete Slabs-on-Grade

35. Building floor slabs and exterior slabs should be constructed upon redensified

engineered fill that has been processed in accordance with the recommendations under

the "General Site Grading" Section of this report.

36. Exterior slabs (i.e. patios, driveways, sidewalks etc.) constructed within the upper 3

feet of existing grade should be founded on 24 inches of redensified engineered fill. For

exterior slabs at or below three feet, the zone of redensification maybe reduced. For this

case, the exact thickness of the redensification zone should be determined by the soil

engineer based on exposed soil conditions during construction, but may not be less than 8

inches anywhere.

37. Interior slab floors used in conjunction with a pier and grade beam foundation should

be designed to span across the grade beams and ultimately be supported by the piers.

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38. Interior slab floors utilizing soil support and used in conjunction with conventional

spread footings constructed at existing grade elevation should be founded on 3.5 feet of

redensified engineered fill. For interior slabs constructed below existing grade, the zone of

redensification maybe reduced. For this case, the exact thickness of the redensification

zone should be determined by the soil engineer based on exposed soil conditions during

construction, but may not be less than 8 inches anywhere.

39. The project design professional should determine the appropriate slab reinforcing

and thickness, in accordance with the anticipated use and loading of the slab. However,

we recommend that consideration be given to a minimum slab thickness of 5 inches and

steel reinforcement necessary to address temperature and shrinkage considerations. It is

recommended that rebar in lieu of wire mesh be used for slab reinforcement. The steel

reinforcement should be held firmly in the vertical center of the slab during placement and

finishing of the concrete with pre-cast concrete dobies.

40. Where floor dampness must be minimized or where moisture sensitive floor

coverings will be installed, concrete slabs-on-grade should be constructed on a capillary

break layer at least 4 inches thick, covered with a membrane vapor retarder. The capillary

break material should be free-draining, clean gravel or rock, such as 3/4-inch gravel. The

gravel should be washed to remove fines and dust prior to placement on the slab

subgrade. The vapor retarder should be a high quality membrane, at least 10 mil thick. A

Environmental Review Inital Study ATTACHMENT 3, 14419 APPLICATION 07-000

layer of sand about 2 inches thick should be placed between the vapor barrier and the floor

slab to protect the membrane and to aid in curing concrete. The sand should be lightly

moistened prior to placing concrete.

41. Floor coverings to be installed over concrete slabs should be installed in accordance

with the recommendations of the manufacturer, including appropriate waterproofing

applications.

42. It should be clearly understood concrete slab floors are not waterproof, nor are they

vapor proof. The aforementioned moisture retardant system will help to minimize water

and water vapor transmission through the slab, however moisture sensitive floor coverings

may require additional protective measures. Floor coverings must be installed according to

the manufacturer's specifications, including appropriate waterproofing applications.

43. Exterior slabs (i.e. patios, driveways, sidewalks etc.) reinforcement should not be

tied to the building foundations. These exterior slabs can be expected to suffer some

cracking and movement. However, thickened exterior edges, a well-prepared subgrade

including pre-moistening prior to pouring concrete, adequately spaced expansion joints and

good workmanship should minimize cracking and movement.

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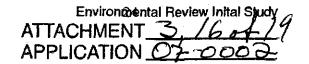
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Surface Drainage

44. As discussed previously, strict control of surface drainage is an important part of this project. Surface drainage should be strictly controlled around the property. Under no circumstances should surface runoff be allowed to pond or flow adjacent to structural foundations. Surface flow should be collected into closed conduits and released into an approved outlet.

- 45. All exposed soil should be landscaped as soon as possible after grading to reduce erosion. All slopes should be permanently protected against erosion as required by a landscape erosion control expert.
- 46. We recommend full gutters be used along all roof eaves to collect storm runoff water and channel it through closed <u>rigid</u> conduits to a suitable discharge point.
- 47. Surface runoff should **not** be allowed to flow onto graded or natural slopes. Consideration should be given to catch basins, berms, concrete v-ditches, or drainage swales to intercept runoff and direct it to a suitable discharge point.
- 48. Water <u>must not be allowed</u> to pond adjacent to structural foundations or on the paved areas. Final grades should be provided with positive gradient away from all foundations in order to provide rapid removal of the surface water from the foundations to



Project No. SC9189 14 July 2006.

an adequate discharge point. Concentrations of surface water runoff should be handled by

providing necessary structures, such as paved ditches, catch basins, etc.

Irrigation activities at the site should be done in a controlled and reasonable 49.

manner. Planter areas should not be sited adjacent to walls; otherwise, measures should

be implemented to contain irrigation water and prevent it from seeping into walls and under

foundations.

The migration of water or spread of extensive root systems below foundations, 50.

slabs, or pavements may cause undesirable differential movements and subsequent

damage to these structures. Landscaping should be planned accordingly.

Drainage patterns approved at the time of fine grading should be maintained 51.

throughout the life of proposed structure.

Pavement Design

The design of structural pavement sections was beyond our scope of services for 52.

this project, however to have the selected pavement sections perform to their greatest

efficiency, it is very important that the following items be considered:

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- a. Scarify and moisture condition the top eight inches (8") of subgrade and compact to a minimum relative compaction of 95 percent, at a moisture content which is within 2 to 4 percent above laboratory optimum value.
- b. Provide sufficient gradient to prevent ponding of water.
- c. Use only quality materials of the type and thickness (minimum) specified. All baserock (R=78 minimum) must meet CALTRANS Standard Specifications for Class 2 Untreated Aggregate Base (Section 26). All subbase (R=50 minimum) must meet CALTRANS Standard Specifications for Class 2 Untreated Aggregate Subbase, (Section 25).
- d. Compact the baserock and subbase uniformly to a minimum relative compaction of 95 percent.
- e. Place the asphaltic concrete only during periods of fair weather when the free air temperature is within prescribed limits.
- f. Maintenance should be undertaken on a routine basis.

Plan Review, Construction Observation and Testing

Our firm should be provided the opportunity for a general review of the project plans prior to construction so that our geotechnical recommendations may be properly interpreted and implemented. The purpose is to determine if this preliminary report is

Environmental Review Inital Study ATTACHMENT 3, 15 4 9 APPLICATION 07-000

adequate and complete for the final planned grading and construction. It is not intended

that the geotechnical engineer approve or disapprove the plans, but to provide an

opportunity to update the preliminary report and include additions or qualifications as

necessary. If our firm is not accorded the opportunity of making the recommended review,

we can assume no responsibility for misinterpretation of our recommendations.

54. We recommend that our office review the project plans prior to submittal to public

agencies, to expedite project review. The recommendations presented in this report

require our review of final plans and specifications prior to construction and upon our

observation and, where necessary, testing of the earthwork and foundation excavations.

Observation of grading and foundation excavations allows us to compare subsurface

conditions exposed during construction with those inferred from this investigation

Environmental Review Inital Study

ATTACHMENT_

APPLICATION 05



COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

701 OCEAN STREET, 4TH FLOOR, SANTA CRUZ, CA 95060 (831) 454-2580 FAX: (831) 454-2131 TDD: (831) 454-2123 **TOM BURNS, PLANNING DIRECTOR**

January 29, 2007

Doron and Melanie Fishbin 515 Middlefield Drive Aptos, CA, 95003

Subject: Review of Geotechnical Investigation by Haro, Kasunich & Associates

Dated July 14, 2006; Project #: SC9189 APN 042-022-12, Application #: 07-0002

Dear Applicant:

The purpose of this letter is to inform you that the Planning Department has accepted the subject report and the following items shall be required:

- 1. All construction shall comply with the recommendations of the report.
- 2. Final plans shall reference the report and include a statement that the project shall conform to the report's recommendations. Plans shall also provide a thorough and realistic representation of all grading necessary to complete this project
- 3. Prior to building permit issuance a *plan review letter* shall be submitted to Environmental Planning. The author of the report shall write the *plan review letter*. The letter shall state that the project plans conform to the report's recommendations.

After building permit issuance the soils engineer must remain involved with the project during construction. Please review the Notice to Permits Holders (attached).

Our acceptance of the report is limited to its technical content. Other project issues such as zoning, fire safety, septic or sewer approval, etc. may require resolution by other agencies.

Please submit two copies of the report at the time of building permit application.

Please call the undersigned at (831) 454-3168 if we can be of any further assistance.

Sincerely,

Kent Edler Civil Engineer Environmental Review Inital Study

ATTACHMENT APPLICATION

Cc: Andrea Koch, Environmental Planning

Randall Adams, Project Planner Haro, Kasunich & Associates



Board of Directors
Bruce Daniels, President
Dr. Thomas R. LaHue, Vice President
John W. Beebe
Dr. Bruce Jaffe
Daniel F. Kriege

Laura D. Brown, General Manager

November 22, 2006

Mr. Doron Fishbin 515 Middlefield Drive Aptos, CA 95003

SUBJECT: Conditional Water Service Application – 270 North Avenue, Aptos, APN 042-022-12

Dear Mr. Fishbin:

In response to the subject application, the Board of Directors of the Soquel Creek Water District at their regular meeting of November 21, 2006, voted to grant you a conditional Will Serve Letter for your project so that you may proceed through the appropriate planning entity. An Unconditional Will Serve Letter cannot be granted until such time as you are granted a Final Discretionary Permit on your project. At that time, an Unconditional Will Serve Letter will be granted subject to your meeting the requirements of the District's Water Demand Offset Program and any additional conservation requirements of the District prior to obtaining the actual connection to the District facilities subject to the provisions set forth below.

Possible Infrastructure Check List	yes	no
1. LAFCO Annexation required		X
2. Water Main Extension required off-site		X
3. On-site water system required	X	
4. New water storage tank required		X
5. Booster Pump Station required		X.
6. Adequate pressure	X	
7. Adequate flow	X_{-}	
8. Frontage on a water main	X	
9. Other requirements that may be added as a result of policy changes.	X	

This present indication to serve is valid for a two-year period from the date of this letter; however, it should not be taken as a guarantee that service will be available to the project in the future or that additional conditions, not otherwise listed in this letter, will not be imposed by the District prior to granting water service. Instead, this present indication to serve is intended to acknowledge that, under existing conditions, water service would be available on condition that the developer agrees to provide the following items without cost to the District:

ATTACHMENT 5, 1 of 3
APPLICATION 07-000 2

- 1) Destroys any wells on the property in accordance with State Bulletin No. 74;
- 2) Satisfies all conditions imposed by the District to assure necessary water pressure, flow and quality;
- 3) Satisfies all conditions of Resolution No. 03-31 Establishing a Water Demand Offset Policy for New Development, which states that all applicants for new water service shall be required to offset expected water use of their respective development by a 1.2 to 1 ratio by retrofitting existing developed property within the Soquel Creek Water District service area so that any new development has a "zero impact" on the District's groundwater supply. Applicants for new service shall bear those costs associated with the retrofit as deemed appropriate by the District up to a maximum set by the District and pay any associated fees set by the District to reimburse administrative and inspection costs in accordance with District procedures for implementing this program;
- 4) Satisfies all conditions for water conservation required by the District at the time of application for service, including the following:
 - a) Plans for a water efficient landscape and irrigation system shall be submitted to District Conservation Staff for approval. Current Water Use Efficiency Requirements are enclosed with this letter, and are subject to change;
 - b) All interior plumbing fixtures shall be low-flow and all Applicant-installed water-using appliances (e.g. dishwashers, clothes washers, etc.) shall have the EPA Energy Star label plus new clothes washers also shall have a water use factor of 7.5 or less;
 - District Staff shall inspect the completed project for compliance with all conservation requirements prior to commencing domestic water service;
- 5) Completes LAFCO annexation requirements, if applicable;
- 6) All units shall be individually metered with a minimum size of 5/8-inch by %-inch standard domestic water meters;
- 7) A memorandum of the terms of this letter shall be recorded with the County Recorder of the County of Santa Cruz to insure that any future property owners are notified of the conditions set forth herein.

Future conditions which negatively affect the District's ability to serve the proposed development include, but are not limited to, a determination by the District that existing and anticipated water supplies are insufficient to continue adequate and reliable service to existing customers while extending new service to your development. In that case, service may be denied.

You are hereby put on notice that the Board of Directors of the Soquel Creek Water District is considering adopting additional policies to mitigate the impact of new

ATTACHMENT 5. 2 of 3
APPLICATION 07-0002

development on the local groundwater basins, which are currently the District's only source of supply. Such actions are being considered because of concerns about existing conditions that threaten the groundwater basins and the lack of a supplemental supply source that would restore and maintain healthy aquifers. The Board may adopt additional mandatory mitigation measures to further address the impact of development on existing water supplies, such as the impact of impervious construction on groundwater recharge. Possible new conditions of service that may be considered include designing and installing facilities or fixtures on-site or at a specified location as prescribed and approved by the District which would restore groundwater recharge potential as determined by the District. The proposed project would be subject to this and any other conditions of service that the District may adopt prior to granting water service. As policies are developed, the information will be made available at the District Office.

Sincerely,

SOQUEL CREEK WATER DISTRICT

Jeffery N. Gailey

Engineering Manager/Chief Engineer

Enclosures: Water Use Efficiency Requirements & Sample

Unconditional Water Service Application

ATTACHMENT 5. 304 3 APPLICATION 07-0002

RI Engineering, Inc.



DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS

For

SEACLIFF BEACH HOTEL

At

270 NORTH AVENUE APTOS, CALIFORNIA APN 042-022-12

Date: March 21, 2007

Prepared For: Mr. Doron Fishbin

Prepared By: RI Engineering, Inc. Project Number 06-042-1

Environmental Review Inital Study

ATTACHMENT 4

APPLICATION_

Exp. 12-31-06

SEACLIFF BEACH HOTEL March 2007

Project Description

The project is located north of the intersection of Broadway and North Avenue, in Aptos, California.

The project consists of constructing a proposed mixed use three-story building. Associated improvements include constructing landscape walls, retaining walls, concrete walkways, and re-paving existing road access. The project drain basin area is approximately 31,000 square feet in size see (see A-2).

Drainage Design Approach

Storm drainage design and calculations used for this project were based on the following criteria:

Use 2006 Edition of the County of Santa Cruz Design Criteria.

Use County of Santa Cruz Figure SWM17 to determine peak storage for detention.

Use 5-year storm to determine peak runoff for existing conditions.

Use 25-year storm to determine peak runoff for proposed conditions.

Control runoff that does leave the site with an orifice control to maintain predevelopment rates.

Existing Conditions

The project is located on a no-ground-water recharge zone as defined by Santa Cruz County. According to the USDA-NRCS "SANTA CRUZ COUNTY, CALIFORNIA," the project site is mapped as soil type "133 Elkhorn sandy loam, 2 to 9 percent slopes" with a permeability range of 2.0 to 6.0 in/hr the first 21 inches of soil depth and 0.6 to 2.0 in/hr for the soil layer between 21-inch to the 61-inch of soil depth (see table 6).

Existing impervious surfaces include a portion the existing access to the trailer park (see A-3). The remainder of the development area consists of landscaping. The average existing C value of the drain basin area of the subject property is approximately 0.39 including upslope properties (see table 1). Upslope properties within the project drain basin cover an approximate area of 17,000 square feet (see A-2). This area represents a runoff of 0.32 cfs for a 5-yr storm event (see table 3 for other storm events).

Runoff from the existing drain basin of the subject property currently flows overland from the northeast to the southwest side of the project area to Broadway. A little portion of runoff from the subject property flows to the existing open channel located at the northwest corner of the subject property. Runoff flowing from the project drain basin to Broadway is collected by an existing catch basin located approximately 30 feet northwest of the intersection of Center Avenue and Broadway. The existing catch basin is connected to the existing storm drainage system located on Center Avenue.

The total peak flow for a 5-year design storm from project drain basin area is 0.42 cfs (see table 1 – EXISTING CONDITIONS).

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APPLICATION 07 - 000 2

SEACLIFF BEACH HOTEL March 2007

Proposed Development

The proposed improvements will result in approximately 13,200 square feet of new impervious area (see A-4).

The total peak flow for a 25-year design storm from the proposed developed site will be 1.15 cfs (see table 2 – PROPOSED CONDITIONS). Therefore, increase of runoff due to new impervious surfaces will be 0.73 cfs.

Runoff from roofs and new impervious areas will be collected and conveyed by the storm drainage system to a Detention system located on the parking area on the north side of the property. All building downspouts will be connected to the proposed perimeter storm drainage as recommended by the project geotechnical engineer.

Detention has been sized for a 25-yr storm event with a 5-yr release storm event. The total storm water detention volume for the project was calculated using the spreadsheets provided by County of Santa Cruz Design Criteria entitled Figure SWM-17 (see table 5). The proposed Detention system will provide 941 cubic feet of detention volume. Runoff will be discharge from the Detention system at predevelopment rates by a 3-inch diameter orifice control (see table 4). Runoff will be discharged from the orifice control to the northwest side of the project area to the proposed storm drainage system along Broadway. The proposed storm drainage system along Broadway will be connected to an existing catch basin located approximately 30 feet northwest of the intersection of Broadway and Center Avenue.

Conclusion

The project will result in approximately 13,200 square feet of new impervious surface. However, runoff leaving the parcel will be kept at a 5-yr storm event predevelopment rate. No change in drainage patterns will occur due to this project. No significant impact to downstream properties is anticipated as a result of this project.

The proposed development will improve existing drainage conditions on the project area by:

- 1. Collecting, detaining, controlling and discharging runoff from the project drain basin at a 5-yr storm event predevelopment rate. Sizing detention system for a 25-yr storm event for post-development conditions.
- 2. No diverting any runoff from the project drain basin into the existing open channel located at the northwest corner of the subject property.

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APPLICATION 07-0002

SEACLIFF BEACH HOTEL 270 NORTH AVENUE APTOS, CALIFORNIA 042-022-12 HYDROLOGY

TABLE 1

EXISTING CONDITIONS

Drain Area:

31,000.00 SF

0.71 AC

Determine Existing Runoff Coefficient: C

Feature	Area	Area	С	AxC	
	(sf)	(acres)			
Pervious	13,886.00	0.319	0.30	0.096	
Impervious	114.00	0.003	0.90	0.003	
Upslope Properties	17,000.00	0.390	0.45	0.176	
Total	31,000.00	0.71	1.65	0.27	

Caverage = 0.39

Time of Concentration:

Tc = 15.00 minutes (minimum)

Determine Existing Q for a 5 year storm.

Ca =	1.00	(SWM -1)
$P_{60} =$	1.50	(SWM-2)
Return Period Factor =	0.85	(SWM-3)
$I_{10-yr}=$	1.78	(SWM-3)
I 5-yr=	1.51	(SWM-3)
Q5 Existing =	0.42	cfs

ATTACHMENT 6 4 4 8 APPLICATION 07-0002

SEACLIFF BEACH HOTEL 270 NORTH AVENUE APTOS, CALIFORNIA 042-022-12 HYDROLOGY

TABLE 2

PROPOSED CONDITIONS

Drain Area:

31,000.00 SF

0.71 AC

Determine Proposed Runoff Coefficient: C

Feature	Area Area		С	AxC
	(sf)	(acres)		
Pervious	800.00	0.018	0.30	0.010
Impervious	13,200.00	0.303	0.90	0.270
Upslope Properties	17,000.00	0.390	0.45	0.176
Total	31,000.00	0.71	1.65	0.46

Caverage = 0.64

Time of Concentration:

Tc = 10 minutes (minimum)

Determine Proposed Q for a 25-year storm event.

Ca = 1.00 P60 = 1.50Return Period Factor = 1.20 (SWM-3) I 10-yr = 2.11 (SWM-3) I 25-yr = 2.54 (SWM-3) Q25 Proposed = 1.15 cfs

ATTACHMENT 6, 5 of S APPLICATION 07-0002

SEACLIFF BEACH HOTEL 270 NORTH AVENUE APTOS, CALIFORNIA 042-022-12 HYDROLOGY

TABLE 3

UPSLOPE PROPERTIES RUNOFF

Drain Area:

17,000.00 SF

0.39 AC

Determine Existing Runoff Coefficient: C

Feature	Area	Area	С	AxC	
	(sf)	(acres)			
Upslope Properties	17,000.00	0.390	0.45	0.176	
Total	17,000.00	0.39	0.45	0.18	

 $C_{AVERAGE} = 0.45$

Time of Concentration:

Tc = 10.00 minutes (minimum)

Determine Existing Q for different storms.

Ca =	1.00 (SWM-1)
$P_{60} =$	1.50 (SWM-2)
Return Period Factor 5-yr=	0.85 (SWM-3)
Return Period Factor 25-yr=	1.20 (SWM-3)
I 10-yr=	2.11 (SWM-3)
I 5-yr=	1.80 (SWM-3)
I 25-yr=	2.54 (SWM-3)
Q5 Existing =	0.32 cfs
Q10 Existing =	0.37 cfs
Q25 Existing =	0.44_ cfs

ATTACHMENT 6, 6 4 S

Design Orifice to Discharge Pre Development Q

Q Allowable release:

0.42

Orifice Equation:

 $Q = Cd*Ao*(2*g*h)^{.5}$

Where: Cd=

0.62

head h =

3

Design Orifice

Design Office		
	Area (Ao)	Q
Orifice Diameter (in)	(sf)	(cfs)
Committee of the Committee of	8/0//0	3 Tak 0 42

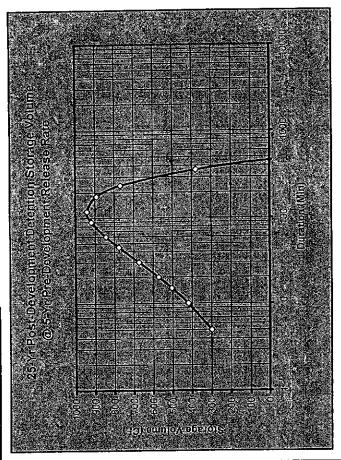
ATTACHMENT 6, 7000 2
APPLICATION 07-0002

RUNOFF DETENTION BY THE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD

Data Entry: PRESS TAB & ENTER DESIGN VALUES	ER DESIGN \	SS Ver: 1.0
Site Location P60 Isopleth:	1.50	Fig. SWM-2 in County Design Criteria
Rational Coefficients Cpre:	0.30	See note # 2
Cpost:	06.0	See note # 2
Impervious Area.	13200	ft ² See note # 2 and # 4

				*For pipe, use the square	root of the sectional area	
NOI	-			Depth*	2.22	2.15
STRUCTURE DIMENSIONS FOR DETENTION	ft ³ storage volume calculated	assumed	ft ³ excavated volume needed	Width*	2.22	2.15
DIMENSION	storage volu	% void space assumed	³ excavated v	Length	209.00	202.78
STRUCTURE	941 ft	100	941 ft	Structure	Ratios >	Dimen.

	@ 15 MIN.	Specified	Storage	Volume	(ct)	-5812	-4230	-2730	-1342	-127	378	792	893	941	918	844	2776	673	572	505	419
	DETENTION @ 15 MIN.	Detention	Rate To	Storage	(cfs)	-0.054	-0.047	-0.038	-0.025	-0.004	0.014	0.043	0.066	0.105	0.136	0.188	0.230	0.299	0.381	0.448	0.559
•			25 - Year	Qpost	(cfs)	0.085	0.092	0.101	0.114	0.135	0.153	0.181	0.205	0.243	0.275	0.326	0.368	0.438	0.520	0.587	0.697
	25 - YEAR DESIGN STORM	5 - Yr.	Release	Opre	(cfs)	0.020	0.022	0.024	0.027	0.032	0.036	0.043	0.048	0.057	0.065	0.077	0.087	0.103	0.123	0.139	0.165
_	35 - YEAR DE	Em	M - Year	T Untensity	Li (in/hr)	la 0.31	0.33	vier Vier	1 N 0.41	ot 0.49	55.0 kg	99:0 ud	40.74	0.88	1.00	1.19	1.34	1,59	1.89	2.13	2.54
7	Li		Storm	Duratio	(min) V	1440	120021	7 096	7207	フ 2 2 3 4) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C	2401	180	120	90	90	45	30	20	15	10



7	NOTES & FILLIAGIOUS OIL COST.
	1) The modified rational method, and therefore the standard calculations are applicable in
	watersheds up to 30 acres in size.

- 2) Required detention volume determinations shall be based on all net new impervious area both on and off-site, resulting from the proposed project. Pervious areas shall not be included in detention volume sizing; an exception may be made for incidental pervious areas less than 10% of the total area.
- 3) Gravel packed detention chambers shall specify on the plans, aggregate that is washed, angular, and uniformly graded (of single size), assuring void space not less than 35%.
- 4) A map showing boundaries of both regulated impervious areas and actual drainage areas routed to the hydraulic control structure of the detention facility is to be provided, clearly distinguishing between the two areas, and noting the square footage.
- 5) The EPA defines a class V injection well as any bored, drilled, or driven shaft, or dug hole that is deeper than its widest surface dimension, or an improved sinkhole, or a subsurface fluid distribution system. Such storm water drainage wells are "authorized by rule". For more information on these rules, contact the EPA. A web site link is provided from the County DPW Stormwater Management web page.
 - 6) Refer to the County of Santa Cruz Design Criteria, for complete method criteria.

299

3,40

COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ DISCRETIONARY APPLICATION COMMENTS

 Project Planner:
 Randall Adams
 Date:
 April 29, 2008

 Application No.:
 07-0002
 Time:
 09:15:18

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 042-022-12
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Environmental Planning Completeness Comments

----- UPDATED ON JANUARY 24, 2007 BY KENT M EDLER ----- Following are completeness comments in regards to soils and grading:

- 1) The soils report has been accepted.
- 2) The grading plans must include estimated quantities for over-excavation / re-compaction. ====== UPDATED ON JANUARY 26. 2007 BY ANDREA M KOCH =========
- 1) Please show location, diameter at breast height (4.5 feet above the ground), and species of all trees over 6 inches in diameter at breast height that will be removed.

====== UPDATED ON APRIL 16, 2007 BY KENT M EDLER ======

Previous completeness comments with respect to grading and soils issues have been adequately addressed.

Previous completeness comment regarding trees to be removed has been adequately addressed.

Environmental Planning Miscellaneous Comments

====== UPDATED ON JANUARY 24, 2007 BY KENT M EDLER ====== Following are compliance comments in regards to soils and grading:

1. The top of the cut slope along the eastern property line must be setback 2' from the property line. (16.20.160)

Following are conditions of approval in regards to soils and grading:

- 1. A plan review letter from the soils engineer will be required in the building permit stage.
- 2. All storm drainage work must be installed prior to October 15.

===== UPDATED ON JANUARY 26, 2007 BY ANDREA M KOCH ======

- 1) There is a patch of small willow trees on this parcel. Although willow trees are riparian species, the willows on this property will not be considered a riparian resource to be protected under Chapter 16.30 of the County Code. The following are the reasons for this determination:
- There are no streams in the area, only drainage from the railroad tracks.

ATTACHMENT 7. A 44
APPLICATION 07-000 2

Project	Planner:	Randall	Adams
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- The patch of willows consists of short, scraggly trees and is small, isolated, and surrounded by urban development. Therefore, the willows are not part of any viable riparian habitat.

====== UPDATED ON APRIL 16, 2007 BY KENT M EDLER =======

Compliance issues with respect to grading and soils have been adequately addressed.

Previous conditions of approval still apply. ====== UPDATED ON JULY 24. 2007 BY ANTONELLA GENTILE ======= Additional Conditions of Approval: 1. Submit an erosion control plan with the building permit application.

- 2. Submit a grading and drainage plan with the building permit application.
- 3. Show tree protection fencing along the northern property line on the erosion control plan.

Long Range Planning Completeness Comments

====== REVIEW ON JANUARY 22. 2007 BY GLENDA L HILL ======= NO COMMENT

Long Range Planning Miscellaneous Comments

====== REVIEW ON JANUARY 22, 2007 BY GLENDA L HILL ====== This parcel is located within the Seacliff Village area and is subject to the provisions of the Seacliff Village Plan. More specifically, this site is identified as Site 4-b in the Plan. The design criteria for Site 4-b states that "the structure shall be a maximum of two stories and shall be designed to resemble a residential building. "These restrictions were imposed due to the parcel location at the end of a block of land developed with and designated for residential use.

The proposed structure is three stories and is, therefore, inconsistent with the Seacliff Village Plan. In addition, the proposed structure does not resemble the residential structures on the block--it has a long, unbroken facade on a single building. The purpose of the design restrictions on this parcel is to require the structure to "finish off" the block with a single-family residential-appearing style of architecture. As designed, it is inconsistent with the Seacliff Village Plan and required findings of consistency with the Plan cannot be made.

Dow Drainage Completeness Comments

LATEST COMMENTS HAVE NOT YET BEEN SENT TO PLANNER FOR THIS AGENCY

===== REVIEW ON JANUARY 23, 2007 BY ALYSON B TOM ===== Application with civil plans dated December 2006 from RI Engineering has been received. Please address the following:

1) This project is required to limit post development runoff rates to predevelopment levels for a range of storms. The County reviewed a 2005 watershed study showing Environmental Review Inital Study

ATTACHMENT: APPLICATION 07-000

Project Planner: Randall Adams

Application No.: 07-0002

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that downstream facilities are undersized. This project is required to provide on site mitigations that will limit the post development runoff rates to the pre development 5 year release rate providing storage volume up to the proposed 25 year storm events or provided an updated study demonstrating that lesser mitigations are warranted. Or if the proposed drainage plan is altered to drain in a different direction on site mitigations may be altered based on the results of downstream analysis. Mitigations are required for proposed impervious areas both on and offsite. The on-site system should be sized to mitigate for the proposed off-site paving that is located down gradient from the site. What mitigations are provided for small storms? It is noted that the bottom of the detention chambers are open, are additional measures feasible on site? Consider eliminating unnecessary paving, sending runoff from roof areas to landscaped areas rather that hard piping directly off-site, utilize pervious surfacing, etc.

- 2) It appears this project is proposing a local diversion of site and road runoff into an existing private 60" CMP that runs underneath a trailer park and other private properties. Existing drainage patterns should be maintained. Sufficient justification and a description and analysis of the entire diversion path demonstrating adequacy in terms of capacity and condition will be required in order to allow the proposed local diversion. The analysis should assume no detention on site and full build out of the watershed. Also, the applicant will be required to obtain any and all necessary easements/approvals from downstream property owners for this diversion to the private system. Provide a description and an assessment of the existing downstream drainage path. Demonstrate that runoff will not adversely impact roads or downstream properties and that downstream drainage facility are of adequate capacity to receive concentrated runoff exiting the subject property. The plans should include the replacement/upgrade of any downstream facility that is not adequate for either the existing downstream path or diversion path.
- 3) More information is needed about drainage patterns in the watershed area containing the subject parcel. All existing upstream drainage should be accommodated with the project. How much runoff is received onsite from upslope properties and how is this runoff to be controlled? Will the proposed retaining wall along the north and east boundary block existing upstream drainage? What is the extent of the current open channel drainage and flooding area in the northwest area of the property?
- 4) The survey and civil sheets show a 10 foot drainage easement for the 60" CMP culvert. Is this easement existing or proposed? If the easement is existing where is this documented and who is identified as responsible for maintenance? Were the existing storm drain locations surveyed? Does the existing pipe actually lie in the center of the easement? If it is proposed who will be responsible for maintenance and is it feasible for the applicant to obtain this easement?
- 5) There appears to be work proposed both on railroad right of way and road right of way. This portion of Broadway and North Avenue is not maintained by the County. Who will maintain all of the proposed facilities (inlets, storm drains, pavement, etc.) and how will responsibility for maintenance be documented? What are the impacts, if any, of piping this section of drainage path? Provide an assessment demonstrating that the proposal will not result in any impacts to existing systems or properties upstream or downstream from this site.

ATTACHMENT 7.3 4/1/ APPLICATION 07-0002

Project Planner: Randall Adams

Application No.: 07-0002

APN: 042-022-12

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6) The applicant should obtain easements/access rights from the railroad for constructing the proposed storm drain connection at this stage as the feasibility of the proposed project may be reliant on the assumption that this connection can/will be made.

7) Provide information for the proposed storm drain running under the curb in the road right of way.

All resubmittals shall be made through the Planning Department. Materials left with Public Works may be returned by mail, with resulting delays. Please contact the Dept. of Public Works, Stormwater Management Section, from 8:00 am to 12:00 noon for questions regarding this review.

====== UPĎATED ŌN APRIL 9, 2007 BY ALYSON B TOM ====== Application with civil plans revised March 2007 and drainage calculations dated 3/21/07 from RI Engineering

has been received. Please address the following:

- 1) Previous comment No. 1 has not been fully addressed. Will this project result in an increase in impervious area due to the road improvements? If so, how much, and how has this been accounted for in the calculations. What mitigations are provided for small storms? It is noted that the bottom of the detention chambers are open are additional measures feasible on site? Consider eliminating unnecessary paving, sending roof runoff to landscape areas rather that hard piping, utilize pervious surfacing etc.
- 2) Previous comment No. 2 has not been fully addressed. Provide an assessment of the downstream drainage path. Demonstrate that the proposed facilities will meet County Design Criteria requirements. If Broadway will be dedicated to the County for maintenance the minimum size storm drain is 18 inches. Demonstrate that runoff will not adversely impact roads or downstream properties and that downstream drainage facilities are of adequate capacity to receive concentrated runoff exiting the subject property. The analysis should assume no detention on site. The plans should include the replacement/upgrade of any downstream facility that is not adequate.
- 3) Previous comment No. 3 has not been fully addressed. Will the proposed retaining wall along the north boundary block existing upstream drainage? Proposed grades indicate two low spots with no apparent outlet. What is the extent of the current open channel drainage and flooding area in the northwest area of the property? Demonstrate that the proposed project will a) not be impacted from flooding from this channel and that b) not encroach on the drainage/flooding area and cause any offsite impacts. Please show the open channel and flooding area on the plans.
- 4) Previous comment No. 5 has not been fully addressed. Who will maintain all of the proposed facilities (inlets, storm drains, pavement, etc.) in North Avenue and Broadway and how will responsibility for maintenance be documented?

All resubmittals shall be made through the Planning Department. Materials left with Public Works may be returned by mail, with resulting delays. Please contact the Dept. of Public Works, Stormwater Management Section, from 8:00 am to 12:00 noon for questions regarding this review.

====== UPDATED ON JULY 25, 2007 BY ALYSON B TOM ======= Per conversation with project engineer submittal of analysis demonstrating that the proposed storm drains

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APPLICATION 07-000 2

Project Planner: Randall Adams

Application No.: 07-0002

APN: 042-022-12

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Dpw Drainage Miscellaneous Comments

LATEST COMMENTS HAVE NOT YET BEEN SENT TO PLANNER FOR THIS AGENCY

----- REVIEW ON JANUARY 23, 2007 BY ALYSON B TOM ----- Please address the following with your building permit submittal:

- 1) A recorded maintenance agreement(s) is required for the proposed silt and grease trap and detention system. Attached is a sample agreement which can be updated for use on this project. This agreement should be signed, notorized, and recorded, and a copy of the recorded agreement should be submitted to the County Department of Public Works.
- 2) The applicant is responsible for obtaining any and all necessary easements/access agreements, etc. to complete the work shown on the plans and provide all necessary long term maintenance of proposed drainage facilities.
- 3) Please submit a review letter from the Geotechnical engineer approving of the final drainage plan. The letter should refer to dated plans.
- 4) Please provide permanent markings at each inlet that read: "NO DUMPING DRAINS TO BAY NO TIRE DESECHO ALMAR", or equivalent. The property owner is responsible for maintaining these markings.
- 5) Submit detailed plans and supporting calculations demonstrating that the on-site storm water system meets design criteria requirements (capacity, safe overflow, freeboard, velocity, etc.). Describe where the existing 2,570 sf of on site impervious area is and demonstrate that it is permitted or was installed prior to 1986 for impact credit.
- 1) Include specific maintenance requirements for the proposed detention chambers and pervious surfacing consistent with manufacturer's recommendations both on the project plans and in the recorded maintenance agreement(s).

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APPLICATION 07-000

Project Planner: Randall Adams Application No.: 07-0002

APN: 042-022-12

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2) The proposed swale in the railroad property requires an easement. Provide a copy of the easement. It should clearly identify who is responsible for maintenance of the swale.

- 3) The detention system should be configured so that the required storage volume is located above the release orifice elevation. Also, any reconfigured orifice should be consistent with the orifice coefficient used in the analysis.
- 4) Inspection of the construction of the drainage related items will be completed by DPW staff. Once all other reviewing agencies have approved the building permit submit a reproducible set of civil plans with the DPW signature block on the first sheet along with an engineer's estimate for the construction of the drainage related work for inspection fee calculation. Expect 1-2 weeks for routing for signatures of approval.

Dow Road Engineering Completeness Comments

Environmental Review Inital Study ATTACHMENT_7_6	·	
Transportation Improvement Area fees shall be required.	5. Aptos	
tions to the County Standards for streets may be proposed by showing 1) road section of the required standard on the plans crossed out, 2) the the exception below, and 3) the proposed typical road section.	a typica reason for	}
and North Avenue should meet County Standards for an Urban Local Street ing. This would allow it to be accepted into the County Road System. The two 12 foot travel lanes, 6 feet on each side for parking, and separate sidewalks on each side. The right-of-way requirement for this road sect feet. A dedication is therefore recommended on North Avenue. The right Broadway and North Avenue should have a knuckle to allow trucks to make Access to the Broadway Access Road should be via a driveway to Broadway Avenue. The curb returns for the encroachment on Center Street shall be structural section shall be a minimum of 3 inches of asphalt concrete of aggregate base.	3. Broadwith Park is required 4 foot ion is 56 turn from the turn (North 20 feet. over 9 inch	vay (- es The
should show to the intersection of Broadway and Center St.	·	
tions and plans are required on Broadway and North Avenue.	2. The pl	lans
Completeness	1. Road s	 sec -
====== REVIEW ON JANUARY 31, 2007 BY GREG J MARTIN =======		

APPLICATION 67-0002

Project Planner: Randall Adams Date: April 29, 2008 Application No.: 07-0002 Time: 09:15:18 APN: 042-022-12 Page: 7 _____ ing aisle width is 23.5 feet not 26 feet as required. foot landscape buffer is required between the parking lot and the property line. ------ Additional refuse enclosure is inappropriately located directly adjacent to sidewalk. ______ been consideration for realigning the large drainage facilities which cross Broadway. The plans for Broadway should allow for this possibility. fic study is required. Please contact Jack Sohriakoff, Senior Civil Engineer, at 831-454-2160 to obtain a scope of work. ----- Please contact Greg Martin at 831-454-2811 with questions. tions are required on Broadway and North Avenue as a condition of approval. ______ should include the intersection of Broadway and Center St. _______ preliminary traffic study is required to include consideration of the restaurant and gym. . and North Avenue should meet County Standards for an Urban Local Street with Parking. This would allow it to be accepted into the County Road System. This requires two 12 foot travel lanes, 6 feet on each side for parking, and separated 4 foot sidewalks on each side. The right-of-way requirement for this road section is 56 feet. A dedication is therefore recommended on North Avenue. The right turn from Broadway to North Avenue has a knuckle to allow trucks to make the turn. Please show the truck turn template for this turn. The curb returns for the encroachment on Center Street shall be 20 feet. The structural section shall be a minimum of 3 inches of asphalt concrete over 9 inches of aggregate base. ------ 5. Excep-

ATTACHMENT 7 7 4/4
APPLICATION 07-0002

tions to the County Standards for streets may be proposed by showing 1) a typical road section of the required standard on the plans crossed out, 2) the reason for

Date: April 29, 2008

Project Planner: Randall Adams

Time: 09:15:18 Application No.: 07-0002 APN: 042-022-12 Page: 8 the exception below, and 3) the proposed typical road section. _____ ____ proposed exception is not acceptable as currently shown. It does not adequately consider how both sides of the road shall be ultimately developed. In particular, the wide right-of-way along Broadway provides opportunity for additional on-street parking. This should be considered by the applicant. Please contact Greg Martin at 831-454-2811 to arrange a meeting with Public Works to discuss the road improvements. 7. Aptos Transportation Improvement Area fees shall be required. ing aisle width is 23.5 feet not 26 feet as required. ------9. A five foot landscape buffer is required between the parking lot and the property line. ______ has been consideration for realigning the large drainage facilities which cross Broadway. The plans for Broadway should allow for this possibility. _____ UPDATED ON JULY 25, 2007 BY GREG J MARTIN ======= Completeness ------------1. Road sections every 50 feet are required on Broadway and North Avenue as a condition of approval. ------ 2. The hotel must be conditioned that restaurant shall be for hotel guests only or the preliminary traffic study is required to include consideration of the restaurant separately from the hotel. cal sections on Sheet C3 should be revised to conform to plan view drawing on Sheet C2 and should clearly show the structural section. -----4. The proposed exception showing a portion of the Broadway and North Avenue being reconstructed 30 feet wide is acceptable provided: tural section of 3 inches of asphalt concrete over 9 inches of aggregate base is specified. -----b) a truck turn template is provided for the corner of Broadway and North Avenue to demonstrate truck turns are feasible. Environmental Review Inital Study

ATTACHMENT 7. Baf 19 APPLICATION 07-0002

Project Planner: Randall Adams Application No.: 07-0002 APN: 042-022-12	Date: April 29, 2008 Time: 09:15:18 Page: 9
Transportation Improvement Area fees shall be required.	1
ing aisle width is 23.5 feet not 26 feet as required.	6. The park-
foot landscape buffer is required between the parking lot	7. A five
driveway access is required to be 24 feet wide all the way parking lot. This may require modification of existing dra	inage facilities.
	Additional
been consideration for realigning the large drainage facil way. The plans for Broadway should allow for this possibil	9. There has ities which cross Broad-
UPDATED ON JANUARY 22, 2008 BY GREG J MARTIN	sheets should be revised.
Dpw Road Engineering Miscellaneous Comments	
REVIEW ON JANUARY 31, 2007 BY GREG J MARTIN UPDATED ON APRIL 19, 2007 BY GREG J MARTIN UPDATED ON JULY 25, 2007 BY GREG J MARTIN UPDATED ON JANUARY 22, 2008 BY GREG J MARTIN UPDATED ON MARCH 3, 2008 BY GREG J MARTIN	=== === =====
Dpw Sanitation Completeness Comments	
REVIEW ON APRIL 5, 2007 BY AMY GROSS Environmental Compliance Unit Review Comments Seacliff Bea 07-0002	ch Hotel Application No:
1st Review Summary Statement: The plans are not in complia Compliance requirements plumbing plan is not included in clude the plumbing layout and indicate which fixtures are interceptor via a -grease line	the plans. Plans must in-
Environmental Review Inital Students ATTACHMENT 7 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

Project Planner: Randall Adams

Application No.: 07-0002

APN: 042-022-12

Date: April 29, 2008

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Page: 10

Item 1) Plans submitted by R.I. Engineering, illustrate a -minimum 350

gallon grease interceptor. All food service operations in the County of Santa Cruz are required to have a grease interceptor or trap that is sized according to the District-s Design Criteria. Sizing is based on a calculation that includes hours of operation and seating capacity. You must check the Design Criteria in order to ensure that the interceptor you have selected meets the District-s requirements. You can view the Design Criteria at http://www.dpw.co.santa-cruz.ca.us/environment.htm

Item 2) Plans illustrate landscaping located in close vicinity to the grease interceptor. Landscaping must provide enough space for easy access to the grease interceptor for maintenance and inspection. Landscaping cannot impede access to the interceptor.

Item 3) A plumbing plan is not included in the plans. Plans must include the plumbing layout and indicate which fixtures are connected to the grease interceptor via a -grease line.-

Engineering Review Summary Statement No. 2 for App. No. 07-0002:

The Proposal is out of compliance with District or County sanitation policies and the County Design Criteria (CDC) Part 4, Sanitary Sewer Design, June 2006 edition, and also lacks sufficient information for complete evaluation. The District/County Sanitation Engineering and Environmental Compliance sections cannot recommend approval of the project as proposed.

Reference for County Design Criteria: http://www.dpw.co.santacruz.ca.us/DESIGNCRITERIA.PDF

Policy Compliance Items:

Item 1) This review notice is effective for one year from the issuance date allow the applicant the time to receive tentative map, development or other discretionary permit approval. If after this time frame this project has not received approval from the Planning Department, a new availability letter must be obtained by the applicant. Once a tentative map is approved this letter shall apply until the tentative map approval expires.

Information Items:

Item 1) A complete engineered sewer plan, addressing all issues required by District staff and meeting County -Design Criteria- standards (unless a variance is allowed), is required. District approval of the proposed discretionary permit is withheld until the plan meets all requirements. The following items need to be shown on the plans:

Show proposed sewer laterals (including length of pipe, pipe material, cleanouts located maximum of 100-feet apart along with ground and invert elevations) and slope noted (minimum 2%) and connection to the proposed structure.

> Environmental Review Inital Study ATTACHMENT APPLICATION _07-000

Project Planner: Randall Adams

Application No.: 07-0002

APN: 042-022-12

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Show private ejector pump configuration per Fig. SS-13 and provide engineering calculations and pump curve showing that pump make and model are adequate for total wastewater generation from pool to onsite gravity lateral.

Include detailed plumbing plan showing fixtures to be connected to or excluded from exterior grease interceptor, private ejector pump station or directly to gravity lateral, including pool and restaurant.

Include upstream sewer main cleanout elevation in Center Ave. for backflow prevention device installation requirements. Verify that elevations are based on County datum. Provide proposed elevation for sewer lateral entering into new manhole based upon above shelf side sewer connection in Fig. SS-4.

Any questions regarding the above criteria should be directed to Diane Romeo of the Sanitation Engineering division at (831) 454-2160.

Please see miscellaneous comments. ======= UPDATED ON APRIL 11, 2007 BY DIANE ROMF() =======

Fngineering Review Summary Statement No. 3 for App. No. 07-0002:

The Proposal is out of compliance with District or County sanitation policies and the County Design Criteria (CDC) Part 4. Sanitary Sewer Design, June 2006 edition, and also lacks sufficient information for complete evaluation. The District/County Sanitation Engineering and Environmental Compliance sections cannot recommend approval of the project as proposed.

Reference for County Design Criteria: http://www.dpw.co.santacruz.ca.us/DESIGNCRITERIA.PDF

Policy Compliance Items:

Item 1) This review notice is effective for one year from the issuance date allow the applicant the time to receive tentative map, development or other discretionary permit approval. If after this time frame this project has not received approval from the Planning Department, a new availability letter must be obtained by the applicant. Once a tentative map is approved this letter shall apply until the tentative map approval expires.

Information Items:

Item 2) The sewer improvement plan submitted for the subject project is approved by the District based upon plans dated December 2006. Any future changes to these plans shall be routed to the District for review to determine if additional conditions by the District are required by the plan change. All changes shall be highlighted as plan revisions and changes may cause additional requirements to meet District standards.

Any questions regarding the above criteria should be directed to Diane Romeo of the Sanitation Engineering division at (831) 454-2160. See Miscellaneous comments. ====== UPDĂTED ON JANUARY 9, 2008 BY DIANE ROMEO ===== Engineering Review Environmental Review Inital Study

> ATTACHMENT_________ APPLICATION 07-0

Project Planner: Randall Adams

Application No.: 07-0002

APN: 042-022-12

Date: April 29, 2008

Time: 09:15:18

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Summary Statement No. 4 for APN: App. No. 07-0002:

Sewer service is available for this project provided that the following completeness issues are addressed. The Proposal is out of compliance with District or County sanitation policies and the County Design Criteria (CDC) Part 4, Sanitary Sewer Design, June 2006 edition, and also lacks sufficient information for complete evaluation. The District/County Sanitation Engineering and Environmental Compliance sections cannot recommend approval the project as proposed.

Reference for County Design Criteria: http://www.dpw.co.santacruz.ca.us/DESIGNCRITERIA.PDF

Completeness Items:

Item 1) This review notice is effective for one year from the issuance date allow the applicant the time to receive tentative map, development or other discretionary permit approval. If after this time frame this project has not received approval from the Planning Department, a new availability letter must be obtained by the applicant. Once a tentative map is approved this letter shall apply until the tentative map approval expires.

Information Items:

The civil engineering and sewer improvement plans submitted as the 4th submittal are approved with the addition of the following:

Note that backflow/overflow prevention devices are required on all sewer laterals.

Note on plans that existing manhole cover shall be bagged or otherwise protected during overlay/paving work on North Avenue.

Add all Sanitation General Notes.

With the addition of these items on the plans, approval can be granted. Any questions regarding the above criteria should be directed to Diane Romeo of the Sanitation Engineering division at (831) 454-2160. There are no miscellaneous comments. ===== UPDATED ON JANUARY 11, 2008 BY DIANE ROMEO ====== Engineering Review Summary Statement No. 5 for APN: App. No. 07-0002:

Reference for County Design Criteria: http://www.dpw.co.santacruz.ca.us/DESIGNCRITERIA.PDF

This review notice is effective for one year from the issuance date to allow the applicant the time to receive tentative map, development or other discretionary permit approval. If after this time frame this project has not received approval from the Planning Department, a new availability letter must be obtained by the applicant. Once a tentative map is approved this letter shall apply until the tentative map approval expires. Sewer service is available for this project provided that the following completeness issues are addressed.: Environmental Review Inital Study

ATTACHMENT : APPLICATION_

Project Planner: Randall Adams

Application No.: 07-0002

APN: 042-022-12

Date: April 29, 2008

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Completeness Items:

The civil engineering and sewer improvement plans submitted as the 5th submittal are approved with the addition of the following:

Note that backflow/overflow prevention devices are required on all sewer laterals.

Note on plans that existing manhole cover shall be bagged or otherwise protected during overlay/paving work on North Avenue.

Add all Sanitation General Notes. Please contact District staff for current copy of Notes.

Any questions regarding the above criteria should be directed to Diane Romeo of the Sanitation Engineering division at (831) 454-2160.

There are no miscellaneous comments.

Dpw Sanitation Miscellaneous Comments

Sanitation Engineering Miscellaneous Comments:

Item 1) Attach an approved (signed by the District) copy of the sewer system plan to the building permit submittal.

Any questions regarding the above Miscellaneous comments should be directed Diane Romeo of the Sanitation Engineering division at (831) 454-2160. ======== UPDATED ON JULY 20, 2007 BY DIANE ROMEO ========== Miscellaneous:

Show private ejector pump configuration per Fig. SS-13 and provide engineering calculations and pump curve showing that pump make and model are adequate for total wastewater generation from pool to onsite gravity lateral.

Required installation of sewer backflow prevention device shall be noted on plans

Any questions regarding the above Miscellaneous comments should be directed (name) of the Sanitation Engineering division at (831) 454-2160. ----- UPDATED ON JANUARY 9, 2008 BY DIANE ROMEO ----- There are no miscellaneous comments. There are no Miscellaneous comments.

Environmental Health Completeness Comments

---- REVIEW ON JANUARY 18, 2007 BY JIM G SAFRANEK -----

Environmental Health Miscellaneous Comments

----- REVIEW ON JANUARY 18, 2007 BY JIM G SAFRANEK ------Applicant must obtain approval for an Environmental Health Plan Review prior to submittal of building plans. Applicant must obtain a Pool/Spa Environmental Health Plan

ATTACHMENT 7. 13 of 19
APPLICATION 07-0002

Project Planner: Randall Adams

Application No.: 07-0002

APN: 042-022-12

Date: April 29, 2008

Time: 09:15:18

Page: 14

Check approval, construction inspection final and Health Permit prior to opening. Contact A. Strader of Environ- mental Health at 454-2741

====== UPDATED ON JANUARY 18, 2007 BY JIM G SAFRANEK ======

Applicant must obtain approval for an Environmental Health Plan Review prior to submittal of building plans. Applicant must obtain Environ- mental Health Plan Check approval, a construction inspection final and a Food Establishment Health Permit prior to opening. Contact A. Strader of Environmental Health at 454-2741.

Aptos-La Selva Beach Fire Prot Dist Completeness C

LATEST COMMENTS HAVE NOT YET BEEN SENT TO PLANNER FOR THIS AGENCY

====== REVIEW ON FEBRUARY 22. 2007 BY ERIN K STOW =======

DEPARTMENT NAME: Aptos/La Selva Fire Dept. APPROVED

All Fire Department building requirements and fees will be addressed in the Building Permit phase.

Plan check is based upon plans submitted to this office. Any changes or alterations shall be re-submitted for review prior to construction.

Aptos-La Selva Beach Fire Prot Dist Miscellaneous

LATEST COMMENTS HAVE NOT YET BEEN SENT TO PLANNER FOR THIS AGENCY

====== REVIEW ON FEBRUARY 22, 2007 BY ERIN K STOW ======= NO COMMENT

> Environmental Review Inital S ATTACHMENT APPLICATION



March 11, 2008

Mr. Doron Fisbin 1141 Virginia Avenue Campbell, CA 95008





Subject: Seacliff Beach Hotel Parking Study, Santa Cruz County, California

Supplemental Parking Letter

Dear Mr. Fishbin,

This is a supplemental letter for the Seacliff Beach Hotel Parking Study. Per our discussion with Randall Adams, County of Santa Cruz (County) Planning Department, on March 5, 2008, the County would like us to determine parking reductions for the project. The County comment letter on November 2, 2007 stated that the project applicant should provide parking for the hotel, hotel restaurant, and hotel recreation area as separate entities. This resulted in some double counting for the parking requirement as some of the hotel guests would be using the hotel's facilities.

Based on the Urban Land Institue's Shared Parking, 2nd edition, it is anticipated that approximately 10% of the hotel guests would be dining at the hotel restaurant during the restaurant's peak hour. In addition, it is estimated that 60-80% of the hotel restaurant's patrons will be non-guest drivers. To be conservative, a 20% reduction has been applied to the hotel restaurant, reducing the restaurant parking requirement from 17 parking spaces to 14 parking spaces.

It is anticipated that 25% of the patrons at the hotel's recreational facilities will be utilized by the hotel guests. This reduces the fitness center parking requirement from 13 parking spaces to 10 parking spaces. The shared parking analysis has been revised to reflect this change. Attached are the updated exhibits for the weekday and weekend shared parking table. Based on the shared parking analysis with the new parking requirements, the maximum shared parking demand is estimated to be 30 parking spaces on a weekday and 29 parking spaces on a weekend. Compared to the revised parking study on January 25, 2008, the maximum parking demand has decreased by 4 parking spaces on a weekday and 3 parking spaces on a weekend.

Although the Project only provides 26 parking spaces on-site, it will add 14 parking spaces off-site along with street improvements. The on-site parking deficiency can be remedied with the implementation of the on-street parking improvements. It should also be noted that the proposed Seacliff Beach Hotel is located in the Seacliff Village area, where many of the non-hotel guest trips would be walk-in trips from the neighborhood.

Environmental Review Inital Study

ATTACHMENT S, 1 of 4
APPLICATION 03-0000

7-173 L01 Doron.doc

Mr. Doron Fishbin March 11, 2008 Page 2

If you have any questions regarding this information, please do not hesitate to contact me or Celina Lee of our office.

Sincerely,

Keith B. Higgins, C.E., T.E.

President

cl

cc: Randall Adams

ATTACHMENT S 2002.

PARKING UTILIZATION ASSESSMENT

WEEKDAY (24 HOUR) SHARED PARKING UTILIZATION

	Fitness (10 sp		i	estaurant paces)		m Hotel paces)	Cumulative Demand			
ļ	Usage	# veh parked	Visitor Usage	total # veh parked	Visitor Usage	total # veh	# parking spaces	Total Supply	Surplus / (Deficit)	
1:00 AM	0%	0	0%	0	100%	13	13	26	13	
2:00 AM	0%	0	0%	0	100%	13	13	26	13	
3:00 AM	0%	0	0%	0	100%	13	13	26	13	
4:00 AM	0%	0	0%	0	100%	13	13	26	13	
5:00 AM	0%	0	0%	0	100%	13_	_13	26	13	
6:00 AM	70%	7	0%	0	95%	12	19	26	7	
7:00 AM	40%	4	0%	0	95%	12	16	26	10	
8:00 AM	40%	4	0%	0	90%	12	16	26	10	
9:00 AM	70%	7	10%	1	80%	10	18	26	8	
10:00 AM	70%	7	10%	1	70%	9	17	26	9	
11:00 AM	0%	0	5%	1	70%	9	10	26	16	
12:00 PM	0%	0	100%	12	65%	8	20	26	6	
1:00 PM	0%	0	100%	12	65%	8	20	26	6	
2:00 PM	70%	7	33%	4	70%	9	20	26	6	
3:00 PM	70%	7	10%	1	70%	9	17	26	9	
4:00 PM	80%	8	10%	1	75%	10	19	26	77	
5:00 PM	90%	9	30%	4	80%	10	23	26	3	
6:00 PM		10	55%	77	85%	11	28	26	(2)	
7:00 PM	+	9	60%	7	85%	11_	27	26	(1)	
8:00 PM	80%	8	70%	8	90%	12	28	26	(2)	MAXIMUM PARKING DEMAND
9:00 PM	70%	7	67%	8	95%	12	27	26	(1)	
10:00 PM	1 0%	0	60%	7	95%	12_	19	26	7	
11:00 PM	+	0	40%	5	100%	13	18	26	8	
12:00 AM		0	30%	4	100%	13	17	26	9	

NOTES:

- 1. Number of spaces based on Santa Cruz County requirements.
- 2. Usage rates based on Shared Parking, Second Edition, Urban Land Institute (ULI), 2005.
- 3. Land use data based on Scheme G2 Site Plan provided by RJA, September 14, 2007.
- 4. Maximum parking demand is shaded.

ATTACHMENT S. 344 APPLICATION 07-0002

EXHIBIT 4
WEEKDAY SHARED
PARKING UTILIZATION

PARKING UTILIZATION ASSESSMENT

WEEKEND (24 HOUR) SHARED PARKING UTILIZATION

		Center paces)	!	estaurant paces)		m Hotel paces)	Cumulative Demand			
	Usage	# veh parked	Visitor Usage	total # veh	Visitor Usage	total # veh parked	# parking spaces	Total Supply	Surplus / (Deficit)	
1:00 AM	0%	0	0%	0	100%	13	13	26	13	
2:00 AM	0%	0	0%	0	100%	13	13	26	13	
3:00 AM	0%	0	0%	0	100%	13	13	26	13	
4:00 AM	0%	0	0%	0	100%	13	13	26	13	
5:00 AM	0%	0	0%	0	100%	13	13	26	13	
6:00 AM	80%	8	0%	0	95%	12	20	26	66	
7:00 AM	45%	5	0%	0	95%	12	17	26	9	
8:00 AM	35%	4	0%	0	90%	12	16	26	10	
9:00 AM	50%	5	10%	11	80%	10	16	26	10	
10:00 AM	35%	4	10%	1	70%	9	14	26	12	-
11:00 AM	0%	0	5%	11	70%	9	10	26	16	
12:00 PM	0%	0	100%	12	65%	8	20	26	66	
1:00 PM	0%	0	100%	12	65%	8	20	26	6	
2:00 PM	25%	3	33%	4	70%	9	16	26	10	
3:00 PM	30%	3	10%	1	70%	9	13	26	13	
4:00 PM	55%	6	10%	11	75%	10	17	26	9	
5:00 PM	100%	10	30%	4	80%	10	24	26	22	
6:00 PM	95%	10	55%	7	85%	11	28	26	(2)	MAXIMUM PARKING DEMAND
7:00 PM	60%	6	60%	7	85%	11	24	26	2	
8:00 PM	30%	3	70%	8	90%	12	23	26	3	
9:00 PM	10%	1	67%	8	95%	12	21	26	5	
10:00 PM	0%	0	60%	7	95%	12	19	26	7	
11:00 PM	0%	0	40%	5	100%	13	18	26	8	
12:00 AM	0%	0	30%	4	100%	13	17	26	9	

NOTES:

- 1. Number of spaces based on Santa Cruz County requirements.
- 2. Usage rates based on Shared Parking, Second Edition, Urban Land Institute (ULI), 2005.
- 3. Land use data based on Scheme G2 Site Plan provided by RJA, September 14, 2007.
- 4. Based on the Shared Parking Manual by ULI, weekend parking demand for general office is approximately 17% of the weekday demand.
- 5. Maximum parking demand is shaded.

ATTACHMENT 6 4 4 4 APPLICATION 07-008 2

EXHIBIT 5
WEEKEND SHARED
PARKING UTILIZATION

February 26, 2007

Mr. Doron Fishbin P.O. Box 1102 Aptos, CA 95001

Re: Seacliff Beach Hotel Trip Generation, Santa Cruz County, California

Dear Mr. Fishbin,

Thank you for the opportunity to assist you with the Seacliff Beach Hotel Project located on North Avenue west of Broadway in Santa Cruz County, California. A vicinity map of the project location is included as **Exhibit 1**. In recent discussions with Mr. Jack Sohriakoff, Santa Cruz County Public Works Department, Mr. Sohriakoff requested that the estimated trip generation and distribution for the project be submitted to him, as a precursor to the traffic analysis for the project. This letter report contains the trip generation estimate for the project and our anticipated project trip distribution within the Seacliff/Aptos area.

A. TRIP GENERATION

It is our understanding that the proposed project consists of a 12-unit hotel with guest recreational facilities. Based on this information, Higgins Associates has estimated the project trip generation for the Seacliff Beach Hotel using trip generation rates published by the Institute of Transportation Engineers' (ITE) *Trip Generation*, 7th Edition, 2003. A project trip generation table summarizing the results is included as **Exhibit 2**. The project would generate a total of 98 daily trips, with 7 trips (4 in, 3 out) during the morning and evening peak hours and 9 trips (5 in, 4 out) during the Saturday peak hour.

B. TRIP DISTRIBUTION

The anticipated project trip distribution is shown below:

		AM Peak	PM Peak	Sat. Peak
	•	Hour	Hour	Hour
Direction	Percentage	<u>Trips</u>	<u>Trips</u>	<u>Trips</u>
To/From the East – via Highway 1	60%	4	4	5
To/From the West – via Highway 1	<u>40%</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>
TOTAL:	100%	7	7	9

Environmental Review Inital Study

Mr. Doron Fishbin February 26, 2007 Page 2

This distribution was determined under the assumption that all project generated trips will come from Highway 1 as this is a hotel and guests will be visiting from out of town.

C. CONCLUSION

In summary, the study project is estimated to generate a total of 98 daily trips. The project trip distribution is based on trips coming to an from Highway 1 as shown in the table above..

Thank you for the opportunity to assist you with this analysis. If you have any questions, please contact either myself or Celina Lee at (408) 848-3122.

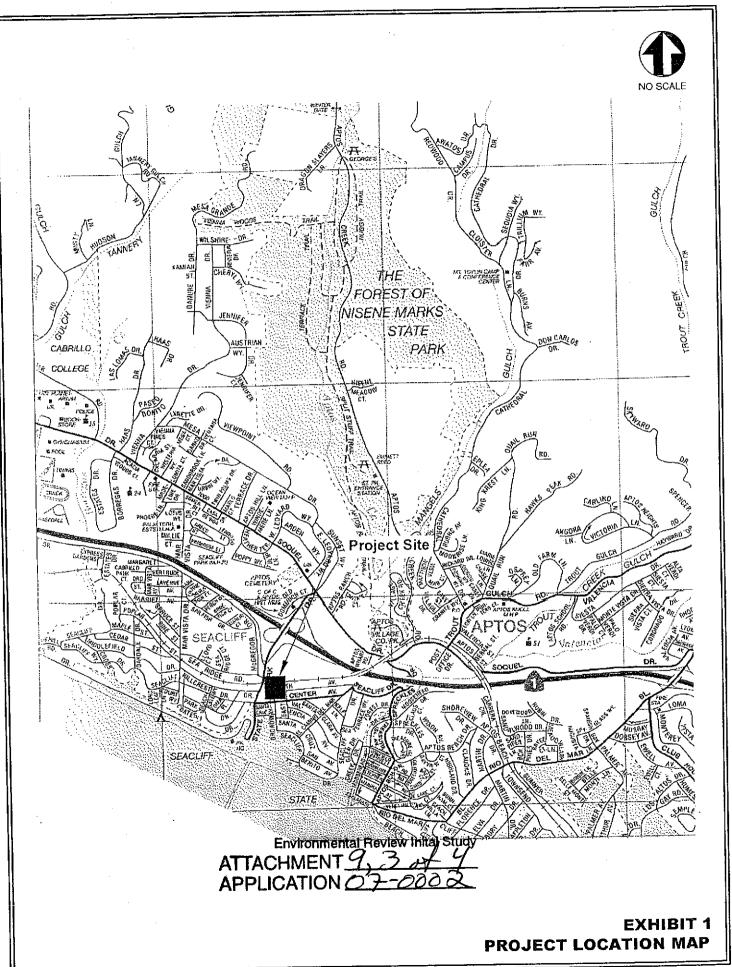
Respectfully submitted,

Keith B. Higgins, CE, TE/

kbh:cl

Attachments

ATTACHMENT 9, 2 of 4
APPLICATION 77-000



TRIP GENERATION RATES CODE SIZE TRIPS COTAL COTAL				
TRIP GENERATION RATES 210 NEEKDAY TOTAL PLAN PEAK HOUR TOTAL TOTAL CODE SIZE TRIPS HOUR IN / OUT TRIPS SATURDAY TOTAL PEAK DAILY PEAK HOUR IN / OUT TRIPS TR	IOUR OUT	0.44	4	
TRIP GENERATION RATES 310 12 units 98 7 4 / 3 7 4 / 3 98	EAK H	_	_	
TRIP GENERATION RATES 210 NEEKDAY TOTAL PLAN PEAK HOUR TOTAL TOTAL CODE SIZE TRIPS HOUR IN / OUT TRIPS SATURDAY TOTAL PEAK DAILY PEAK HOUR IN / OUT TRIPS TR	AY PI	0.56	ъ	
TRIP GENERATION RATES TRIP GENERATION RATES Hotel	SATURD TOTAL PEAK HOUR	0.72	on .	
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변호 [최호] 의Environmental Review Inital Study ATTACHMENT 9, 4 4	ITE LAND USE CODE	310	310	ed by Institute or specified lar
ATTACHMENT 9. 4 4		TRIP GENERATION RATES 1 Hotel	PROJECT TRIPS Hotel	<u> o</u>
			AT	TACHMENT 9. 4 4

7-034 TripGen.xls ProjectTripGen

EXTIBIT 2 PROJECT TRIP GENERATION

EDWARD L. PACK ASSOCIATES, INC.



1975 HAMILTON AVENUE SUITE 26 SAN JOSE, CA 95125 Acoustical Consultants

TEL: 408-371-1195 FAX: 408-371-1196 www.packassociates.com

June 26, 2008 Project No. 40-028

Mr. Doron Fishbin 1141 Virginia Avenue Campbell, CA 95008

Subject:

Noise Assessment Study For the Planned "Seacliff Beach Hotel",

270 North Avenue, Santa Cruz County

Dear Mr. Fishbin:

This report presents the results of a noise assessment study for the planned "Seacliff Beach Hotel" at 270 North Avenue in Santa Cruz County, as shown on the Site Plan, Ref. (a). The noise exposures at the site were evaluated against the standards of the Santa Cruz County Noise Element, Ref. (b), and the Sound Transmission Control standards of the State of California Code of Regulations, Title 24, Ref. (c), which apply to all new multi-family dwellings including hotels and motels. An analysis of the noise levels indicates that the primary source of noise at the site is activity on the adjacent Union Pacific Railroad (UPRR) rail line. The results of the analysis reveal that the railroad noise exposures are within the limits of the standards. Mitigation measures will not be required.

Section I of this report contains a summary of our findings. Subsequent sections contain site, railroad and project descriptions, analyses, evaluations and conclusions. Attached hereto are Appendices A, B and C, which include the list of references, descriptions of standards, definitions of the terminology, descriptions of the acoustical instrumentation used for the field survey, and the on-site noise measurement data and calculation tables.

Environmental Review Inital Study

ATTACHMENT 10, 1 of 14

APPLICATION 07-000 2

MEMBER: ACOUSTICAL SOCIETY OF AMERICA

NATIONAL COUNCIL OF ACOUSTICAL CONSULTANTS

I. Summary of Findings

The noise assessment results shown below include an evaluation of the noise levels at the site against the applicable standards. The Santa Cruz County Noise Element specifies an exterior limit of 60 dB Day-Night Level (DNL) for exterior open spaces/recreation areas. Hotel guest spaces are limited to 45 dB DNL.

Title 24 standards also utilize the DNL descriptor, and establish an exterior criterion of 60 dB DNL to determine the mitigation required to limit interior noise exposures to 45 dB DNL or less in project guest spaces.

The Title 24 standards also specify minimum requirements for the sound insulation performance of common interior partitions separating guest spaces from each other and from common spaces. These standards are described in Appendix B. However, as design details of the common partitions were not available at the time of this study, an evaluation of the interior common partitions has not been made.

The noise levels shown below represent the noise environment for existing site and planned project conditions.

A. <u>Exterior Noise Levels</u>

- The exterior noise exposures at the most impacted planned guest space setback from the UPRR (92 ft. from the centerline of the tracks) is 57 dB DNL. Of this 57 dB DNL, 52 dB is due to railroad operations and 55 dB DNL is due to the background noise environment. Thus, the noise exposures will be within the standards of the Santa Cruz County Noise Element and the Title 24 criterion.
- The balconies of the guest spaces will be on the south side of building facing away from the railroad and will not be noise impacted.

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B. Interior Noise Levels

• The interior noise exposures in the most impacted guest spaces closest to the UPRR railroad will be 42 dB DNL. Thus, the noise exposures will be within the limits of the Santa Cruz County Noise Element and Title 24 standards.

As shown by the above findings, the exterior and interior noise exposures will be in compliance with the standards. Mitigation measures will not be required.

II. Site, Railroad and Project Descriptions

The planned development site is located at 270 North Avenue on the south side of the UPRR railroad tracks in the Seacliff Beach area of Santa Cruz County. The site is presently vacant, relatively flat and at-grade with North Avenue. The UPRR tracks range from 4 ft. to 6 ft. above the site. Surrounding land uses include a trailer park adjacent to the west, a trailer park across North Avenue to the south, single-family residential adjacent to the east and a church across the railroad tracks to the north.

The noise environment at the site is controlled primarily by operations on the adjacent UPRR line. The Union Pacific Railroad line services two freight trains per day carrying quarry materials from the Watsonville area to a batching plant in Bonny Doon. The morning train runs from Watsonville full of material and returns empty in the midafternoon. The crossing at State Park Boulevard is at-grade, therefore, train horns are blown as the trains approach the crossing. Crossing bells also ring at the crossing. The crossing is approximately 225 ft. from the project and although the bells are audible, they do not significantly effect the overall noise environment.

Upon completion of the project, the site will be occupied by a 12-unit hotel. The guest services, lobby, reception, kitchen, recreation and pool will be located on the first floor and the guest spaces will be located on the second floor. Ingress and egress to the project will be by way of a driveway off of North Avenue.

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III. Analysis of the Noise Levels

A. Existing Noise Levels

To determine the existing noise environment at the site, continuous recordings of the sound levels were made at north property line of the site contiguous with the Union Pacific Railroad right-of-way. The tracks are 28 ft. from the property line and measurement location. The noise level measurements were made on June 19-20, 2008 for a continuous 24-hour period and included representative hours of the daytime and nighttime periods of the DNL index. The noise levels were recorded and processed using a Larson-Davis LDL 812 Precision Integrating Sound Level Meter. The meter yields, by direct readout, a series of descriptors of the sound levels versus time, as described in Appendix B. The measured descriptors include the L₁, L₁₀, L₅₀, and L₉₀ descriptors, i.e., those levels exceeded for 1%, 10%, 50%, and 90% of the time. Also measured were the minimum and maximum levels and the continuous equivalent-energy levels (L_{eq}), which are used to calculate the DNL. The results of the measurements are shown in Appendix C.

As shown in the data tables, the L_{eq} 's at the measurement location (28 ft. from the UPRR tracks) ranged from 45.7 to 73.6 dBA during the daytime and from 41.9 to 50.7 dBA at night.

Time-history data revealed that two trains passed by the site. The northbound train passed by 11:16 a.m. and returned at 3:56 p.m. The 3-minute passby L_{eq} of the westbound train was 91.4 dBA. The hourly L_{eq} was calculated to be 73.6 dBA. The 3-minute L_{eq} of the eastbound train was 82.0 dBA. The hourly L_{eq} was calculated to be 64.2 dBA.

Railroad noise diminishes at the rate of 3 to 6 dB for each doubling of the distance from the source to the receiver. Thus, other locations on the site at greater distances from the railroad tracks will have lower noise levels.

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Railroad noise contains a wide spectrum of frequency components (from 31.5 to 10,000 Hertz), which are associated with engines, drive-trains, wheel/rail interaction, exhaust and other sources. The frequency components are centered primarily in the 100, 250 and 500 Hz octave bands.

B. Future Noise Levels

There have been many discussions and analyses regarding the future of the rail line through Santa Cruz County. To our knowledge, however, there are no formal or precise plans for any changes to the rail system at this time.

IV. Evaluations of the Noise Exposures

A. Exterior Noise Exposures

To evaluate the on-site noise exposures against the Santa Cruz County standards and the Title 24 criterion, the DNL for the survey location was calculated by decibel averaging of the L_{eq}'s as they apply to the daily time periods of the DNL index. The DNL was calculated using the mathematical formula shown in Appendix B. Adjustments were made to the measured noise levels to account for the increased setback distances from the measurement locations using methods established by Wyle Laboratories, Ref. (d).

At the measurement location 28 ft. from the UPRR tracks the noise exposure was calculated to be 61 dB DNL. The noise exposure generated by the two train passbys alone was calculated to be 60 dB DNL. The residual background noise exposure was calculated to be 55 dB DNL. The DNL calculation tables are shown in Appendix C.

At the planned minimum building setback of 92 ft. from the UPRR tracks, the noise exposures were calculated to be 52 dB DNL from rail operations and 55 dB DNL from normal background noise. The total noise exposure was calculated to be 57 dB DNL. Thus, the noise exposures will be within the Santa Cruz Noise Element standards and the Title 24 criterion.

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As the exterior noise exposures are below the 60 dB DNL criterion of Title 24, an acoustical analysis is not required by the State Building Code.

B. <u>Interior Noise Exposures</u>

To evaluate the interior noise exposures against the 45 dB DNL interior limits of the Santa Cruz County Noise Element and Title 24 standards, a 15 dB reduction was applied to the exterior noise exposure to account for the attenuation provided by the building shell under *annual-average* conditions. The *annual-average* conditions assumes windows with single-pane, single-strength glass are kept open up to 50% of the time. Thus, the interior noise exposures were calculated to be up to 42 dB DNL in the most impacted guest spaces. Thus, the noise exposures will be within the limits of the Santa Cruz County and Title 24 standards.

As shown by the above evaluations, the exterior and interior noise exposures will be within the limits of the standards. Mitigation measures will not be required.

The above report presents the results of the noise assessment study for the planned "Seacliff Beach Hotel" at 270 North Avenue in Santa Cruz County. The study findings for present conditions are based on field measurements and are correct to the best of our knowledge. However, significant deviations in railroad operations, speed limits, railroad technology, or other future changes beyond our control may produce long-range noise results different from our estimates.

If you have any questions or would like an elaboration on this report, please call me.

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Sincerely

EDWARD L. PACK ASSOC., INC.

Jeffrey K. Pack President

Attachments: Appendices A, B and C

APPENDIX A

References:

- (a) Site Plan, Seacliff Beach Hotel, by JJ Design, August, 2007
- (b) Santa Cruz County General Plan, Santa Cruz County, Department of County Planning and Building, December 19, 1994
- (c) California Code of Regulations, Title 24, Part II, "Sound Transmission Control", September 1988
- (d) Wyle Laboratories Report WCR 73-5, "Assessment of Noise Environments Around Railroad Operations", July, 1973

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APPENDIX B

Noise Standards, Terminology and Instrumentation

1. Noise Standards

A. Santa Cruz County "Noise Element" Standards

The noise section of the Santa Cruz County General Plan, adopted December 19, 1994, identifies an exterior limit of 60 dB Day-Night Level (DNL) at outdoor living or recreation areas of residential developments, as shown in Figure 6-1 under Policy 6.9.1. This standard applies at the property line of residential areas impacted by transportation related noise sources.

Figure 6-2 identifies limits on maximum allowable noise exposure for stationary noise sources under Policy 9.6.4 "Commercial and Industrial Development".

	Daytime	Nighttime
	7 AM to 10 PM	10 PM to 7 AM
Hourly L _{eq} - average hourly noise level, dB	50	45
Maximum Level, dB	70	65
Maximum Level dB - Impulsive Noise	65	60

At interior living spaces of residential area, the standards established an interior limit of 45 dB DNL for noise levels due to exterior sources.

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B. Title 24 Noise Standards

The California Code of Regulations, Title 24, Part II, "Sound Transmission Control" applies to all new multi-family dwellings including condominiums, townhouses, apartments, hotels and motels. The standards, which utilize the Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) or the Day-Night Level (DNL) descriptor, establish an exterior reference or criterion level of 60 dB CNEL/DNL, and specify that multi-family buildings to be located within an annual CNEL/DNL zone of 60 dB or greater require an acoustical analysis. The analysis report must show that the planned buildings provide adequate attenuation to limit intruding noise from exterior sources to an annual DNL/DNL of 45 dB or less in any habitable space.

The Title 24 standards also establish minimum sound insulation requirements for interior partitions separating different dwelling units from each other and dwelling units from common spaces such as garages, corridors, equipment rooms, etc. The common interior walls and floor/ceiling assemblies must achieve a minimum Sound Transmission Class (STC) rating of 50 for airborne noise. Common floor/ceiling assemblies must achieve an Impact Insulation Class (IIC) rating of 50 for impact noise. These ratings are based on laboratory tested partitions. Field tested partitions must achieve ratings of Noise Isolation Class (NIC) 45 and Field Impact Insulation Class (FIIC) 45.

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2. Terminology

A. Statistical Noise Levels

Due to the fluctuating character of urban traffic noise, statistical procedures are needed to provide an adequate description of the environment. A series of statistical descriptors have been developed which represent the noise levels exceeded a given percentage of the time. These descriptors are obtained by direct readout of the Community Noise Analyzer. Some of the statistical levels used to describe community noise are defined as follows:

L₁ - A noise level exceeded for 1% of the time.

L₁₀ - A noise level exceeded for 10% of the time, considered to be an "intrusive" level.

L₅₀ - The noise level exceeded 50% of the time representing the "mean" sound level.

L₉₀ - The noise level exceeded 90 % of the time, designated as a "background" noise level.

 L_{eq} - The continuous equivalent-energy level is that level of a steady-state noise having the same sound energy as a given time-varying noise. The L_{eq} represents the decibel level of the time-averaged value of sound energy or sound pressure squared. The L_{eq} is the noise descriptor used to calculate the DNL and CNEL.

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B. <u>Day-Night Level (DNL)</u>

Noise levels utilized in the standards are described in terms of the Day-Night Level (DNL). The DNL rating is determined by the cumulative noise exposures occurring over a 24-hour day in terms of A-Weighted sound energy. The 24-hour day is divided into two subperiods for the DNL index, i.e., the daytime period from 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m., and the nighttime period from 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. A 10 dBA weighting factor is applied (added) to the noise levels occurring during the nighttime period to account for the greater sensitivity of people to noise during these hours. The DNL is calculated from the measured Leq in accordance with the following mathematical formula:

$$DNL = [(L_d+10\log_{10}15) & (L_n+10+10\log_{10}9)] - 10\log_{10}24$$

Where:

 $L_d = L_{eq}$ for the daytime (7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.)

 $L_n = L_{eq}$ for the nighttime (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.)

indicates the 24-hour period

& denotes decibel addition.

C. A-Weighted Sound Level

The decibel measure of the sound level utilizing the "A" weighted network of a sound level meter is referred to as "dBA". The "A" weighting is the accepted standard weighting system used when noise is measured and recorded for the purpose of determining total noise levels and conducting statistical analyses of the environment so that the output correlates well with the response of the human ear.

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3. Instrumentation

The on-site field measurement data were acquired by the use of one or more of the sound analyzer listed below. The instrumentation provides a direct readout of the L exceedance statistical levels including the equivalent-energy level (L_{eq}). Input to the meters were provided by microphones extended to a height of 5 ft. above the ground. The "A" weighting network and the "Fast" response setting of the meters were used in conformance with the applicable standards. The Larson-Davis meters were factory modified to conform with the Type 1 performance standards of ANSI S1.4. All instrumentation was acoustically calibrated before and after field tests to assure accuracy.

Bruel & Kjaer 2231 Precision Integrating Sound Level Meter Larson Davis LDL 812 Precision Integrating Sound Level Meter Larson David 2900 Real Time Analyzer

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APPENDIX C

On-Site Noise Measurement Data and Calculation Tables

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DNL CALCULATIONS

Α	(TT)	AC	Enviro HM	Ė١	N	T.	a	IR //	e シ ラ	/le	w Z	In 442	Ita	4		ud/	7	7			27866460	62.7				- 1-7			1	400705	t. 0.				-
F	\P\	儿	CAT		ا ر			6.1	7		- 4	. ·	7.8	5,0	8.7	8.6	7.9	3.3	9.1	2	LD.	3.1 Ld=	4.6	9.5	5.6	2.5	ŭ.i	9.7			5. C			_	,
ATIONS		fOTEL			-		10^Leq/10	151356.1	213/96.2	.004040.	70000076	181970	316227.8	128825.0	2754228.7	117489.8	177827	239883	107151	53703.2	37153.	33113.	32359.	21379.6	30199.5	15488.2	16595	21877.6	112201.8	117489.8		74.5	66.0	6	60.7
DNL CALCULATIONS	DORON FISHBIN	SEACLIFF BEACH HOTEL	6/19-20/2008 RAILROAD	RAILROAD	28 ft.	TOTAL MEASURED	Led	51.8	53.3	5, c, c	4 t	7.5.0 7.7.7	55.0	51.1	64.4	50.7	52.5	53.8	50.3	47.3	45.7	45.2	45.1	43.3	8.4.8	6.14	42.2	43.4	50.5	50.7		Doutime toward	Nighttime Level=	=JNC	24-Hour Leg=
	CLIENT:	PROJECT:	DATE: SOURCE:	F NOTATION 4			TIME	7:00 AM	8:00 AM	9:00 AM	10:00 AM	11:00 AM	1:00 PM	2:00 PM	3:00 PM	4:00 PM	5:00 PM	6:00 PM	7:00 PM	8:00 PM	9:00 PM	10:00 PM	11:00 PM	12:00 AM	1:00 AM	2:00 AM	3:00 AM	4:00 AM	5:00 AM	6:00 AM					

LOCATION 1	KAILROAD		-
Dist. To Source	28 ft.		
	RAILROAD ONLY		
TIME	Leg	10^Leq/10	
7:00 AM		1.0	
8:00 AM		1,0	-
9:00 AM		1.0	
10:00 AM		1.0	
11:00 AM	73.6	22908676.5	
12:00 PM		1.0	
1:00 PM		1.0	
2:00 PM		1.0	
3:00 PM	64.2	2630268.0	
4:00 PM		1.0	
5:00 PM		1.0	
6:00 PM		1.0	
7:00 PM		1.0	
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10:00 PM		1.0 Ld=	62.3
11:00 PM		1.0	
12:00 AM		1.0	
1:00 AM		1.0	
2:00 AM		1.0	
3:00 AM		1.0	
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6:00 AM		1.0 SUM=	6
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	24 Hours ear	603	

EACK TIME 7:00 AM 8:00 AM 9:00 AM 10:00 AM	53.3 2 2 55.9 3 3 4 4 55.9 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	VELS 10^Leq/10 151356.1 213796.2 389045.1 89125.1 537031.8	
1:00 PM 3:00 PM 4:00 PM 5:00 PM 6:00 PM	55.0 50.9 50.9 52.5 53.8 53.8	316227.8 128825.0 123026.9 117489.8 177827.9 239883.3 107151.9	
9:00 PM 10:00 PM 12:00 AM 1:00 AM 2:00 AM	4 4 5 5 7 7 4 4 5 5 7 4 4 4 8 8 1 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1	37153.5 SUM= 33113.1 Ld= 32358.4 21379.6 30199.5 15488.2	2863614 52.8
AM AM AM	42.2 43.4 50.5 50.7	16595.9 21877.6 112201.8 117489.8 SUM≂	400705
	Daytime Level≈ Nighttime Leve/≈ DNL= 24-Hour Leq=	64.6 66.0 55 51.3	