

COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

701 OCEAN STREET, 4TH FLOOR, SANTA CRUZ, CA 95060 (831) 454-2580 FAX: (831) 454-2131 TDD: (831) 454-2123 **KATHY MOLLOY PREVISICH, PLANNING DIRECTOR**

APN(S): N/A

ENVIRONMENTAL COORDINATOR NOTICE OF INTENT TO ADOPT A PROPOSED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act, the following projects have been reviewed by the County Environmental Coordinator to determine if they have a potential to create significant impacts to the environment and, if so, how such impacts could be solved. A negative declaration has been prepared in cases where the project is determined not to have any significant environmental impacts. An environmental impact report (EIR) will be prepared for projects, which could have a significant impact.

Public review periods are provided for these environmental documents according to the requirements of the County Environmental Review Guidelines, depending upon whether State agency review is required or whether an EIR is required. The environmental documents are available for review at the County Planning Department at 701 Ocean Street, Santa Cruz. You may also view environmental documents on the web at www.sccoplanning.com under the Planning Department menu, Agendas link. If you have questions or comments about these determinations please contact Matt Johnston of the Environmental Review staff at (831) 454-3201

The County of Santa Cruz does not discriminate on the basis of disability, and no person shall, by reason of a disability, be denied the benefits of its services, programs or activities. If you require special assistance in order to review this information, please contact Bernice Romero at (831) 454-3137 (TDD number (831) 454-2123 or (831) 763-8123) to make arrangements.

09-0052 2500 GLENWOOD DRIVE, SCOTTS VALLEY

Proposal to repair a slip out and to fill approximately 17 cubic yards of material adjacent to Bean Creek. Requires a Riparian Exception and Environmental Review. Project located within the right-of-way for Glenwood Drive. The project area is in the vicinity of 2500 Glenwood Drive and post mile marker 1.36.

ZONE DISTRICT: RA - Residential Agriculture APPLICANT/OWNER: County of Santa Cruz STAFF PLANNER: Bob Loveland, 454-3163

EMAIL: pln319@co.santa-cruz.ca.us

ACTION: Negative Declaration with mitigations REVIEW PERIOD: JUNE 7, 2011 – JULY 7, 2011

This project will be administratively considered by the project planner. The time, date and location have not been set. When scheduling does occur, these items will be included in all public hearing notices for the project.

NAME:

Glenwood Road 1.36

APPLICATION:

09-0052

A.P.N:

County Right of Way

NEGATIVE DECLARATION MITIGATIONS

- A. In order to ensure that mitigation measures B through D are communicated to the crewmembers responsible for constructing the project and are properly implemented, the Department of Public Works (DPW) shall organize a pre-construction meeting on the site to review the mitigation measures. The following parties shall attend: DPW project engineer, project crew supervisor, project biologists and Environmental Planning staff. The disturbance envelope will be verified, sediment barrier plan will be inspected, and the results of pre-construction wildlife surveys will be collected at that time.
- B. In order to prevent adverse impacts to California red legged frogs (*Rana aurora draytonii*) (CLRF) and Western pond turtle (*Clemmys marmorata*), a qualified wildlife biologist shall perform pre-construction surveys and conduct an educational session with all work crewmembers prior to disturbance. All vegetation removal and disturbance shall only occur in the presence of a qualified biological resource monitor. If CLRF are identified in the work area during the project or the preconstruction surveys the monitor shall halt activity and contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service for direction and recommendations to avoid take of the species
 - a. Due to the proximity to known California red-legged frog observations, daily monitoring during construction shall be conducted by the biological monitor to document that construction activities are not causing habitat degradation and/or excessive adverse water quality conditions.
- C. In order to prevent erosion and sedimentation of the creek, prior to disturbance DPW shall implement an erosion control plan to be reviewed and approved by Environmental Planning staff at the pre-construction meeting. Environmental Planning staff shall confirm that access to the work area is from the top of the bank and construction will be accomplished per the erosion control plan, that if dewatering of the keyway trench portion of the stream channel is necessary all provisions are in place to address sediment, that the spoils storage area is away from the creek bank and protected from erosion, and shall confirm the silt fencing and other erosion control features are properly installed.
- D. In order to prevent adverse impacts to salmonids and water quality, disturbance shall be allowed only during the dry season between June 1 and October 15. This time period may be extended until November 15th at the discretion of the Planning Department and with no precipitation forecast in the near future.



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CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT (CEQA) ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW INITIAL STUDY

•	
Date: May 26, 2011	Application Number: 09-0052
Date. May 20, 2011	Application Mulliber. 08-000

Staff Planner: Bob Loveland

ĺ.	OVERVIEW A	ND ENVIRONME	ENTAL DETERMINATION

APPLICANT: County of Santa Cruz (Department of Public Works)

APN(s): No APN (County right-of-way on Glenwood Drive (Post Mile Marker 1.36)

CONTACT: Jesse Brister SUPERVISORAL DISTRICT: Mark Stone

(831) 454-3316 (Fifth District)

PROJECT LOCATION:

The project area is in the vicinity of 2500 Glenwood Drive and Post Mile Marker 1.36 in Santa Cruz County.

SUMMARY PROJECT DESCRIPTION.

Proposal to repair a slip out and to fill approximately 17 cubic yards of material adjacent to Bean Creek. Requires a Riparian Exception and Environmental Review. Project located within the right-of-way for Glenwood Drive at post mile marker 1.36.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: All of the following potential environmental impacts are evaluated in this Initial Study. Categories that are marked have been analyzed in greater detail based on project specific information.

	Geology/Soils	Noise
	Hydrology/Water Supply/Water Quality	Air Quality
\boxtimes	Biological Resources	Greenhouse Gas Emissions
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources	Public Services
	Mineral Resources	Recreation
	Visual Resources & Aesthetics	Utilities & Service Systems
	Cultural Resources	Land Use and Planning
	Hazards & Hazardous Materials	Population and Housing
	Transportation/Traffic	Mandatory Findings of Significance

Environmental Review Initial Study Page 2 **DISCRETIONARY APPROVAL(S) BEING CONSIDERED:** General Plan Amendment **Coastal Development Permit Land Division Grading Permit** Rezoning Riparian Exception **Development Permit** Other: **NON-LOCAL APPROVALS** Other agencies that must issue permits or authorizations: **DETERMINATION:** (To be completed by the lead agency) On the basis of this initial evaluation: I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required. I find that the proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect 1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and 2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed. I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.

Matthew Jøhnston

Environmental Coordinator

5/26/11

II. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS Parcel Size: NA Existing Land Use: County maintained road Vegetation: Mixed hardwood and conifer for Slope in area affected by project: 0 - 30 Nearby Watercourse: Bean Creek Distance To: Approximately 10 feet	rests
ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES AND CO	ONSTRAINTS
Water Supply Watershed: Yes	Fault Zone: No
Groundwater Recharge: No	Scenic Corridor: No
Timber or Mineral: Yes-Portion	Historic: No
Agricultural Resource: NA	Archaeology: No
Biologically Sensitive Habitat: Yes	Noise Constraint: No
Fire Hazard: No	Electric Power Lines: Yes
Floodplain: No	Solar Access: NA
Erosion: Yes	Solar Orientation: NA
Landslide: Yes	Hazardous Materials: No
Liquefaction: No	Other:
SERVICES	
Fire Protection: Scotts Valley Fire District	Drainage District: Zone 0
School District: NA	Project Access: Mile Marker 1.36
Sewage Disposal: NA	Water Supply: Wells
PLANNING POLICIES	
Zone District: Residential Agriculture	Special Designation: NA
General Plan: Mountain Residential	•
Urban Services Line: Inside	⊠ Outside
Coastal Zone: Inside	M Outside

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING AND SURROUNDING LAND USES:

The project area consists of the failed roadway embankment above a freshwater stream habitat and within the road impinged riparian zone. The land use in the project vicinity is rural residential and timber harvest preserve.

PROJECT BACKGROUND:

During the September-October 2006 storm season high storm water flows in Bean Creek washed out a section of stream bank causing the roadway edge to collapse into the creek. The County of Santa Cruz requested public assistance to reconstruct the failed roadway through the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and was approved (FEMA CA DR1646).

A biotic assessment has been completed by Kittleson Consulting (March 31, 2008).

DETAILED PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The repair work involved in reestablishing and stabilizing this section of county maintained roadway includes: placement of 17 cubic yards of compacted fill and associated erosion control practices to aid in stabilizing fill.

The slipout area is approximately 10 feet in length, 3 feet in width and 15 feet in depth. The project proposed, will not require any work within the low-flow channel and no stream diversion is required. Installation and removal of silt and plywood debris fencing may result in minor temporal disturbance and turbidity, but this is not expected to change the chemistry of the waterway.

CEQA E Page 5	nviron	mental Review Initial Study	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
III. <u>EN</u>	VIRC	NMENTAL REVIEW CHECKLIST				
		GY AND SOILS project:				
1.	pote inclu	ose people or structures to ntial substantial adverse effects, iding the risk of loss, injury, or h involving:				
	Α.	Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				
	B.	Strong seismic ground shaking?				
	C.	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				
	D.	Landslides?			\boxtimes	
Discussion (A through D): The project site is located outside of the limits of the State Alquist-Priolo Special Studies Zone (County of Santa Cruz GIS Mapping, California Division of Mines and Geology, 2001). However, large earthquakes can be expected in the future. The October 17, 1989 Loma Prieta earthquake (magnitude 7.1) was the second largest earthquake in central California history. All of Santa Cruz County is subject to some hazard from earthquakes. However, the project site is not located within or adjacent to a County or state mapped fault zone, therefore the potential for ground surface rupture is low. The project site is likely to be						
subjec	t to s	e potential for ground surface rupture trong seismic shaking during the life nat landsliding is a significant hazard	of the imp	provements		_

CEQA E Page 6	Environmental Review Initial Study	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
2.	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction, or collapse?				
there	ission: Following a review of mapped infois no indication that the development site ge caused by any of these hazards.				
3.	Develop land with a slope exceeding 30%?			\boxtimes	
	rssion: The project slope is in excess of 3 ged slope the fill slope must be constructed		•		ilize the
4.	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?			\boxtimes	
projec Manag	ression: The potential for erosion exists due to and shortly thereafter. Appropriate erosingement Practices (BMP's) will be installed ruction activities are completed.	on and se	ediment co	ntrol Best	
5.	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Section 1802.3.2 of the California Building Code (2007), creating substantial risks to life or property?				
	ssion: There is no indication that the deaused by expansive soils.	velopmen	t site is sul	oject to sul	ostantial
6.	Place sewage disposal systems in areas dependent upon soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks, leach fields, or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available?				

Page 7	Environmentai Review Initiai Study	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
7.	Result in coastal cliff erosion?				\boxtimes
	ussion: The proposed project is not located nerefore, would not contribute to coastal cl			coastal clif	f or bluff;
	YDROLOGY, WATER SUPPLY, AND WAd the project:	TER QUA	ALITY		
1.	Place development within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				
Nation	ussion: According to the Federal Emergent nal Flood Insurance Rate Map, dated Marc ithin a 100-year flood hazard area.	•	•	• (•
2.	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?				
Natio	ussion: According to the Federal Emerger nal Flood Insurance Rate Map, dated Marc ithin a 100-year flood hazard area.				
3.	Be inundated by a seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?				
Discu	ussion: The project site is over 5 miles inla	and from t	he ocean.		
4.	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				

Discussion: The project is not located in a mapped groundwater recharge area.

CEQA I Page 8	Environmental Review Initial Study	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
5.	Substantially degrade a public or private water supply? (Including the contribution of urban contaminants, nutrient enrichments, or other agricultural chemicals or seawater intrusion).				
	ission: Construction equipment shall be report leaks of oil and/or grease.	naintained	in proper	operating ·	condition
6.	Degrade septic system functioning?				\boxtimes
	ssion: There is no septic system current eptic system is proposed.	ly in the pr	oposed pro	oject area,	and no
7.	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding, on- or off-site?				
Discu	ussion: No stream diversion or wetland fil	l is propos	ed.		
8.	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems, or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
Discu	ussion: No newly collected runoff is propo	osed as pa	rt of this p	roject.	
9.	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?				
	ussion: The stream geometry will not be ream would not change.	altered. T	he general	pattern a	nd flow of
10.	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				
	ussion: All work will be completed from the sion will be required as part of the project		e. No temp	orary wat	er

CEQ/ Page	A Environmental Review Initial Study 9	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES ald the project:				
1.	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game, or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				

I acc than

Discussion: A Biotic Assessment was prepared for this project by Kittleson Environmental Consulting, dated March 31, 2008 (Attachment 3). This report has been reviewed and accepted by the Planning Department (Environmental Section). The biotic assessment did not identify any listed plants, but did identify four potential special status animal species: California red-legged frog (Rana aurora draytonii), Coho salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch), Steelhead (Oncorhynchus mykiss) and Western pond turtle (Clemmys marmorata). In addition to the species listed above, nesting migratory birds or raptors may be impacted as a result of project operations. In order to reduce potential impacts to the protected species to less than significant, the following mitigations shall be implemented:

- A qualified biologist shall meet with the construction crew prior to beginning construction to conduct a worker training session on the biotic resources and protected species in the San Lorenzo River system.
- A qualified biologist shall survey the project site for nesting birds, prior to site
 work if construction is planned before August 1. If active nests are found within
 the vicinity of the project work site, the biologist shall apply the appropriate
 buffer, depend upon the species, and no work shall take place within that buffer
 until such time as the birds have fledged.
- A qualified biologist shall survey the project site for California red-legged frogs and western pond turtles within 72 hours prior to initiation of site work. If any California red-legged frogs are observed during pre-construction surveys, U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service (USFWS) staff will be contacted and formally consulted before any ground disturbance is authorized.
- A qualified biologist shall be on site during the initial site excavation efforts, as well as installation and removal of silt and debris fencing.
- Due to the proximity to known California red-legged frog observations, daily
 monitoring during construction shall be conducted by the biological monitor to
 document that construction activities are not causing habitat degradation and/or
 excessive adverse water quality conditions.

CEQA I	Environmental Review Initial Study 0	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
2.	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations (e.g., wetland, native grassland, special forests, intertidal zone, etc.) or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
considering consid	dered a sensitive habitat by definition within a dered a sensitive habitat by definition within a lons 16.30 and 16.32 respectively). There an corridor during construction activities. The all and will continue to add additional seding proposed project would have an overall net fied listed species upon completion by eling on.	in the San will be ter he slope v nent to Be t benefit to	ta Cruz Co nporary dis within the p an Creek i o the riparia	unty Code turbance project are f not stabi an area an	within the a is near lized. d
3.	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species, or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native or migratory wildlife nursery sites?				
with the	ussion: The proposed project does not invite movements or migrations of fish or wild ry site. There will be no need to divert flow	llife, or im	pede use c	of a known	
4.	Produce nighttime lighting that would substantially illuminate wildlife habitats?				\boxtimes
	ussion: Construction activities are limited ag will not be required.	to daytime	e hours onl	y so night	time
5.	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.)				

CEQA Page 1	Environmental Review Initial Study 11	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
	hydrological interruption, or other means?				
Disc	ussion: Wetland habitat is not present in the	ne project	area.		
6.	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources (such as the Sensitive Habitat Ordinance, Riparian and Wetland Protection Ordinance, and the Significant Tree Protection Ordinance)?				
Disc	ussion: The project would not conflict with	any local	policies or	ordinance	es.
7.	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				
adop	ussion: The proposed project would not content ted Habitat Conservation Plan Natural Corpored local, regional, or state habitat conser	nmunity C	onservatio		
In de effect Asse option wheth effect Fores fores Califo	GRICULTURE AND FOREST RESOURC termining whether impacts to agricultural rats, lead agencies may refer to the Californi ssment Model (1997) prepared by the Calinal model to use in assessing impacts on a ner impacts to forest resources, including the state and agencies may refer to information stry and Fire Protection regarding the state and Range Assessment Project and the transport carbon measurement methodology provious Air Resources Board. Would the pro-	esources a a Agriculture agriculture imberland compiled l e's invento Forest Le ded in For	ural Land I partment of and farml , are signif by the Cali bry of fores gacy Asse	Evaluation f Conserva and. In de ficant envi fornia Dep t land, incl essment P	and Site ation as an etermining ronmental partment of uding the roject; and
1.	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				

Application Number: 09-0052

Discussion: The project site does not contain any lands designated as Prime

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Potentially Significant Impact Less than
Significant
with
Mitigation
Incorporated

Less than Significant Impact

No Impact

Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency. In addition, the project does not contain Farmland of Local Importance. Therefore, no Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide or Farmland of Local Importance would be converted to a non-agricultural use. No impact would occur from project implementation.

	wide or Farmland of Local Importance wo No impact would occur from project impl			non-agricul	ltural
2.	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				\boxtimes
	ussion: The project does not conflict with mson Act Contract.	ı existing zo	ning for ag	ricultural us	se, or a
3.	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code Section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code Section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code Section 51104(g))?				
	ussion: The project is adjacent to land deffect the resource or access to harvest th	•			ıt it will
4.	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				
Disc	ussion: Refer to Item D3 above.				
5.	Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				

Discussion: The project site and surrounding area within radius of 1 mile does not contain any lands designated as Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance or Farmland of Local Importance as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency. Therefore, no Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide, or Farmland of Local Importance would be converted to a non-agricultural use. In addition, no conversion of forest land to a non-forest use will occur as a result

CEQA I	Environmental Review Initial Study 3	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
of the	project.				
	INERAL RESOURCES d the project:				
1.	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				
value	ussion: The site does not contain any know to the region and the residents of the state project implementation.				
2.	Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				
specif Desig signifi resou	ission: The project site is within the count fic zone district, nor does it have a Land Us nation Overlay (Q) (County of Santa Cruz cant loss of availability of a known mineral rce recovery (extraction) site delineated or land use plan would occur as a result of th	se Desigr 1994). T resource n a local g	nation with herefore, n e of locally i general plai	a Quarry o potentia mportant	illy mineral
	SUAL RESOURCES AND AESTHETICS If the project:				
1.	Have an adverse effect on a scenic vista?				
design	rssion: The project will not directly impact nated in the County's General Plan (1994) resources.	• •	· ·	-	
2.	Substantially damage scenic resources, within a designated scenic corridor or public view shed area including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				
public	ssion: The project site is not located along viewshed area, scenic corridor, within a castate scenic highway. Therefore, no im	lesignate	d scenic re		

CEQA Page 1	Environmental Review Initial Study 4	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
3.	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings, including substantial change in topography or ground surface relief features, and/or development on a ridgeline?				
well v	ussion: The existing visual setting consists regetated riparian corridor. The proposed particular fit into this setting.				
4.	Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?				
Disc i proje	ussion : No new sources of light or glare and the ct.	re propos	ed as part o	of this road	d repair
	ULTURAL RESOURCES d the project:	1			
1.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.5?				
Disc	ussion: No historical resource identified.				
2.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.5?				
Pursu proce age, or reaso perso	ussion: No archeological resources have uant to County Code Section 16.40.040, if ess of excavating or otherwise disturbing the any artifact or other evidence of a Nativenably appears to exceed 100 years of agents shall immediately cease and desist from the notification procedures given in County	at any tim ne ground e America e are disc m all furth	ne in the pro , any huma an cultural s overed, the per site exca	eparation in remains site which responsite avaition and areas the second site of the seco	for or s of any ole
3.	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?				
Disc	ussion: Pursuant to Section 16.40.040 of	the Santa	Cruz Cour	nty Code,	if at any

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Potentially Significant Impact Less than
Significant
with
Mitigation
Incorporated

Less than Significant Impact

No Impact

time during site preparation, excavation, or other ground disturbance associated with this project, human remains are discovered, the responsible persons shall immediately cease and desist from all further site excavation and notify the sheriff-coroner and the Planning Director. If the coroner determines that the remains are not of recent origin, a full archeological report shall be prepared and representatives of the local Native California Indian group shall be contacted. Disturbance shall not resume until the significance of the archeological resource is determined and appropriate mitigations to preserve the resource on the site are established.

prese	erve the resource on the site are establishe	d.			
4.	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				
	ussion: No unique paleontological resource identified within the proposed disturbance		or geologic	al features	have
	AZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL d the project:	S	٠.		
1.	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment as a result of the routine transport, use or disposal of hazardous materials?				
	ussion: The construction equipment would ition to prevent leaks of oil and/or grease.	l be maint	ained in pr	oper opera	ıting
2.	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
Disc	ussion: Refer to H.1. above.				
3.	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				\boxtimes

Discussion: No hazardous emissions, materials, substances, or waste are associated with the proposed project.

CEQA Page	Environmental Review Initial Study 16	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
4.	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a				
•	result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				
	ussion: The project site is not included on rdous sites in Santa Cruz County compiled	-).
5.	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles				\boxtimes
	of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				* .
Disc	ussion: No airport located within two miles	of the pr	oject area.		
6.	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
Disc	ussion: No private airstrip within the vicinit	y of the p	roject area	· •	
7.	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
	ussion: The proposed project does not corgency Management Plan (April 2002).	nflict with	the County	's adopted	d
8.	Expose people to electro-magnetic fields associated with electrical transmission lines?				
Disc	ussion: No transmission lines near the pro	iect area			

CEQA I	Environmental Review Initial Study 7	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
9.	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				
	ission: The project is to repair a minor roa ained roadway.	dway slip	out along a	county	
	ANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC If the project:		•		
1.	Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and				
	freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?				
Discu	ssion: There will be no impact because n	o addition	nal traffic w	ill be gene	erated.
2.	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				
	rssion: The proposed project does not imperact.	oact air tra	affic patterr	ns, therefo	ore there
3.	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				
	ssion: The proposed roadside repair doenent or use.	s not cha	nge the ori	ginal road	

Page 1	Environmentai Review Initial Study 18	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
4.	Result in inadequate emergency access?				
	ussion: One lane will remain open at all ting gency vehicles will not be blocked from us				nd other
5.	Cause an increase in parking demand which cannot be accommodated by existing parking facilities?				
Disc	ussion: The proposed project does not inc	clude park	ing feature	S.	
6.	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?				
	ussion: The proposed project would compent potential hazards to motorists, bicyclist	•			nts to
7.	Exceed, either individually (the project alone) or cumulatively (the project combined with other development), a level of service standard established by the County General Plan for designated intersections, roads or highways?				
Disc	ussion: See response I-1 above.				
J. Noul	OISE d the project result in:				
1.	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
	ussion: No substantial permanent increas rated as part of the proposed project.	e in ambi	ent noise le	evels would	d be
2.	Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?				
	ussion: Groundborne vibration or groundl truction activities, but would be temporary			nay occur	during

CEQA Page 1	Environmental Review Initial Study 19	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
3.	Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the General Plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				
Gene Impul the re	ussion: Per County policy, average hourly eral Plan threshold of 50 Leq during the day lsive noise levels shall not exceed 65 db demote setting, it is not anticipated that sour on will exceed standards	and 45 Louring the o	_{eq} during th lay or 60 d	ne nighttim b at night.	e. Due to
4.	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
levels	ussion: Noise generated during construction for adjoining areas. Construction will be did duration of this impact it is considered to	temporary	, however,	and giver	
5.	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
	ussion: The project site is not located with of a public airport and therefore, there is r			e plan or v	within two
6.	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
	ussion: The project site is not located with fore, there is no impact.	nin the vici	nity of a pr	rivate airst	rip,

CEQA Environmenta	l Review Initial	Study
Page 20		_

Potentially Significant Impact Less than
Significant
with
Mitigation
Incorporated

Less than Significant Impact

No Impact

Where establ	R QUALITY e available, the significance criteria lished by the Monterey Bay Unified follution Control District (MBUAPCD) may to make the following determinations.	•		ect:		
1.	Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?					
ozone would	ession: The North Central Coast Air Base and particulate matter (PM ₁₀). Therefore be emitted by the project are ozone press] and nitrogen oxides [NO _x]), and dust.	ore, th	ne region	al polluta	ants of conc	ern that
indica these	the modest amount of new traffic that value tion that new emissions of VOCs or NO pollutants and therefore there will not bality violation.	x will	exceed	MBUAPO	D threshold	ds for
genera as per	ct construction may result in a short-termation of dust. However, standard dust or riodic watering, will be implemented durnan significant level.	contro	ol best m	anagem	ent practice	s, such
2.	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?					
	ssion: The project will not conflict with ality plan. See K-1 above.	or ot	struct in	nplement	ation of the	regiona
3.	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?					
Discu	ussion: See K-1 above.					*
4.	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?				\boxtimes	

Discussion: Construction activities may result in a short term localized decrease in air quality due to generation of dust. Standard dust control BMPs are included in the

CEQA Environmental Review Initial Study Page 21	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact			
project specifications and shall be implemented, associated with construction shall be at a less the		•	quality imp	pacts			
5. Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			\boxtimes				
Discussion: The project does not include any projectionable odors.	process or	material e	xpected to	create			
L. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS Would the project:							
 Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment? 							
Discussion: The proposed project, like all development, would be responsible for an incremental increase in green house gas emissions by usage of fossil fuels during the site grading and construction. At this time, Santa Cruz County is in the process of developing a Climate Action Plan (CAP) intended to establish specific emission reduction goals and necessary actions to reduce greenhouse gas levels to pre-1990 levels as required under AB 32 legislation. Until the CAP is completed, there are no specific standards or criteria to apply to this project. All project construction equipment would be required to comply with the Regional Air Quality Control Board emissions requirements for construction equipment. As a result, impacts associated with the temporary increase in green house gas emissions are expected to be less than significant.							
2. Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?							
Discussion: See the discussion under L-1 aboanticipated.	ve. No siç	gnificant im	pacts are				

M. PUBLIC SERVICES

Would the project:

1. Result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental

Page 2	2	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
	impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times, or other performance objectives for any of the public services:				
	a. Fire protection?dditional housing is proposed; the project vertices, nor will it require additional person		ate a signif	icant dem	and for
Refer	b. Police protection? to K.1a above.				
	c. Schools? project is not creating new housing so an i ses does not exist.	ncrementa	al contributi	on for nev	v school
The p	d. Parks or other recreational activities? project will not create a significant demand	☐ I for new s	ervices.		
	e. Other public facilities; including the maintenance of roads?				
	ussion (a through e): The project propos vay back to pre-storm damage condition.	ed is to re	-construct t	he existin	g
N. Would	RECREATION d the project:				
1.	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
	ussion: The project involves repair of a coct existing neighborhood and regional par				
2.	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				
Disci	ussion: Refer to N.1. above			6	

CEQA Page	A Environmental Review Initial Study 23	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
	JTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS ald the project:				
1.	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
	cussion: No new storm water drainage factoroposed as part of this project.	ilities or ex	rpansion of	existing fa	cilities
2.	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
	cussion: No new water or wastewater treaties are proposed as part of this project.	tment faci	lities or exp	ansion of	existing
3.	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				
Disc	eussion: Refer to O.2. above.				
4.	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				
Disc	eussion: No existing or new entitlements	are involve	ed in the pr	oposed pr	oject.
5.	Result in determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
Disc	cussion: Refer to O.2. above.				

Page 2	Environmental Review Initial Study 4	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact		
6.	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?						
	ussion: The project is expected to generate ufficient capacity to accommodate expected				y landfill		
7.	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?			\boxtimes			
Discu	ussion: Yes						
P. Would	LAND USE AND PLANNING the project:						
1.	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?						
Discussion: General Plan policy 5.2.3 (Activities Within Riparian Corridors & Wetlands) states: "Development activities, land alteration and vegetation disturbance within riparian corridors and wetlands and required buffers shall be prohibited unless an exception is granted per the Riparian Corridor and Wetlands Protection ordinance". The five "Findings" required (County Code Section: 16.30.060) to be made in order to grant the exception can be made for the proposed project.							
2.	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?						
Discu	ussion: None present in the project vicinity	/.					
3.	Physically divide an established community?						
	ussion: The project proposed is to re-considerate damage condition and will not divide an e		-	-	ck to pre-		

CEQA Page 2	Environmental Review Initial Study 5	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
7,	DPULATION AND HOUSING d the project:				
1.	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				
an are would does areas	Ission: The proposed project would not ince because the project does not propose a remove a restriction to or encourage population involve extensions of utilities (e.g., wat previously not served. Consequently, it is h-inducing effect.	ny physica ulation gro er, sewer,	al or regula wth in an a or new roa	tory chang rea. The p ld systems	ge that project s) into
2.	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
Discu	ussion: The proposed project would not dis	splace any	existing h	ousing.	
3.	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes
Discu	ussion: The proposed project will not entain	l a gain of	or demolit	ion of hou	sing

R. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE

		Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation	Significant Impact	No Impac
1.	Does the project have the potential to			\boxtimes	
	degrade the quality of the environment,	لــا			لسسا
	substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or				
	wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife				
	population to drop below self-sustaining				
	levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or				
	animal community, reduce the number or				
	restrict the range of a rare or endangered				
	plant or animal community, reduce the				
	number or restrict the range of a rare or				
	endangered plant or animal or eliminate				
	important examples of the major periods of				
	California history or prehistory?	4			

Less than

Less than

Discussion: The potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory were considered in the response to each question in Section III of this Initial Study. This project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
2.	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects,				
	the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				

Discussion: As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that there are cumulative effects associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

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		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
3.	Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				

Discussion: As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that there are adverse effects to human beings associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

IV. <u>TECHNICAL REVIEW CHECKLIST</u>

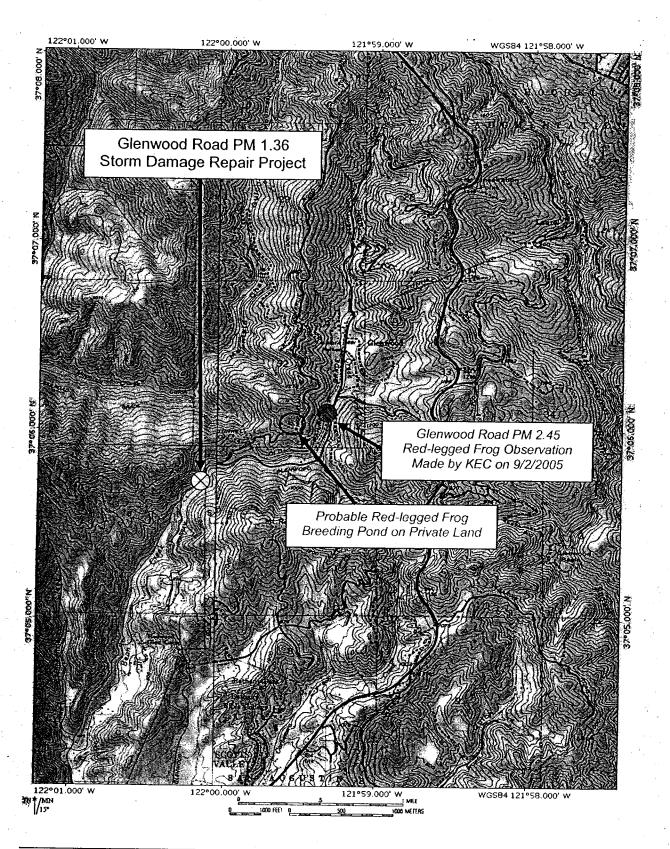
REQUIRED	COMPLETED
Yes 🗌 No 🔯	
Yes 🗌 No 🛛	
Yes 🛛 No 🗌	March 31, 2008
Yes 🗌 No 🛛	
Yes 🗌 No 🛚	
Yes 🗌 No 🛛	<u> </u>
Yes 🗌 No 🛚	·
Yes 🗌 No 🛛	
Yes 🗌 No 🔀	
	Yes

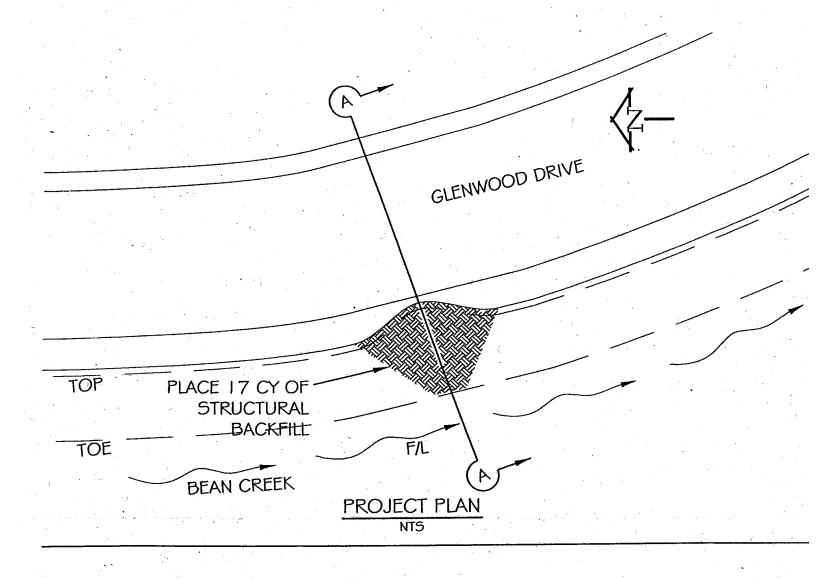
V. REFERENCES USED IN THE COMPLETION OF THIS ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW INITIAL STUDY

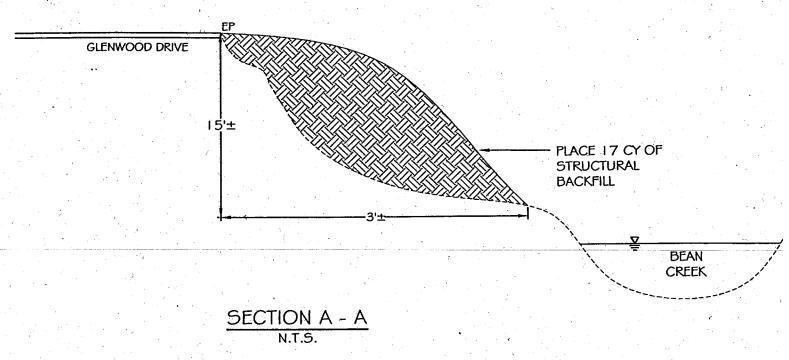
County of Santa Cruz 1994 General Plan and Local Coastal Program. Adopted by the Board of Supervisors on May 24, 1994, and certified by the California Coastal Commission on December 15, 1994.

VI. ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Location Map.
- 2. Project Plans (Sheet 1)
- 3. *Biotic Assessment*, prepared by Kittleson Environmental Consulting, dated March 31, 2008.







Biotic Assessment and Suggested Mitigation Measures Glenwood Road PM 1.36 Storm Damage Repair

March 31, 2008

Project Description

The County of Santa Cruz proposes to repair a failing road embankment on Glenwood Road at PM 1.36 in the Bean Creek subwatershed watershed with the San Lorenzo River watershed in Santa Cruz County. The area of concern is small pavement failure and road embankment above Bean Creek. As proposed, the emergency repair will fill the eroded area with 16.9 cubic yards of compacted fill and provide erosion control the roadway shoulder. No stream diversion or wetland fill is proposed.

Location

The proposed project is located on Bean Creek, a tributary of the San Lorenzo River in the county of Santa Cruz, California. Bean Creek, via Zayante Creek, flows into the mainstem of the San Lorenzo River in the town of Felton, California about 75 miles south from San Francisco. The San Lorenzo River drains an approximately 137-square mile watershed. The river drains to the Pacific Ocean at the north end of Monterey Bay.

The project area is located above the riparian corridor of Bean Creek. The project site is located at Post Mile 1.36 on Glenwood Road. See Location Map.

Type of Habitat Affected by Proposed Project

The primary wildlife habitat in the Bean Creek watershed in the vicinity of the project area is mixed hardwood and conifer forest with sandy soils and scattered ruderal grasslands. The riparian corridor at the site is predominantly coast redwood (Sequoia sempervirens) and big-leaf maple (Acer macrofolia). Adjacent upland slopes support a mix of redwood, tanoak (Lithocarpus densiflorus), big-leaf maple and California live oak (Quercus agrifolia).

The project impact area consists of the failed embankment above freshwater stream habitat within the road impinged riparian zone. No trees will be removed for the project. The land use in the project vicinity is rural residential and timber harvest preserve.

Aquatic habitat capable of supporting salmonids and California red-legged frogs is present in the vicinity of the proposed project site. Avoidance of this habitat to the extent possible will minimize potential impacts to these species.

Listed Species in the Project Area and Vicinity

The CNDDB has listed 16 special status species with the potential to occur at or near the project area within the USGS Felton quad. Due to the proposed project's extremely small size

and location on the embankment of an established roadway, only three species have the potential to be in or near the project site. The CNDDB-listed species are included in Table A.

The proposed project site is within the range of the California red-legged frog (*Rana aurora draytonii*- or "RLF") (Stebbins 1985, Jennings and Hayes 1994). The California red-legged frog is known from the Santa Cruz Mountains in Santa Cruz, San Mateo and Santa Clara Counties. California red-legged frog is known to occur in the upper watershed of the San Lorenzo River watershed in the Zayante subwatershed at Quail Hollow Park approx. 3.5 miles west of the project site and Mountain Charlie Gulch approx. 0.5 miles north of the project site (CNDDB 2007; C. Berry – City of Santa Cruz Water Dept., pers. comm. 2004).

In 2005, KEC observed a juvenile CA red-legged frog in Bean Creek approximately 1 mile upstream of the proposed PM 1.36 project site. Anecdotal information provided by a former resident of the ridge between Mountain Charlie Gulch and Bean Creek revealed that a privately-owned pond off Mountain Charlie Gulch Road is the most likely breeding area for red-legged frogs, as they were frequently caught by children in the late 1950's through the 1960's. This pond is within 1 mile of the proposed project site. No recent, documented RLF observations have been made at the pond, however.

Elsewhere in the upper San Lorenzo River watershed, California red-legged frogs were reported in 1974 and 1975 in a spring box along a service road that was situated in the north end of Castle Rock State Park (Johnston, pers. comm.). One additional RLF observation record is from the Sempervirens Reservoir at Big Basin Redwoods State Park (Allaback, pers. comm.; Hyland, pers. comm.). Both California red-legged frogs and introduced bullfrogs (*Rana catesbeiana*) inhabit the reservoir at Big Basin.

Habitat for fish in vicinity of the Bean Creek repair site is good. NOAA Fisheries has listed the threatened Coho salmon (*Oncorhynchus kisutch*) and threatened steelhead (O. mykiss) as occurring in or around the project area. Both these species are known to occur in the San Lorenzo River Watershed, and their habitat is present at the project site. Coho are considered extremely rare in the San Lorenzo watershed and are unlikely to occur in the watershed.

Western pond turtles (Clemmys marmorata) are considered rare in the San Lorenzo River, although anecdotal observations on mainstem summer dams in the Boulder Creek area were made in the 1970's by valley residents (M. Stroud, pers. comm., 2005). One adult western pond turtle was observed swimming in the lower San Lorenzo between Water Street and the pedestrian bridge in 2002 (Kittleson, personal observation). No impacts to western pond turtles are anticipated.

No listed plants are present in the potential impact zone of the project site. Based on the proposed design and project location above sensitive habitat, no impacts to listed species are anticipated.

Other Wildlife Species

Wildlife effects associated with the proposed project are expected to be temporary. Wildlife species that use the Bean Creek riparian corridor are mobile species that would leave the area during construction and return when construction is completed. Birds that may live in and

around the project sites would also likely leave during construction and return when construction is completed.

No riparian vegetation will be removed during the project. All work will be conducted from the existing roadway surface

Water Circulation, Fluctuation, and Salinity Impacts

The San Lorenzo River is a freshwater system until it reaches the estuarine area downstream of the Water Street Bridge. The project site on Bean Creek is located in exclusively freshwater habitat in a tributary to the San Lorenzo River in the Zayante Creek subwatershed.

The proposed project is not expected to significantly change the water chemistry of the river. As conceived, no work will be conducted in the wetted perimeter of the low-flow channel. Installation and removal of silt fence and plywood debris fence may result in minor temporal disturbance and turbidity. This is not expected to change the chemistry of the river.

During construction, flow will not be altered. No temporary diversion will be required to the water around the construction site. The general pattern and flow of the river would not change. Therefore, construction activities would not be considered a significant adverse effect.

Suggested Best Management Practices

The following best management practices are suggested:

- Control of site runoff through during construction.
- Installation of temporary erosion and sedimentation control devices.
- Location of equipment and spoils in designated staging areas.
- Control of excavated materials to limit turbidity.
- Construction equipment should be maintained in proper operating condition to prevent leaks of oil or grease.

Suggested Mitigation Measures

- A qualified biologist shall meet with the construction crew prior to beginning construction to conduct a worker training session on the biotic resources and protected species in the San Lorenzo River system.
- 2. A qualified biologist shall survey the project site for nesting birds, prior to site work if construction is planned before August 1.
- A qualified biologist shall survey the project site for California red-legged with 72 hours prior to initiation of site work. If any California red-legged frogs are observed during preconstruction surveys, USFWS-Ventura staff will be contacted and formally consulted before any ground disturbance is authorized.
- 4. A qualified biologist shall be on site during the initial site excavation efforts, as well as installation and removal of silt fence and debris fence.
- 5. Due to the proximity to known California red-legged frog observations, daily monitoring during construction shall be conducted by the biological monitor to document that

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construction does not cause habitat degradation, excessive turbidity or adverse water quality conditions.

Cumulative Effects on the Aquatic Ecosystem

There would be no significant cumulative effects on the aquatic ecosystem due to this project. All of the effects described in this evaluation would be primarily temporary, minor in nature, or within acceptable limits. There are no known other concurrent projects in the Bean Creek or Zayante Creek subwatershed area that would contribute to cumulative adverse effects in the area.

Summary

As proposed, the eroding road embankment above the ordinary high water line and low flow channel would be temporarily affected during construction. Due to the distance from sensitive habitat and minor nature of the emergency repair project, potential adverse impacts to listed species and their essential habitat are considered unlikely or temporary. Preventative measures would be taken to ensure that fish and wildlife are avoided, relocated and/or unharmed at all times.

As, proposed, state water quality standards would not be violated. The proposed action would not violate the Toxic Effluent Standards of Section 307 of the Clean Water Act.