

# COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ

# PLANNING DEPARTMENT

701 OCEAN STREET - 4<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR, SANTA CRUZ, CA 95060 (831) 454-2580 FAX (831) 454-2131 TDD (831) 454-2123

TOM BURNS, PLANNING DIRECTOR

July 6, 2007

Planning Commission County of Santa Cruz 701 Ocean Street Santa Cruz, CA 95060 Agenda Date: July 25, 2007 APN: 097-251-16 Application: 07-0173 Item #: 13

# Subject: A public bearing to consider a proposal to rezone a single lot of record from the Special Use (SU) zone district to the Timber Production (TP) zone district.

Members of the Commission:

On April 11,2007, the County Planning Department accepted this application for a rezoning to Timber Production (TP). This is a proposal lo rezone a 50 acre parcel from the Special Use (SU) zone district to the Timber Production (TP) designation. The uses on the property consist of single family dwelling.

# Background

This project qualifies for a rezoning under California Government Code Section **5**1113. This section allows a property owner to petition the County to rezone land to the TP zone. The requirements for this type of rezoning are listed in Government Code section 51113(c)1. The County may not place any additional requirements on this petition torezone the property o TP. County Code Section 13.10.375(c) – "Zoning to the TP District" implements Government Code section 51113 and specifies the six criteria which must be met in order to rezone to TP.

In accordance with County Code Section 13.10.375(c), the project meets the following **six** criteria for rezoning to Timber Production:

Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 4 (commencing with Section

Section 434 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, except that the parcel shall not be required to be of the two highest site quality classes.

<sup>1</sup> c) On or before March I, 1977, the board M council by ordinance shall adopt a list of criteria required to be met by parcels being considered for zoning as timberland production under this section.

The criteria shall not impose any requirements in addition to those listed in this subdivision and in subdivision (d). The following shall be included in the criteria:

<sup>(1)</sup> A map shall be prepared showing the legal description or the assessor's parcel number of the property desired to be zoned.

<sup>(2)</sup> A plan for forest management shall be prepared or approved as to content, for the property by a registered professional forester.

The plan shall provide for the eventual harvest of timber within a reasonable period of time, as determined by the preparer of the plan

<sup>(3) (</sup>A) The parcel shall currently meet the timber stocking standards as set forth in Section 4561 of the Public Resources Code and the forest practice rules adopted by the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection for the district in which the parcel is located, or the owner shall sign an agreement with the board or council to meet those stocking standards and forest practice rules by the fifth anniversary of the signing of the agreement. If the parcel is subsequently zoned as timberland production under subdivision (a), failure to meet the stocking standards and forest practice rules within this time period provides the board or council with a ground for rezoning of the parcel pursuant to Section 5112 I

<sup>(</sup>B) Upon the fifth anniversary of the signing of an agreement, the board shall determine whether the parcel meets the timber stocking standards in effect on the date that the agreement was signed.

<sup>51130),</sup> if the parcel fails to meet the timber stocking standards, the board or council shall immediately rezone the parcel and specify a new zone for the parcel, which is in conformance with the county general plan and whore primary use is other than timberland.

<sup>(5)</sup> The parcel shall be in compliance with the compatible use ordinance adopted by the board or council pursuant to Section 51111

 $<sup>(</sup>d) \ {\tt The \ criteria \ required \ by \ subdivision} \ (c) \ may \ also \ include \ any \ or \ all \ of \ the \ following:$ 

<sup>(1)</sup> The land area concerned shall be in the ownership of me person, as defined in Section 38106 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, and shall be comprised of single or contiguous parcels of a certain number of acres, not to exceed 80 acres.

<sup>(2)</sup> The land shall be a certain site quality class or higher under

- 1. A map has been submitted with the legal description or assessor's parcel number of the property to be rezoned.
- 2. A Timber Management Plan, undated, prepared by a registered professional forester has been submitted for the property (Exhibit E).
- 3. The parcel currently meets the timber stocking standards **as** set forth in Section 4561 of the Public Resources Code and the Forest Practice Rules for the district in which the parcel is located (see Exhibit E).
- **4.** The parcel is timberland, as the entire parcel is capable of producing a minimum of 15 cubic feet of timber per acre annually and is almost entirely located within a mapped Timber Resource area.
- 5. The uses on the parcel are in compliance with **the** Timber Production Zone uses set forth in Section 13.10.372.
- 6. The land area to be rezoned is in the ownership of one person, as defined in Section 38106 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, and is comprised of at least five acres in area.

This project qualifies for a statutory exemption (Exhibit D) in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act and the County Environmental Review Guidelines (Article 17, Section 1703).

# Conclusion

All of the criteria have been met for rezoning this parcel lo the Timber Production zoning designation. All required fmdings can be made to approve this application and the rezoning is consistent with the General Plan policies and land use designations.

# Recommendation

Staff recommends that your Commission adopt the attached Resolution (Exhibit A), sending a recommendation to the Board of Supervisors for approval of Application No. 07-0231 based on the attached findings (Exhibit B).

# EXHIBITS

- A. Planning Commission Resolution, with Ordinance/ Findings
- B. **APN** Map
- C. Location, Current Zoning and General Plan Designation Maps
- D. Notice of Exemption from CEQA
- E. Timber Management Plan by Roy Webster, RPF #1765 dated April 2,2007

Maria Porcila Perez Project Planner **Development Review** Reviewed By: Assistant Planning Director

# BEFORE THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ, STATE OF CALIFORNIA

# RESOLUTION NO

On the motion of Commissioner duly seconded by Commissioner the following Resolution is adopted

# PLANNING COMMISSION RESOLUTION SENDING RECOMMENDATION TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ON PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE ZONING ORDINANCE

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has held a public hearing on Application No. 07-0173, involving property located on the west side of Soquel-San Jose Road directly west and across the street from the intersection of Soquel-San Jose Road and Amaya Ridge Road (7107 Soquel-San Jose Road), and the Planning Commission has considered the proposed rezoning, all testimony and evidence received at the public hearing; and the attached staff report

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Planning Commission recommends that the Board of Supervisors adopt the attached ordinance amending the Zoning Ordinance by changing property from the Special Use (SU) zone district to the Timber Production zone district.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Planning Commission makes findings on the proposed rezoning as contained in the Report to the Planning Commission.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Planning Commission of the County of Santa Cruz, State of California, this \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2007, by the following vote:

AYES:COMMISSIONERSNOES:COMMISSIONERSABSENT:COMMISSIONERSABSTAIN:COMMISSIONERS

Chairperson

ATTEST:

MARK DEMING, Secretary

APPROVED AS TO FORM



# ORDINANCE NO.

# ORDJNANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 13 OF THE SANTA CRUZ COUNTY CODE CHANGJNG FROM ONE ZONE DISTRICT TO ANOTHER

The Board of Supervisors of the County of Santa Cruz ordains as follows:

# **SECTION 1**

The Board of Supervisors finds that the public convenience: necessity and general welfare require the amendment of the County Zoning Regulations to implement the policies of the County General Plan and Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan regarding the timber resource property located on the west side of Soquel-San Jose Road directly west and across the street from the intersection of Soquel-San Jose Road and Amaya Ridge Road (7107 Soquel-San Jose Road); finds that the zoning to be established herein is consistent with all elements of the Santa Cruz County General Plan and the Santa Cruz County Code, as modified by the *Big Creek* decision; and finds and certifies that the project is subject to a statutory exemption under the California Environmental Quality Act.

# SECTION II

The Board of Supervisors hereby adopts the Zoning Plan Amendment as described in Section 111, and adopts the findings in support thereof without modification as set forth below:

- 1. The proposed zone district will allow a density of development and types of uses which are consistent with the objectives and land use designations of the adopted General Plan; and
- 1. The proposed zone district Is appropriate for the level of utilities and community services available to the land; and
- 2. The character of development in the area where the land is located has changed or is changing to such a degree that the public interest will be better served by a different zone district; and
- 3. The property meets the requirements of Government Code section 51113 or 51113.5 and County Code Section 13.10.375(c).

# **SECTION III**

Chapter 13.10 - Zoning Regulations of the Santa Cruz County Code is hereby amended by amending Section 13.10.210 - Zoning Plan to change the following properties from the existing zone district to the new **zone** district as follows:

Assessor's Parcel Number	Existing Zone District	New Zone District
097-251-16	Special Use (SU)	ТР

# SECTION IV

This ordinance shall take effect on the 31<sup>st</sup> day after the date of final passage

PASSED AND ADOPTED THIS \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 2007, by the Board of Supervisors of the County of Santa Cruz by the following **vote:** 

AYES:	SUPERVISORS
NOES:	SUPERVISORS
ABSENT:	SUPERVISORS
ABSTAIN:	SUPERVISORS

Chairman of the Board of Supervisors

ATTEST:

Clerk of the Board

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Assistant County Counsel

Exhibit: Rezoning Map

DISTRIBUTION: County Counsel Planning Assessor County

GIS









# CALJFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT NOTICE OF EXEMPTION

The Santa Cruz County Planning Department has reviewed the project described below and has determined that it is exempt from the provisions of CEQA as specified in Sections 15061 - 15332 of CEQA for the reason(s) which have been specified in this document.

Application Number: 07-0173

Assessor Parcel Number: 097-251-16

Project Location: Property located on the the west side of Soquel-San Jose Road directly west and acros the street from the intersection of Soquel-San Jose Road and Amaya Ridge Road (7107 Soquel-San Jose Road)

# **Project Description: Rezone a single parcel from the Special Use (SU) zone districts to the Timber Production (TP) zone district.**

# Person or Agency Proposing Project: Roy Webster

# Contact Phone Number: (831) 462-6237

- A. \_\_\_\_\_ The proposed activity is not a project under CEQA Guidelines Section 15378.
- **B.** \_\_\_\_\_ The proposed activity is not subject to CEQA as specified under CEQA Guidelines Section 15060 (c).
- C. \_\_\_\_\_ Ministerial Project involving only the use of fixed standards or objective measurements without personal judgment.
- D. <u>X</u> <u>Statutory Exemption</u> other than a Ministerial Project (CEQA Guidelines Section 15260 to 15285). [Section 1703]

In addition, none of the conditions described in Section 15300.2 apply to this project

Date: 7/3/07

Maria Porcila Perez, Project Planner



# WEBSTER & ASSOCIATES 2-2590 EAST CUFF DRIVE SANTA CRUZ, CA 95062 831-462-6237

April 10, 2007

County of Santa Cruz Planning Department Attn.: Robin Bolster-Grant 701 Ocean Street, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor Santa Cruz, CA 95060

RE: TPZ Rezoning of Assessor's Parcel # 097-251-16

Dear Ms. Bolster-Grant,

This letter requests rezoning Santa Cruz County Assessor's Parcel # 097-251-16 (52 acres) from its current Special Use (SU) designation to the Timber Production Zone. The parcel is owned by Jim Luther and meets the following criteria:

- 1. The parcel currently meets the timber stocking standards as set forth in Section 4561 of the Public Resources Code and the Forest Practice Rules adopted by the State Board of Forestry for the Southern Subdistrict of the Coast Forest District (see Forest Management Plan).
- 2. The parcel meets the definition of "Timberland" per Section 51104(f) of the Government Code (see FMP).
- 3. The parcel meets the permitted use requirements per County Code Section 13.10.372.
- 4. The parcel has been harvested previously under an approved Timber Harvesting Plan (THP) # 1-93-342 SCR (1994).
- 5. The parcel meets the minimum 5-acre size requirement (52 acres).

Attached in the FMP is an Assessor's Parcel Map.



Sincerely, Roy Webster RPF # 1765

# STOCKING ANALYSIS

<u>Background:</u> Government Code Section **51113(c)(3)(A)** requires that parcels meet the timber stocking standards set forth in Section 4561 **of** the Public Resources Code and Section 913.8(a)(1) of the California Code of Regulations (CCR). The timber stocking standards pertaining to CCR Section 913.8(a) are met if the timberland contains an average, minimum post-harvest basal area of at least 75 square feetiacre for Site III land. The requirements of **PR C** 4561 are less stringent.

<u>Analysis:</u> Field review of the property suggests that the average dominant redwood and Douglas-fir trees on the property exhibit Site IIII characteristics. Site 111 characteristics are defined under CCR 1060 **as** lands capable of growing redwood tress of 135-154 feet in 100 years, and Douglas- fir trees of 134-163 feet. The parcel has been selectively harvested in the past and has demonstrated the ability to sustain periodic harvests while maintaining the minimum basal area requirements cited above.

# WOOD FIBER ANALYSIS

<u>Background:</u> Government Code Section 51113(c)(4) requires that parcels zoned timber production must meet the definition of "Timberland" which is defined in Government Code Section 511 04(f) as: "Privately owned land, or land acquired for state purposes, which is devoted to and used for growing and harvesting timber, or for growing and harvesting timber and compatible uses, and which is capable of growing an average annual volume of wood fiber of at least 15 cubic feet per acre".

<u>Analysis</u> Field review of the property suggests that the parcel is capable of producing wood fiber in excess of 15 cubic feet/acre/year. Soil productivity analysis confirms this observation. The soil type is the Ben Lomond-Felton complex, which listed in the USDA Soil Survey (1980) **as** "well-suited to the production of redwood and Douglas-fir", and based on field review, is currently producing approximately 50 cubic feet of wood fiber/acre/year.

# **COMPATIBLE USE ANALYSIS**

The primary land use on the parcel over the last several decades has been commercial timber production with one single family residence. **Only** the County's reinterpretation of what constitutes an "allowable use" on Special Use parcels has brought into question the compatibility of timber production

LANDS OF LUTHER Santa Cruz County, California

WREST AND LAND MANAGEMENT PLAN

Webster and Associates Forestry Consultant

Poylebotes

Roy Webster, RPF #1765

April 2, 2007

#### Landowner

Jim Luther 7107 Old San Iose Rd. Soquel, Ca. 95073 (408) 353-3922

#### **Property Location**

Township 10S.R 1W SEC 11. MDM

APN 097-251-16

#### General Description/Transportation system

The property contains a total of 50 acres and is located in the Soquel Creek watershed, along Old San lose road, approximately 6 miles north of Soquel. Hester Creek is adjacent to Old San Jose near the eastern edge of the property which is about one mile above its confluence with Soquel creek. The access to the property is by private driveway directly from old San Jose road. The driveway is shared with one other residence. The owner's residence is **located** on the property. There is one other permitted encroachment onto San Jose road near the southern end of the property. Elevations range from 450 feet along Hester Creek at the eastern boundary of the property, to 900 feet on the ridge on the western side.

The forest on the property consists primarily of moderately stocked second growth redwood with some Douglas fir and associated tanoak and madrone. There are some very small remnant brush patches at the upper end of the ridge. Undergrowth species are typical of the Santa Cruz Mountains. The owner's home and garage are at the northern end of the property and are the only developed structures on the parcel.

The propetty was previously harvested in 1994 (THP# 1-93-342 SCR). Existing access roads and encroachments were used for log hauling. The driveway to the house, which is paved and rocked, was the primary route for log hauling. Preexisting skidtrails were re-constructed and stabilized for **use** in the harvest. These improvements have remained stable.

# Land Use History

The property appears to have been clear cut in the early **1900's** as would be typical of **most** of the Soquel Creek watershed. A well stocked second growth redwood forest replaced the clear cut area. The property appears to have been selectively logged again in the **1940's** or **50's** however no records of this exist. Mr. Luther purchased the property in 1978. He built a residence on the propetty in 1984. As noted above a successful timber harvest was conducted in 1994. This harvest appears to have removed about 40% of the available volume at the **time.** The owner is not aware of the history of the property prior to his assuming ownership.

Other than timber production, current land use is for the owner's residence. No additional proposed uses are planned.

### **Management Objectives**

The purpose of the owner's properly management is to achieve an economic return from the property and to maintain the growth and overall health of the forest for long term timber production, and for reduction of fire hazard. The owner seeks to rezone the property to limber Production in order to facilitate this objective.

The owner's overall objective is to make management a self-sufficient enterprise from a cost standpoint, while preserving the outstanding natural values of the property. All future activities will recognize the sensitive nature of the watershed and biotic diversity on the property. Future management objectives will continue to develop the timber stand into an un-even aged character promoting growth and regeneration of timberland species while preserving the natural character of the property. Maintenance of existing improvements (roads, trails, clearings) will be given a high priority both to preserve their beneficial use and reduce impacts from their use. Preservation of biotic diversity on the property is an ongoing goal of management.

#### Resources

### Soils

According to the Soil **Survey** of Santa Cruz County, the property is underlain by the **Ben** Lomond-Felton complex soils, which have sandy loam surface soils, and which are moderately deep and well drained.. This soil is well suited to timber production. Erosion hazard is high for most of the area, and is extreme on the steepest slopes. The site is generally stable. Larger slides that were **observed** were a result of natural **causes**. The landowner states that numerous slides occurred during the heavy rains of 1982 and 1986. The slopes **on** the **property** are fairly steep, ranging from **50-80%**. A large debris slide exists near the northern property boundary and a fairly significant **slide** is present within the class 3 watercourse in the middle of the property. Other slides are smaller and **possibly** related to natural drainage changes on the steep **slopes**. Slides on the eastern edge of the property appear to have been caused by large **cutbanks** installed when constructing old **San lose** road.

# Watershed

There are several Class 3 watercourses on the properly. These drain directly to Hester Creek which is a tributary of Soquel Creek. The following is a description of Hester creek from the Soquel Creek Storm Damage Recovery Plan:

Hester Creek is the most severely impacted stream in the Soquel Watershed, getting a very poor rating. Numerous large, naturally caused debris flows moved a tremendous number of logs from forested slopes into the channel creating numerous logjams. In some areas debris flows are continuous for hundreds of feet of stream length. Hester Creek flows through the Zayante Fault Zone in sheared Purisima Formation sandstone and granite. Most hillsides adjacent to the stream are convex with gradients exceeding 75 percent. Most reaches are choked with fine sediment and debris. Old San lose Road runs above the west side of the stream, often releasing runoff on unstable areas. In one mile of stream, 34 separate debris flows were noted, 19 of which were found to be major. Thirteen of these occurred on road cuts.... Watercourses on the property as observed in the course of preparation of this plan appear to have been somewhat stabilized. The slash mulching and other mitigations put in place after the last harvest have been largely successful in reducing erosion from the trails on the property.

## Cultural

No cultural or archaeological resources were discovered during the timber survey for this plan. A previous survey was conducted during the preparation of the Timber Harvest Plan and no archaeological resources were discovered. Due to the diverse nature of historic and pre-historic sites it can be presumed that some discoveries of historic artifacts might be made in the future. If these are found during any future management activity they should be preserved and the proper records of their discovery should be **filed.** 

#### Wildlife

Relatively high residential density and **impact** make this area less attractive as permanent habitat for many species however the presence of abundant water contributes to frequent use during some seasons of the **year**. Animals typical of the Santa Cruz Mountainsfrequent the area including deer, **bobcat**, squirrels, racoon, and feral pig. The area would fit with the classification of 4D in the wildlife habitat relationship classification system. This type has a high cover percentage and smaller tree sizes. Forest management directed at opening the **canopy** will improve forage and variety for small and large mammals as well as increase raptor use.

Large raptors may use the **property** for roosting and nesting with tall, dead topped conifers being particularly attractive. **These** will be preserved wherever feasible to promote this **use**.

The watercourses on the property do supply habitat for forage species available to the developing fishery in Soquel Creek. A major objective of the owners should be to preserve the quality of the water and stream bed characteristics.

## Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species.

The area has been reviewed for the presence of rare or endangered species by examining the Natural Diversity Database maps and biotic resource maps as well as reviewing the County General Plan for species of special concern. No source consulted indicated any plant species of concern to be found on the property.

Coho salmon and Steelhead trout have been known to occur in Hester Creek and Soquel Creek. The property is within the range of the red-legged frog and some suitable habitat exists however no sightings have been made.

There is no known marbled murrelet use of the area and no on-site or nearby suitable habitat **has** been observed. The age and form class of the existing timber stand does not present suitable nesting habitat as described for this species.

#### **Ancient Trees**

A few remnant old growth redwood and Douglas firs remain from the turn of the century logging. These will be retained in perpetuity.

#### Recreation

Management activities will **be** designed to provide and maintain habitat diversity. Selective harvesting will be employed to preserve the aesthetics of the existing timber stand.

#### Timber

The stand, in general, has two age classes, one age class of approximately 90 to 100 years old, and a second age class of 40 to 50 years old, a result of stump sprouts from the harvest in the 40's or 50s. Sprouting from the last harvest is minimal due to the light amount of overstory removal. Downed, woody debris is minimal due to the fact that the owner uses downed trees for firewood. There are very few snags on the property. Some evidence of the effects of Sudden Oak Death on Tanoak trees was observed and this should be monitored.

#### **Timber Inventory Results**

The existing timber stand on the property is dominated by **Coast** Redwood, with intermixed Douglas fir, tan oak, and madrone. **As** is typical for the area, the distribution of conifers and hardwoods is predicated by a range of micro-site factors. **This** results in a stand, ranging from fast-growing, redwood dominated **pockets**, to more slower growing areas stocked primarily with hardwood.

The propetty was first harvested over **100** years ago. This harvest was typical for the period, with evidence of clear cutting and burning remaining today. Stumps that survived the early harvest show the **potential** for growth of large diameter trees on most of the property. Post harvest management probably included livestock grazing until the area eventually revegetated with brush and trees. The resulting timber stand is even-aged, despite **a** large variation in diameter, and reflects a long period of suppressed growth. Some of the drier areas have regrown with a predominance of hardwoods. There is very little fire scarring in the existing stand.

In April, 2007, a cruise consisting of 1/5 acre plots was conducted to better assess stand conditions and growth. The specific plot measurements and tabled results are presented in the Appendix. However the trends will be discussed **below**.

Measured heights of typical second growth trees varied from 130' to 155', with estimated site class of Site 3. Estimated conifer volumes from these plots would predict an average standing board foot volume of 15,000 per acre. By use of limited increment boring and a stand table projection stand growth is estimated

to be roughly **2%** or 300 board feet per acre per year. Increased growth potential due to the reduction of competition from selective harvest and management is expected to be 3.0% per year.

#### Timber Stand Summary (all conifers)

#### Trees Per Acre by Diameter Class

6-10"	12-16"	18-24"	26-34"	36+"	Total
19	13	18	6	1	57
	BF Vo	lume Per Acro	e by Diame	t <b>er</b> Class	
6-10"	12 <del>-</del> 16"	18-24"	26-34"	36+"	Total
143	623	4588	3917	1291	10569

#### **Management Practices**

#### **Roads and trails**

The existing road system of roads and skid trails on the property is mostly stable. The primary access road that enters the property the property from Old San lose Road is paved and rocked and drainage appears to be adequate. Post harvest erosion control practices on the skidtrails has preserved their surfaces and drainage appears to be adequately handled.

#### **Erosion Hazards and management**

Soil erosion hazards on the property vary from high to very high based on slope as mentioned above in the soils description. The **roads** and skid trail system installed for the timber harvest and management have remained largely stable. There is a high potential for additional sliding within the property due to steep slopes. The skid trails and landings on the property should continue to be monitored for adequacy of drainage, **and** to prevent ponding of water.

#### **Fire Protection**

The property is located in a fairly narrow canyon. No major accumulations of flashy **fuels** are evident. There is little herbaceous development in the understory. There is little dead and downed woody fuel.

The major threat to the property from a fire protection standpoint appears to be the possibility of fire spreading into the property from Old San Jose road or a residential escape to the wildland. There is also the possibility of ignitions due to trespass. The trespass issue can be handled by limiting access. The owner resides on the property and limits public trespass. Overhanging vegetation should be cleared periodically to make access for this equipment easier on the primary access road to the residences. A minimum 30' clearing should be maintained around any structures to provide protection from wildfires.

Special treatment areas along Old San lose road and around structures in which slash will be lopped to 12" will greatly reduce fire hazards. Strict adherence to Forest Practice Rules regarding slash lopping and fire hazard reduction should mitigate the fire risk of future harvesting activities to acceptable levels.

## **Recreation and aesthetics**

No major recreational enhancements of the property are planned. The visual aesthetics of the property will **be** preserved through careful timber stand management. Occasional use of existing road and trail system is anticipated for hiking. No **significant** impact to the management of the property is foreseen for this use.

# Wildlife

Management practices on the property should be directed at maintaining and enhancing wildlife diversity, while minimizing its impact on other **uses.** Existing roost trees will **be** preserved and nest trees will **be** protected when found. Reliance on natural predators will increase the presence of large mammals and raptors on the property in the short term. An uneven aged timber stand will likewise provide habitat for a wider range of species. Control of browsers and rodents may become **necessary** if they **are** found to impact stand regeneration, however this conflict is not anticipated.

# Snags and Downed wood

There were a minimal number of snags observed during the timber inventory. Although often seen as a useless part of the landscape and a fire hazard, snags provide important habitat for numerous wild species. Future management schemes should seek to preserve several prominent snags per acre to promote diversity. *As* mentioned previously the Forest Practice rules require special attention to slash lopping and treatment to reduce fire hazard. Large trees which overhang the watercourse will **be** left to provide future recruitment of large woody debris within the stream.

# **Timber management**

# Harvest

The timber stand on this property has successfully regrown from the clearcut logging prior to the turn of the century. There have been two harvests that have begun the transition from even-aged to an uneven-aged forest as envisioned under the selection silvicultural system. An even-aged upper canopy is too dense to permit healthy growth of trees of all sizes. The increased light and growing space that is provided by removal of harvested trees will increase the growth of residual trees and initiate sprouting of a new generation of trees. Annual growth increases from 2 to 3.5% are expected. Past harvests have relied completely upon tractor yarding, and as the the roads and trails are laid out and stable, it is anticipated that this will be the preferred harvest method for the propetty in the future.

Future selective harvesting to promote an uneven-aged pattern of stocking and growth is expected to occur on a roughly fifteen year cycle. These harvests will be timed to take advantage of market conditions and will **be** designed to promote a balance of tree size classes throughout the stand. Charts are provided in the Appendix which compare projected stand curves to normalized stand diameter distributions for two densities of leave stands (Q-Factor 1.2 curves for leave stand BA of 75 and 100sq.ft. per acre). Eased on this analysis future harvests should **be** directed at trees in the 22-26 and 30-32" classes to achieve the optimal uneven-aged size class distribution. Where beneficial, group selection will be used as a cutting practice to allow increased light into suppressed understory, or to create large enough openings to facilitate tree

planting. Due to the complete overstory occupation, and limited light in the understory, there is minimal recruitment and light reaching the smaller trees. The stand comparator tables also show a lack of smaller tree diameters in the stand. Group selection and harvesting dominant slow growing trees will help to alleviate this condition.

#### limber Stand Improvement

Intermediate treatments to foster the health and growth of the stand will include sprout thinning and selected hardwood removal. Multiple sprouts resulting from harvesting will be thinned to an average of 2 to 3 healthy sprouts per stump. This practice will be conducted immediately after harvest. This removal of competition will produce healthier and more vigorous young trees in the understory. During this thinning, dead and unhealthy **small** trees and sprouts will also be removed to reduce fire hazard and competition. This should be done to further improve spacing and promote the health of remaining trees. The objective will be to achieve a fully **stocked** stand with an average spacing of 10 to **14** feet between trees. **All** thinnings will be removed **or lopped** to within 20" of the ground.

Additional release can be achieved by hardwood removal where needed and practical. This is particularly important for this property due to current abundant hardwood growth on the property. During the survey a few tanoaks were observed that are experiencing the dieback (Sudden Oak Death) which is prevalent throughout Santa Cruz County at this time. These trees should be removed as soon as possible for they are clearly harboring other insects which will continue to affect the hardwood stand. This activity will be non-commercial however it could be combined with a timber harvest if such a plan is initiated in the near future. Removal of the affected tanoaks would be beneficial both to reduce the ongoing infestation and to allow light into the understory and remove competition from regrowing conifers. Resulting hardwood stump sprouts will provide important deer browse. Hardwood removals will take place during timber harvest in both management units where feasible.

# **Tree planting**

Post harvest management calls for planting of conifer seedlings within one year. This should be a mix of coast redwood and Douglas fir. The redwood should be 2-0 stock (or 1-0 redwood inoculated with mycorhizae) and Douglas fir should be either 1-0 or 2-0. Seed sources should be selected to match the *seed* zone as closely as possible. Plantings should be limited to those areas that have been opened sufficiently to allow for a reasonable chance of establishment and growth. Coast redwood should be planted in only the most moist sites while the plantings closer to the ridges should lean to Douglas fir to take advantage of its higher growth rate on the drier areas. Trees will be planted on an approximate 8' spacing (430 per acre). Browse protection may be necessary due to the large deer population and, although it will increase the *cost* of the practice, it is likely to increase the chances of seedlings should be evaluated prior to planting. A "clean and release" around established seedlings should be conducted by hand within the first three years after planting.

# References

U.S.D.A. Soil Conservation **Service**, Soil Survey Santa Cruz County, 1979.

California Natural Diversity Data Base (Maps and listings)

Arvola, T.F. 1978. California Forestry Handbook. State of California, Dept of Forestry. 232, pp.

Cooper, Clark, and Associates. Preliminary Map of Landslide Deposits in Santa Cruz County.

Santa Cruz County Biotic Resource Maps.

# Appendix

MAPS

Plot Data

Stand Table

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Appendix

MAPS

Plot Data

Stand Table

Stand Table Projection

Stand Comparator Table



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PLOT DATA

DBH CLASS SUMMARY

# LANDS OF Luther CRUISE DATA 1/5 AC PLOTS

Plot Data DBH BY SPECIES TOT						OTAL PLOTS 10 OTAL ACRES S	1/5 AC PL AMPLED = 2	тS 2	
Plot#	RW	DF	то	MAD	DBH	RV	V DF	ТО	
	1 22 14 14 6 8 16 24 24 24 24 24 24 30 30 30 14 26 18 26 6 28			8 26 6 12 12 14	12 16	6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40	17 12 7 11 10 2 4 6 10 13 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 0 0	1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 2 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0	14 24 19 8 5 3 2 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 8 6 20 22 6 6		;	12 14 8 12 14 16 20		42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
3	3 22 24	8		6 18 12 8 22 12 12 0 8 16 8 8 10 20		60	0 103	0 11	094
	10	30		IŎ	23				

	16 24 14 6 10 24 18		22 12 14 6 12 10 8 12	27 16
5	24 6 12 6 24 24 20 6 6 10 10		28 8 12 16 8 8 10 6	
6	24 19 12 20 28 34 14 6 22	18 30	10 6 12 10 12 10 12 11 7	
7	8 12 14 22 30 32		6 18 16 15 14 12 8 13 11 8	
8	20 22 14 16 12 10 22 36 6 14 24	6	6 6 6	

# PLOT DATA

12

9	6 8 11 12 22 6 28 8 9 12 12 10 18 8 10 22 8 8 6 24 8 12		6 10 10 8 12 6 <b>6</b> 8 12 12 12 8
10	12 12 8 <b>6</b> 14 7	28 12 16 23 <b>13</b> 24	6 8 6 19 8 10 8 10 12 8 8 10 10
Total tree	105	11	8 12 9 10 98

6



Luther Imp CURRENT STAND TABLE

TOTAL TREES ON Z ACRES

STAND TABLE PROJECTION

1653.15 = Volume	12222.98	10569.84	0.00	57					57.0			Total
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	õ	0.00	0.06	0.00	5676.19	0.00	0.75	1.5	56
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	õ	0.00	0.06	0.06	5025.12	0.00	0.75	1.5	54
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	õ	0.00	0.06	0.06	4428.31	0.00	0.75	1.5	52
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Õ	0.00	0.06	0.0(,	3883.08	0.00	0.75	1.5	50
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	õ	0.00	0.06	0.00,	3386.77	0.00	0.75	1.5	48
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	õ	0.00	0.06	٥.٥٢	2936.74	0.00	0.65	1.3	46
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	õ	0.00	0.06	0.0	2530.43	0.00	0.65	1.3	44
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	õ	0.00	0.06	0.0 人	2165.27	0.00	0.65	1.3	42
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Ø	0.00	0.06	0.Q	1838.77	0.00	0.65	1.3	40
929.08	929.08	0.00	0.60	õ	0.00	0.06	<u>م</u>	1548.47	0.00	0.60	1.2	38
-387.58	904.35	1291.93	0.70	<u>د</u>	0. <b>P</b> 0	0.66	0.4ر	1291.93	1.00	0.60	1.2	36
-106.68	426.72	533.40	0.40	0 U	0. <b>P</b> 0	0.36	0.21	1066.80	0.50	0.60	1.2	34
522.43	957.79	435.36	1.10	<b>0</b> (J)	0. <b>9</b> 0	0.26	0.3r	870.72	0.50	0.40	0.8	32
0.00	1402.86	1402.86	2.00	20	0. <b>P</b> 0	0.86	1.2P	701.43	2.00	0.40	0.8	30
-222.67	890.69	1113.36	1.60	20	0.00	0.86	1.2P	556.68	2.00	0.40	0.8	28
1454.90	1889.20	434.30	4.35	<del></del>	0. <b>P</b> 0	0.46	0.61	434.30	1.00	0.40	0.8	26
-415.19	2075.94	2491.13	6.25	75	0. <b>P</b> 0	3.7E	3.7 <sup>0</sup>	332.15	7.50	0.50	1.0	24
-248.17	992.67	1240.83	4.00	50	0,90	2.50	2.50	248.17	5.00	0.50	1.0	22
-45.08	495.92	541.00	2.75	30	0.90	1.50	<u>ា</u> .ភូក	180.33	3.00	0.50	1.0	20
-63.35	253.41	316.76	2.00	N (T	0.90	1.2E	-1 -2 1	126.70	2.50	0.50	1.0	18
241.24	369.33	128.09	4. <b>3</b> 3	,1 (7)	0.90	0.7E	0.7	85.39	1.50	0.50	1.0	16
17.74	318.02	300.27	5. <b>8</b> 3	មា	0.90	ວ 	1.9 <sub>2</sub>	54.60	5.50	0.65	1.3	14
-52.93	142.52	195.45	4.38	6	0.90	ເ ເດິ	2.10	32.57	6.00	0.65	1.3	12
34.49	96.39	61.90	5.45	W CD	0.90	2.2 5	1.2	17.69	3.50	0.65	1.3	10
13.61	68.05	54.44	8.13	ອ ເກ	0.90	4.2 <sub>n</sub>	2.2	8.37	6.50	0.65	1.3	8
-18,69	10.06	28.75	3.15	¥C. N	000	5.8	3.1E	3.19	9.00	0.65	1.3	6
(BDft.)	(BDft./ac)	(BDft./ac)	pe acre	ප	2	1 m	D	BDFT	per acre	(m)	(in.)	(in.)
Growth	Stock Table	Stock Table	Trees					per Tree	Trees	Ratio	Increment	Class
volume	ruture	Current	lture					Volume	Current		10 yr Radia	DBH
						ω Υ Ο	√0 ≤C00 0	Local vol. e				

<b></b>	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	Н	
1		UI UI	neven-Age	Stand	Comparat	or			
2	Target	Residual BA=	75	Mi	in. Hrvst Vol=	8000bf			
3	Ma	ximum DBH=	36	Min. I	Merch. DBH=	18"			
4		q-factor=	1.2					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
5						†			
6									
7	DBH	"	<b>Current-TPA</b>			Harv	est TPA		<u> </u>
8	Class	Redwood	Douglas-fir	Total	Target-TPA	RW	DF	Current-BF	Harvest-BE
9	6	9.00		9	9.5939			28.75	0.00
10	8	6.50	0	6.5	7.9949166			54.44	0.00
11	10	3.50	0	3.5	6.6624305			61.90	0.00
12	12	6.00		6	5.5520255			195.45	0.00
13	14	5.50	0	5.5	4.6266879			300.27	0.00
14	16	1.50		1.5	3.8555732			128.09	0.00
15	18	2.50		2.5	3.2129777	0	<del>.</del>	316.76	0.00
16	20	3.00		3	2.6774814	0.32252		541.00	94 65
17	22	5.00		5	2.2312345	2.76877		1240.83	1049.30
18	24	7.50		7.5	1.8593621	5.64064	×	2491.13	2699 73
19	26	1.00		1	1.5494684	0		434.30	0.00
20	28	2.00		2	1.2912237	0.70878		1113.36	512.98
21	30	2.00		2	1.0760197	0.92398		1402.86	804 71
22	32	0.50		0.5	0.8966831	0		435.36	0.00
23	34	0.50		0.5	0.7472359	0		533.40	0.00
24	36	1.00		1	0.6226966	0.3773		1291.93	535.91
25	38	0.00		0				0.00	0.00
26	40	0.00		0				0.00	0.00
27	42	0.00		0	0.6226966		······	0.00	0.00
28	44	0.00	0	0				0.00	
29		· · · · ·					Yield=	5697	bf/ac
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Luther-MP tree inventory

	А	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н Н	1
1		U	neven-Age	Stand	Comparat	or		<u> </u>	
2	Target	Residual BA=	100	Mi	n. Hrvst Vol=	8000bf			i
3	Ma	ximum DBH=	36	Min.	Merch. DBH=	18"			
4	_	g-factor=	1.2						
5		4							
6									
7	DBH	<b>7</b> %	Current_TPA			Hory	oct TDA		:
8	Class	Redwood	Douglas-fir	Total	Target_TPA			Current RE	Newcost DE
9	6	9.00	- Douglas III	9	12 791867			28.75	
10	8	6.50	0	65	10 659889			54 44	0.00
11	10	3 50	Ő	35	8 8832407			61.00	0.00
12	12	6.00	0	6	7 4027006			105.45	0.00
13	14	5 50	r	55	6 1680172			200.27	0.00
14	16	1 50	C	1.5	5 1407642	0		100.27	0.00
15	18	2 50		1.J 2.E	1 2020702	0		120.09	0.00
16	20	2.00		2.0	4.2039/03	0		310.76	0.00
17	20	5.00		3	3.3099732	0		541.00	0.00
10	22	5.00		о 7 г	2.9749793	2.02002		1240.83	/6/.44
10	24	7.50		7.5	2.4791490	0.02080		2491.13	2403.08
19	20	1.00		1	2.0009079	0		434.30	0.00
20	28	2.00		2	1.7216316	0.27837		1113.36	201.47
21	30	2.00		2	1.434693	0.56531		1402.86	492.34
22	32	0.50		0.5	1.1955775	0		435.36	0.00
23	34	0.50		0.5	0.9963146	0		533.40	0.00
24	36	1.00		1	0.8302621	0.16974		1291.93	241.09
25	38	0.00		0				0.00	0.00
26	40	0.00		0				0.00	0.00
27	42	0.00		0				0.00	0.00
28	44	0.00	0	0		F		0.00	
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